UCD - lessons learned

What was learned from trying to assign UCDs to:

- large catalogues/databases
- specific domain in astronomy
- data models
- FITS headers





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- « Structure » of UCD
- Assignation
- Application





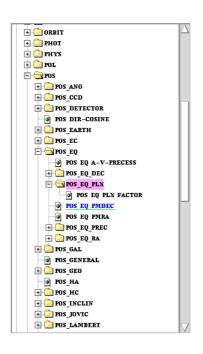
The « structure » of UCDs

The presentation of UCDs is misleading:

The tree structure is not mandatory!

It is only:

- a convenient way of grouping similar elements from a given point of view
- a specification of the context (make implicit information explicit)







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The « structure » of UCDs

UCDs are (standard, unique) names for concepts

e.g. we find a new(!) concept : « temperature » we name it temperature

We forgot to mention that it was the « effective temperature of a star », because it sounded obvious in our context.

What if we find a new concept : « temperature of an instrument » ???





The « structure » of UCDs

- 1. We call the 2 concepts temperature
- 2. We add a little something to dinstinguish the 2 kind of temperatures, defining more elaborated words:
 - effective-temperature-of-a-star
 - temperature-of-an-instrument

In the process of elaborating UCDs, it was just convenient to group concepts relative to physical quantities, or instrument, together.. that's just how UCDs were defined... PHYS_TEMP_EFFEC and INST_TEMP_SYST

The structure could be different.





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The « structure » of UCDs

- The UCDs are NOT a universal data model, they are not an ontology, they do not impose a structured view of the universe
- But UCDs can be used to name attributes of data models
- The data model is structured, hierarchical -- not UCDs
- The data model carries the structure and describes links between its components -- UCDs are used to name the components





Assignation of UCDs

Given a dataset: how to describe it, how to assign UCDs? (translate my own description into something more standard that can be understood by others...)

This requires:

- A list of existing UCDs, with their definitions
- A set of decision rules for assignation

AT LEAST

- Re-use the knowledge of already assigned data IMPROVES
- Build new terms following standard syntax

EFFICIENCY





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Assignation of UCDs

The original descriptions of elements can consist of:

- a name
- a description
- a unit

```
RAdeg deg alpha, degrees (ICRS, Epoch=J1991.25)
DEdeg deg delta, degrees (ICRS, Epoch=J1991.25)
Plx mas Trigonometric parallax
pmRA mas/yr Proper motion mu_alpha.cos(delta)
pmDE mas/yr Proper motion mu_delta, ICRS
e_RAdeg mas Standard error in RA*cos(DEdeg)
e_DEdeg mas Standard error in DE
e_Plx mas Standard error in Plx
e_pmRA mas/yr Standard error in pmRA
e_pmDE mas/yr Standard error in pmDE
```





Assignation of UCDs

UCD	Dataset	Туре	Name	Unit	Description
© ID_MAIN O PHYS_ABUND_[FE/H] O PHOT_JHN_H O ID_CATALOG O PHOT_FLUX_HALPHA	hip_main.dat	A	Catalog		Catalogue (H=Hipparcos) (H0)
⊙ ID_NUMBER	hip_main.dat	I	HIP		Identifier (HIP number) (H1)
© REMARKS © CODE_MISC	hip_main.dat	A	Proxy		Note on Proxy: this flag provides a coarse indication of the presenceof nearby objects within 10 arcsec of the given entry. If non-blank, it indicates that 'H' there is one or more distinct Hipparcos Catalogue entries, or distinct components of system from h_dm_com.dat 'T' there is one or more Proximity flag (H2)
€ POS_EQ_RA_MAIN	hip_main.dat	A	RAhms		Right ascension in h m s, ICRS (J1991.25) (H3)
POS_EQ_DEC_MAIN	hip_main.dat	A	DEdms		Declination in deg ' ", ICRS (J1991.25) (H4)
● PHOT_JHN_V	hip_main.dat	F	Vmag	mag	? Magnitude in Johnson V (H5)
© CODE_VARIAB	hip_main.dat	I	VarFlag		Note on VarFlag: the values are1: < 0.06mag ; 2: 0.06-0.6mag ; 3: >0.6mag ? Coarse variability flag (H6)
€ REFER_CODE	hip_main.dat	A,@c	r_Vmag		Note on r_V mag: the source isG = ground-based, H=HIP, T=Tycho Source of magnitude (H7)





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Application 1: SDSS (A. Szalay)

1300 columns for the complete SDSS database. Input file for assignation built from SQL DB schema.

Results:

- Need for manual verification in all cases (not automatic 1-to-1 assignation).
- Relatively few new concepts (not described by existing UCDs): STAT_STDEV, _VARIANCE, _COVARIANCE

STAT_STDEV, _VARIANCE, _COVARIANCE FIT_PARAM_COVARIANCE ID_VERSION

CODE_HTM
INST_SKY_SIGMA
PHOT_TRANS_PARAM
POS_EQ_CART_X, _Y, _Z

POS_SDSS_MU, _NU, _LAMBDA, _ETA

METADATA_ID, _DESCRIPTION, _VERSION, _TABLE, _COLUMN, _UNIT, _NAME, _COMMENT





Application 2: Radio Data (A. Richards)

MERLIN database.

Application to a specific domain (Radio).

Results:

Concepts specific to the radio/interferometry domains:

CHANNELWIDTH, VISIBILITY, BASELINE, deconvolution, beam, ...

Same words with other definitions: « extension », FoV, position (source / field)





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Application 3: Data model (M. Louys)

The IDHA data model:

- ~120 model attributes with their definitions

Results:

Except for INST quantities, direct assignation is rare. But very often, a proper UCD exists.

Descriptions of data model attributes <u>and</u> UCDs have to be checked/improved

Missing UCDs are related to:

- image format
- pixel coding
- software description
- data reduction process





Note: SIAP and VOX elements

The assignation program found some relevant already existing UCDs for some VOX elements.

(without exploring the whole UCD list!)

To be continued...





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Application 4: FITS keywords (A. Preite Martinez)

FITS headers from different surveys:

- list all keywords.

Results:

In most cases, some relevant UCDs are suggested. If not:

- the FITS keyword definition is not accurate
- the FITS keyword definition is cryptic (abbreviations, even human assignation of UCD is very difficult)
- it is a very specific parameter (a given instrument configuration)
- it is related to software domain





Conclusions (1)

Automatic assignation of UCDs is not easy, because...

The UCD list is not complete:

- there are missing UCDs in specific domains: missing terms must be defined by small representative groups (not only one project to keep it general -- distinguish specific parameters from « core » ones)
- UCDs are missing to describe software-related parameters, and pipeline processing





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Conclusions (2)

The UCD list is not complete:

- No UCD for very specific parameters

Which is the level of granularity for « core » UCDs? How specific should the UCD description itself be (use of GROUP/parameters and atoms)?

Transforming language into UCD for assignation is not easy!

- We must be flexible on the input (allow to describe things in natural language)
- But we must have enough information to guess what we're talking about (column name + unit + description)

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Conclusions (3)

- Understand how to provide « efficient » descriptions on the assignation side, and on the data provider side.
- Provide examples

How do we do this in an evolving world?

- define a « core » UCD list
- share the UCD list and definitions / update the list (curator)?
- keep track of version of the UCD list, of the assignation tool version, of deprecated UCDs, etc...
- distribute the list of existing implementations (parameter descriptions and already assigned UCDs)?





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