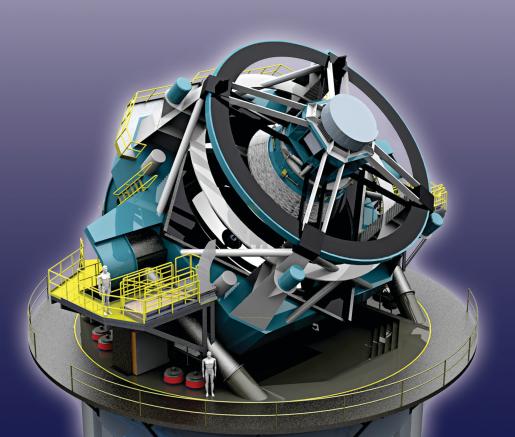


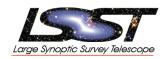
LSST Data Access and VO

Pathfinding through TAP, ADQL and beyond



Brian Van Klaveren
SLAC / LSST
IVOA Interop Meeting
Stellenbosch, SA – 05/12/2016

LSST VO Efforts



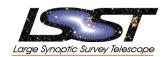
Current Work with VO

- TAP Service
 - To support QServ and Level 1 Database
- ADQL parser
- All Python!

Future Work

- SIA
- SCS
- Ancillary VO stuff (registries, etc...)

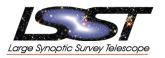
Qserv overview



Qserv is LSST's in-house distributed database

- Based on MySQL(MariaDB) + custom UDFs
- Geospatial partitioning of tables
 - Tables chunks are colocated on worker nodes
 - Including "Level 3" tables aka User Catalogs for join efficiency
 - Uses Shared Scan to perform analytical queries
- ~1-2PB at DR1
- Qserv directly supports Asynchronous (aka batch) queries
 - Likely through an extension of grammar or session variable
 - CREATE QUERY AS SELECT * FROM Objects WHERE ...;
 - SET QUERY_MODE = 'ASYNC';
 - This could be automatically handled via TAP /async
 - sync queries that trigger shared scan will likely return an error
 - Clearly we need to think about this carefully
- Users will be able to use TAP or directly use database connection
 - Authentication via TAP handled via OpenID.
 - Authentication to Qserv handled via Kerberos or OpenID
 - · We are writing OpenID PAM Module, Kerberos PAM already exists
 - Authorization details being worked out

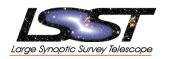
LSST's intended TAP Use Cases



Three core use cases of TAP:

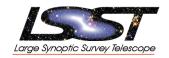
- Client -> Server
 - Python, Java, C++, etc...
 - Astronomy community/VO tools are main users
- Server -> Server
 - Large amounts transferred (~1-5GB+ results)
 - IPAC'S SUIT servers are target users
- Browser/User Agent -> Server
 - Enable highly interactive web applications
 - Enable Level 3 experiments and users to write better web applications and data portals
 - Easily tie in to Authentication system via OpenID and delegation

TAP Implementation: dbserv



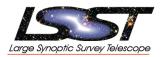
- Initial non-TAP PoC written by Jacek Becla
 - JSON response format that is easy to work with
- Moving towards TAP interfaces
 - Led by me
 - Working on ADQL parser
 - We still like JSON though
- Qserv has native support for "async" batch-style queries
 - Slight impedance mismatch with UWS-based recommendations for TAP async
 - Level 1 Database will need more traditional TAP approach through UWS
 - Multiple TAP Services? Not sure.

ADQL Parser: lacquer



- Prototype: https://github.com/brianv0/lacquer
 - Don't mind the mess right now ©
- lacquer is based on Facebook's Presto parser, ported to Python
 - ANTLR4+Java to PLY+Python (and LL to LALR)
 - Only added syntax rule is for TOP
 - Another port may be performed to C++ (Flex+Bison) for Qserv native
 ADQL support
 - i.e. SET sql_mode = 'ADQL';
 - Alternatively, clients may rewrite queries instead of relying on TAP or a SQL proxy
 - curs.execute(sql("SELECT * FROM Objects WHERE 1=CONTAINS(...)"))
- ADQL validation and query rewriting is decoupled from parsing, multiple backends can be supported
- Our approach is to enforce the majority of ADQL rules a validation stage rather than in the grammar
- Parser is 50% complete, need to finish rewriter framework, then implement ADQL validation and Qserv rewriter, and clean it all up!

Things we *think* we don't like



Regarding VOTable responses:

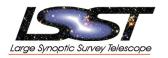
- XML is a machine and human readable document format. BINARY2 isn't human readable, so why use XML at all?
- No uniform JSON
- No non-CDATA Binary Format
 - BINARY2 is simple but still requires custom serializers
- VOTable is not a response format
 - but it appears to be used as one ---->
- We expect results to regularly exceed 1GB

<INFO name="QUERY_STATUS" value="ERROR">
 value out of range in POS=45,91
</INFO>

Personal Pet Peeves:

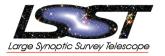
- TOP instead of LIMIT syntax
 - Especially if ADQL 2.1 supports OFFSET.
 - REQUEST=doQuery -> unnecessary (and not RESTful)
- Pagination/Framing of /results/result (esp. regarding async)
 - Does TAP return data or files? Is TAP a VOTable interface or a database interface?
 - Somewhat related to VOTable issues
 - And coupled to Response Format
 - VOTable isn't ideal for streaming
 - Again, MAXREC instead of LIMIT and OFFSET

Our solutions to some issues



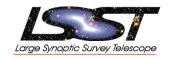
- For VOTable issues, use "Accept" header liberally and support our three main use cases
 - Maximum Compatibility VOTable/XML and FITS
 - Consider HDF5 or SQLite?
 - Ease of Use VOTable-inspired JSON (inside Response container)
 - Incremental/Stream processing in Java, C++, Python via Jackson, yajl, ijson
 - Binary conciseness and cross-language compatibility
 - Protobufs, CapnProto, Thrift, Avro, CBOR, MessagePack, etc...
 - No clear winner, depends on use case
- For ADQL issues, we will comply with the spec as much as possible, but also be more liberal in accepting widely adopted SQL-isms (like LIMIT)
 - TapRegExt for this?
- Similar approach to result pagination
 - We get a single result, but it's very large!
 - Would like to stream it, but XML isn't awesome for streaming
 - And we'd like to implement a DBAPI/JDBC-like client interface for TAP, which might also enable good dataframe (pandas) integration

JSON Output



```
"result": {
  "table": {
    "metadata": {
     "elements": [{
       "$type": "field",
       "name": "word",
       "datatype": "text"
     }, {
       "$type": "field",
       "name": "num",
       "datatype": "integer"
     }, {
        "$type": "field",
       "name": "largenum",
       "datatype": "long"
     }, {
        "$type": "field",
       "name": "time",
       "datatype": "text",
       "xtype": "timestamp"
     }, {
       "$type": "field",
       "name": "raw",
       "datatype": "binary"
     }]
   },
   "data": [
     ["hello", 1, "12345678901234", "2015-01-01T12:00Z", "cmF3IGRhdGE="],
     ["world", 1, "98765432101234", "2016-01-01T12:00Z", "bW9yZSByYXcgZGF0YQ=="],
```

More generally:



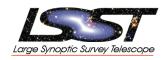
Client -> Server is the currently the intended use case of the DAL standards.

Should the following use cases be considered when designing DAL standards?

- Server -> Server
- Browser -> Server

Or are these use cases non-goals of the VO DAL?

Moving Forward



- We will continue to implement TAP, ADQL in the near future
 - And critically examine SIA, SCS
- Not sure if we've correctly identified issues or non-issues yet with TAP.
 - TAP/dbserv is very much still a prototype/pathfinder project for us
- We haven't quite scratched the surface of SIA yet.
 - We do have an "imgserv", which is similar in function to SIAP V1
- Hard to find all the current implementations
 - We need Python implementations right now

And two last questions:

- What does it mean to be a VO site?
- What is the estimated manpower (in FTEs) to implement, from scratch, a VO site?

Prototypes and pathfinding:



- JSON output
 - https://gist.github.com/brianv0/07cf0acd83bde6f450a9
- Pathfinding Binary formats: Protobuf/CapnProto/Thrift versions of VOTable
 - http://gist.github.com/brianv0/be283e3674755d76396e
- Prototype Parser:
 - http://github.com/brianv0/lacquer
 - Development likely moving to /lsst/lacquer soon
- Lacquer output (Derived from a VizieR query)
 - http://gist.github.com/brianv0/c00e7e6a9ec89b28ea6aa7432a8201a7
- Prototype TAP: dbserv
 - http://github.com/lsst/dax dbserv