



Research Data: Creating, Linking, Preserving

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Creating: Research Environments

- Of particular interest: collaboration tool boxes
- There are a number of environments, like:
 - Google groups, projects
 - Islandora
- Choice depends on needs (e.g., distributed collaborative group analyzing a shared dataset) and comfort level (personal preferences)



Linking: Objective

- Link astronomical digital objects to each other
- Make objects and links accessible to tools that allow:
 - Searches
 - Discovery
 - Analysis
- Astronomical digital objects are, in this context:
 - Publications – in a wide sense
 - Datasets – in a wide variety of places
 - Information on physical objects – as in NED and SIMBAD

Linking: Dataset Identifiers

- Use of dataset identifiers needs to be firmly established and expanded
- This will allow expansion of the semantic linking between datasets:
 - Papers
 - Other published materials
 - Observational datasets
 - User-contributed data
 - Theoretical data
 - Simulation data
- Users to be encouraged to embed dataset identifiers whenever and wherever feasible and appropriate



Semantic Linking and Tools

- Build a semantic knowledge store based on the harvesting of dataset identifiers and of key information contained in available datasets
 - This will provide the infrastructure needed for developing semantically enabled applications
- Build an interface enabling a seamless search on publications, objects and datasets based on the knowledge base described above
 - Such an interface will allow users to drill-down or expand a view of any of the three domains (objects, datasets and literature) based on the connections between them.

Problems with Data in the Literature

- Data are not published following rules or standards
- Data are often “published” in personal web sites with URLs in journal articles (sometimes footnotes)
- IAU rules for source nomenclature are often not followed
- Data “behind the plots” are not part of traditional publications
- e-journals keep changing formatting/markup

Preservation of Astronomical Objects

- Objects that are currently available (reliably):
 - Observational datasets in existing datacenter and observatory archives
 - Publications in, or accessible through, the ADS
 - Database repositories like NED and SIMBAD
 - Existing trusted repositories for user-contributed datasets and published materials
- What's needed:
 - Repositories for processed data and data used in publications
 - An architecture for integrating existing and future repositories of contributed objects
 - Encourage the development of links and provide tools for that



Preservation

- Trusted repository functions:
 - Storage
 - Proper metadata
 - Reliable access
 - Curation
 - Authentication
- Preservation metadata cover:
 - Authenticity
 - Original arrangement
 - Integrity
 - Chain of custody and history
 - Trustworthiness



IVOA Services for Preservation

- Data Management Plans:
 - Publish requirements, template
- Linking tools
- Repositories:
 - Integration of distributed repositories
 - Encouraging their use

- I would like to suggest that iRODS might be an option for integrated trusted repositories:
 - integrated Rule-Oriented Data System
 - Developed by DICE (Data Intensive Cyber Environments) groups at UNC & UCSD, led by Reagan Moore
 - A more mature successor to SRB (Storage Resource Broker)



iRODS

- Data grid management system
- Download and install in 30 minutes under BSD license
- Provides preservation and curation services through a rule-based system:
 - authentication, integrity, chain of custody, trustworthiness, ...
- Platform-independent
- Supports various configurations:
 - Master/slave grids, central archives, chained grids, deep archives
- NARA, LSST, SHAMAN, NCDR, VOSpace@CDS,CADC
- Draft of paper presented at US Digital Data Preservation workshop:
 - http://ddp.nist.gov/workshop/papers/02_02_NIST-irods.doc