

# Solar System UCDs: Assessment Study of Unified Content Descriptors (UCDs) for the Solar System Resources (Planetary sciences and Heliophysics)

B. Cecconi et al.

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# Study Documentation

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- ❖ Currently in v0.5.  
Document will be posted on IVOA Interop page.
- ❖ Participation/inputs from:
  - LESIA, Observatoire de Paris-CNRS, Meudon, France
  - IRAP, Université de Toulouse-CNRS, Toulouse, France
  - VOParis, Observatoire de Paris, Paris, France
  - IAPS, INAF, Italy
  - CDS, Strasbourg, France



# Cases Studied

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- ❖ Comets and Asteroids
- ❖ Samples (e.g. meteorites)
- ❖ Space Physics (i.e., plasma measurements in space)
- ❖ Imaging and Spectroscopy
- ❖ Solar and Heliophysics

## Notes for the following section tables

- Bold face UCDs are new UCDs proposed for evaluation to the IVOA semantics group.
- "Suggested UCDs" are the initial propositions by the study groups, before discussion.
- "Proposed UCDs" are the proposition after internal discussion and comparison between the various cases studied.

# Comets and Asteroids

Suggested UCD	Proposed UCD	Note
phys.mol.elecband	phys.atmol.transition	electronic band of the transition
phys.mol.species	meta.id;phys.atmol	chemical species
phys.reflectance	phys.albedo	reflectance of the body
src.orbital.smajAxis	phys.size.smajAxis;src.orbital	«angSize» implies sky observation, not 3D measurement
src.orbital.Tisserand	<b>src.orbital.Tisserand</b>	Tisserand parameter
src.orbital.TissJ	<b>src.orbital.TissJ</b>	Tisserand parameter respect to Jupiter
em.line.FeKalpha	<b>em.line.FeKalpha</b>	Fe K alpha line at 6.4 keV
em.molecline	em.line	Designation of molecular lines
em.molecline.C2	meta.number; <b>em.line.C2</b>	number of C2 lines in the observed range
em.molecline.C3	meta.number; <b>em.line.C3</b>	number of C3 lines in the observed range
em.molecline.CH	meta.number; <b>em.line.CH</b>	number of CH lines in the observed range
em.molecline.NH2	meta.number; <b>em.line.NH2</b>	number of NH2 lines in the observed range
em.molecline.CN	meta.number; <b>em.line.CN</b>	number of CN lines in the observed range
src.asteroid	src.class	related to asteroids (1)
src.asteroid.family	meta.code.class;meta.id.parent;src.class	family or group to which an asteroid belongs, e.g.: 'Hygiea', 'Themis'...
src.asteroid.specclass	meta.code.class	spectral class of the asteroid, e.g.: 'B', 'C', 'S' ...
src.asteroid.dynclass	meta.code.class	dynamical class of the asteroid, e.g.: 'NEO', Trojan', 'Main Belt'....
src.comet	src.class	related to comets (1)
src.comet.dynclassLev	meta.code.class	dynamic class according to Levison, e.g.: 'External', 'Encke'...

(1) The link to asteroid class or the comet class should be made somewhere else. For instance, in a GROUP of the VOTable header, where a PARAM element with ucd="src.class" has a value="asteriod" or "comet". The table column should then refer to that header parameter.

# Samples

Suggested UCD	Proposed UCD	Note
phys.sample	meta.code.class;src.sample	related to samples collected within the solar system on Moon, Earth, Mars...
phys.sample.alt	pos.earth.alt;src.sample pos.bodyrc.alt;src.sample	altitude of the finding location
phys.sample.approxloc	meta.note;pos;src.sample	approximate location of the finding in the case that a precise coordinate is unavailable, e.g.: 'Mare Serenitatis', 'Sahara desert'...
phys.sample.cluster	meta.id.parent;src.sample	Eventually indicates the cluster to which the sample belongs
phys.sample.color	meta.code.class;src.sample	color of an object, generally assigned at eye, NOT USABLE for spectral type of stars NOR for the color index, e.g.: 'black', 'reddish'
phys.sample.composition	meta.note;phys.composition;src.sample	rough description of the sample's composition, e.g.: 'olivine, magnetite and glass', 'plagioclase feldspar and anorthite'...
phys.sample.dusttype	meta.code.class;src.sample	'Cosmic dust', 'Artificial terrestrial contamination'...
phys.sample.lat	pos.earth.lat;src.sample pos.bodyrc.lat;src.sample	latitude of the finding location
phys.sample.location	meta.id;pos;src.sample	retrieval location of the sample, e.g.: 'Moon, Mare Serenitatis', 'Earth stratosphere, above Sahara desert', 'Interplanetary medium at 2 AU'...
phys.sample.long	pos.earth.lon;src.sample pos.bodyrc.lon;src.sample	longitude of the finding location
phys.sample.luster	meta.code.class;src.sample	luster of an object, e.g.: 'pearly', 'metallic', 'vitreous'... mineralogical property, generally assigned at eye

# Sample (cont'd)

Suggested UCD	Proposed UCD	Note
phys.sample.magnetized	meta.code.class;phys.magField;src.sample	'yes', 'no', 'partially'
phys.sample.mass	phys.mass;src.sample	mass of the sample
phys.sample.meteorclass	meta.code.class;src.sample	meteorite class: 'stony', 'iron', 'stony-iron'
phys.sample.meteorclass.stony	meta.code.class;src.sample	stony subclass: 'chondrite', 'achondrite'
phys.sample.parentbody	meta.id.parent;src.sample	Parent body of the sample, it can be generic or specific, very hard to recognize for dust, e.g.: 'Itokawa', 'asteroid', 'Moon'...
phys.sample.shape	meta.code.class;src.sample	shape of an object, e.g.: 'irregular', 'spherical'...
phys.sample.transparency	meta.code.class;src.sample	transparency of a solid, e.g.: 'opaque', 'translucent', 'transparent' mineralogical property, generally assigned at eye
phys.sample.type	meta.note;src.sample	Cosmic dust', 'Artificial terrestrial contamination', 'Lunar basalt'...
phys.porosity	meta.code.class;src.sample	porosity percentage of the body
phys.size.smedAxis	<b>phys.size.smedAxis</b>	for 3d objects a third axis is necessary. linked to phys.size.smajAxis and phys.size.sminAxis
src.id	meta.id;src.sample	Identifier of the object, e.g.: 'alpha CMa', 'Jupiter Sol-4', '2P/Encke', 'NGC 2683', it can coincide with src.name
src.name	meta.id;src.sample	Name of the object, e.g.: 'Sirius', 'Jupiter', 'Encke', 'NGC 2683', it can coincide with src.id
src.group	meta.id.parent;src.sample	group, family or dynamical class of the object, e.g.: 'Halley type comet', 'AGNII', 'Themis family asteroid'

# Plasma

Suggested UCD	Proposed UCD	Note
phys.count	<b>phys.count</b>	Same as <i>phot.count</i> , but not restricted to photometric measurements.
phys.particle	<b>phys.particle</b>	relative to particle physics. This UCD does not exist, although <i>phys.particle.neutrino</i> does.
phys.particle.aerosol	<b>phys.aerosol</b>	SPASE Particle.ParticleType.Aerosol defined as: A suspension of fine solid or liquid particles in a gas.
phys.particle.alpha	<b>phys.particle.alpha</b>	SPASE Particle.ParticleType.Alpha defined as: A positively charged nuclear particle that consists of two protons and two neutrons.
phys.particle.atom	phys.atmol	SPASE Particle.ParticleType.Atom defined as: Matter consisting of a nucleus surrounded by electrons which has no net charge.
phys.particle.dust	<b>phys.dust</b>	SPASE Particle.ParticleType.Dust defined as: Free microscopic particles of solid material.
phys.particle.electron	phys.electron	SPASE Particle.ParticleType.Electron defined as: An elementary particle consisting of a charge of negative electricity equal to about $1.602 \times 10^{-19}$ Coulomb and having a mass when at rest of about $9.109534 \times 10^{-28}$ gram.
phys.particle.ion	phys.atmol.ionstage	SPASE Particle.ParticleType.Ion defined as: An atom that has acquired a net electric charge by gaining or losing one or more electrons.(Note: $Z > 2$ ).
phys.particle.molecule	phys.atmol	SPASE Particle.ParticleType.Molecule defined as: A group of atoms so united and combined by chemical affinity that they form a complete, integrated whole, being the smallest portion of any particular compound that can exist in a free state.
phys.particle.neutron	<b>phys.particle.neutron</b>	SPASE Particle.ParticleType.Neutron defined as: An elementary particle that has no net charge and is a constituent of atomic nuclei, and that has a mass slightly large than a proton ( $1.673 \times 10^{-24}$ gram.)

# Plasma (cont'd)

Suggested UCD	Proposed UCD	Note
phys.particle.proton	<b>phys.particle.proton</b>	SPASE Particle.ParticleType.Proton defined as: An elementary particle that is a constituent of all atomic nuclei, that carries a positive charge numerically equal to the charge of an electron, and that has a mass of $1.673 \times 10^{-24}$ gram.
em.pw	<b>em.pw</b>	Plasma wave part of the electromagnetic spectrum. These waves are measured locally. They are trapped below their cutoff frequencies, and cannot escape toward free-space.
phys.energy.flux	<b>phys.flux;phys.energy</b>	To be used instead of <i>phot.energy.flux</i> , when not referring to photometry (e.g., for particles).
phys.flow	<b>phys.flux</b>	Relative to flow or flux of particle or matter or any quantity
phys.gyrofrequency	em.freq;phys.magField	The number of gyrations around a magnetic guiding center (field line) a charged particle makes per unit time due to the Lorentz force.
phys.plasmafrequency	em.freq;phys.density;phys.atmol.ionStage	A number-density-dependent characteristic frequency of a plasma.
phys.heatflux	<b>phys.flux;phys.energy</b>	Flow of thermal energy through a gas or plasma; typically computed as third moment of a distribution function.
phys.phasespacedensity	<b>phys.density.phaseSpace</b>	The number of particles per unit volume in the six-dimensional space of position and velocity.
em.radio.50-100MHz	<b>em.radio.50-100MHz</b>	Radio between 50 and 100 MHz
em.radio.10-50MHz	<b>em.radio.10-50MHz</b>	Radio between 10 and 50 MHz
em.radio.below10MHz	<b>em.radio.10MHz</b>	Radio below 10 MHz



# Imaging & Spectroscopy

Suggested UCD	Proposed UCD	Note
em.UV.EUV	<b>em.UV.EUV</b>	next to <i>em.UV.FUV</i>
em.band	<b>em.line</b>	similarly to em.line, but for molecular bands
em.band.CH4	<b>em.line.CH4</b>	relative to CH4 molecular bands
em.band.H2O	<b>em.line.H2O</b>	relative to H2O molecular bands
em.band.CO2	<b>em.line.CO2</b>	relative to CO2 molecular bands
meta.id.coPI	<b>meta.id.PI</b>	Name of Co-Principal-Investigator NB: PI = meta.id.PI;meta.main
meta.processed	N/A	obtained through a processing pipeline
meta.derived	N/A	obtained from a combination of observation and/or models
em.molecline.rotation	em.line;phys.mol.rotation	
em.molecline.vibration	em.line;phys.mol.vibration	
obs.calib.dark	<b>obs.calib.dark</b>	next to <i>obs.calib.flat</i>
phot.radiance	<b>phot.radiance</b>	
phot.reflectance	phys.albedo	
pos.occult	<b>obs.occult</b>	to be completed with a primary keyword specifying time or location of occultation phenomenon
src.orbital.smajAxis	phys.size.smajAxis;src.orbital	
src.orbital.sminAxis	phys.size.sminjAxis;src.orbital	
src.orbital.number	meta.number; <b>time.period.revolution</b>	number of the current revolution
time.period.number	meta.number; <b>time.period.rotation</b>	number of the current rotation, e.g., day number on Earth

# Solar and Heliophysics

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Suggested UCD	Proposed UCD	Note
time.period.number	meta.number; <b>time.period.rotation</b>	number of the current rotation, e.g., day number on Earth, or the number of Carrington rotation of the Sun
instr.obsty.experiment	<b>instr.experiment</b>	relative to the instrument suite (experiment) in which the instrument is place. This is a usual description in space borne instrumentation.
pos.heliographic	pos.bodyrc	centered on the center of the sun as seen from observer

# Other studies

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- ❖ We tried to set UCDs to non-IVOA data model dictionaries.
  - *done with SPASE «Measurement Type». Mapping is not always possible*
  - *ongoing with NASA/PDS*
- ❖ «Reverse listing»:
  - *For the AMDA tool (several hundreds of physical parameters from various missions and experiments in space plasma physics): list all the UCD used, and there associated parameter name, unit and description*
  - *Other planetary data repositories ?*