

Exploring astronomy data archives at scale using deep learning and crowdsourcing

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09/05/2023

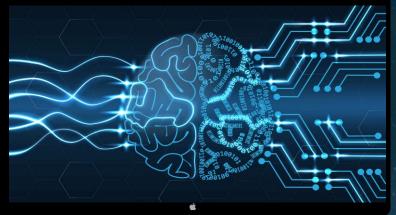
Al and crowdsourcing for knowledge discovery



"Knowledge Discovery is the task of processing and analysing astronomical datasets with the aim of extracting new knowledge. This endeavour spans multiple disciplines including visualisation, data access and exploration, machine learning, statistical methods and workflow orchestration."



ML: Deep learning

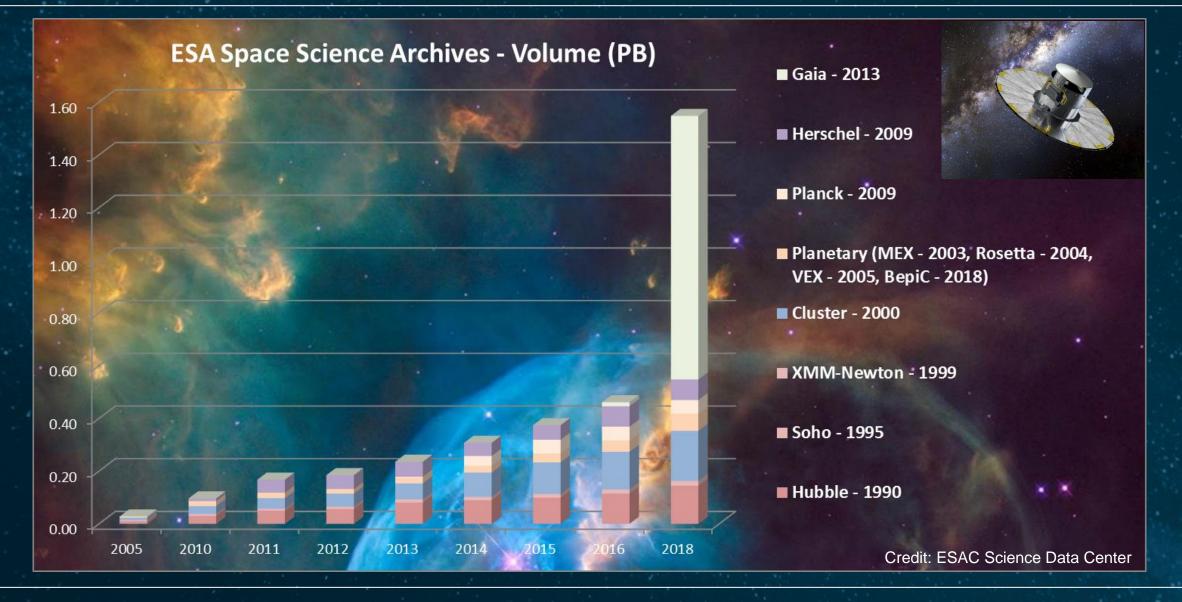


Large astronomical archives: eHST



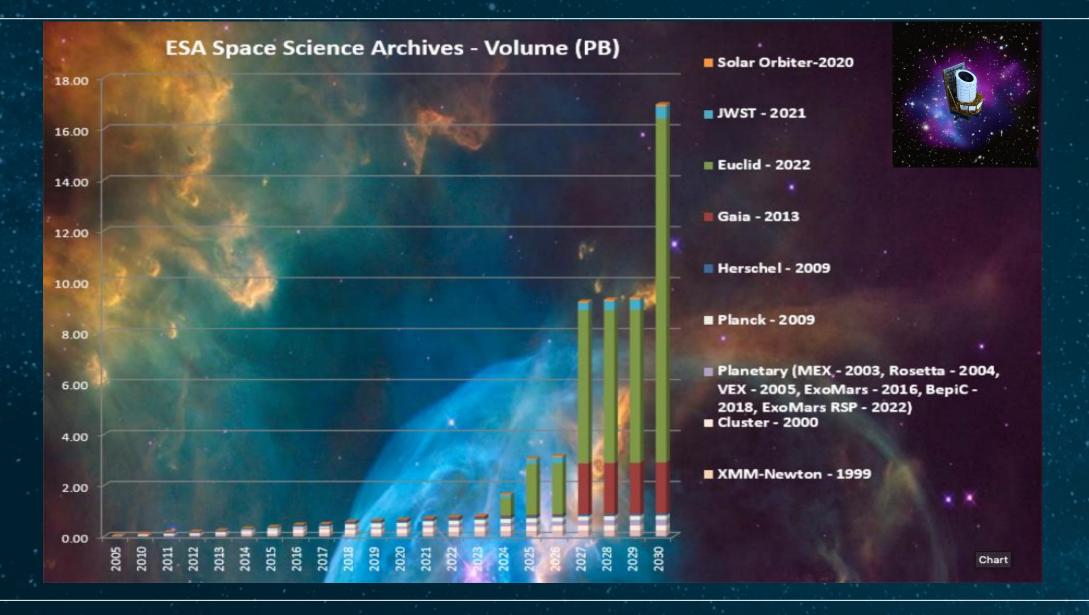
Motivation: increasing data volumes in astronomy





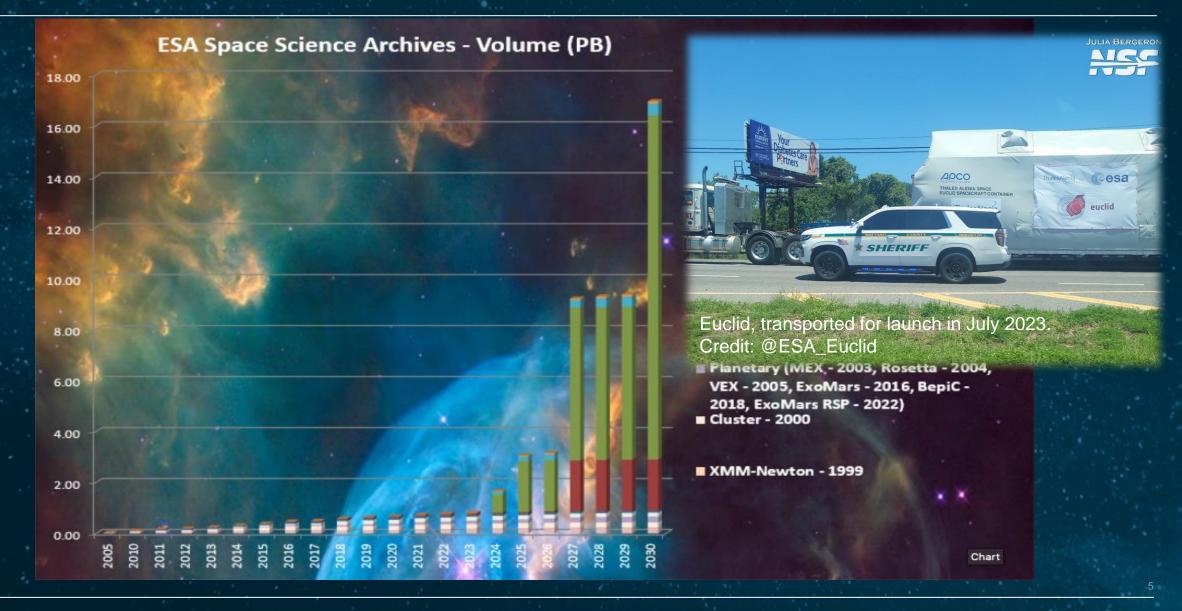
Motivation: increasing data volumes in astronomy





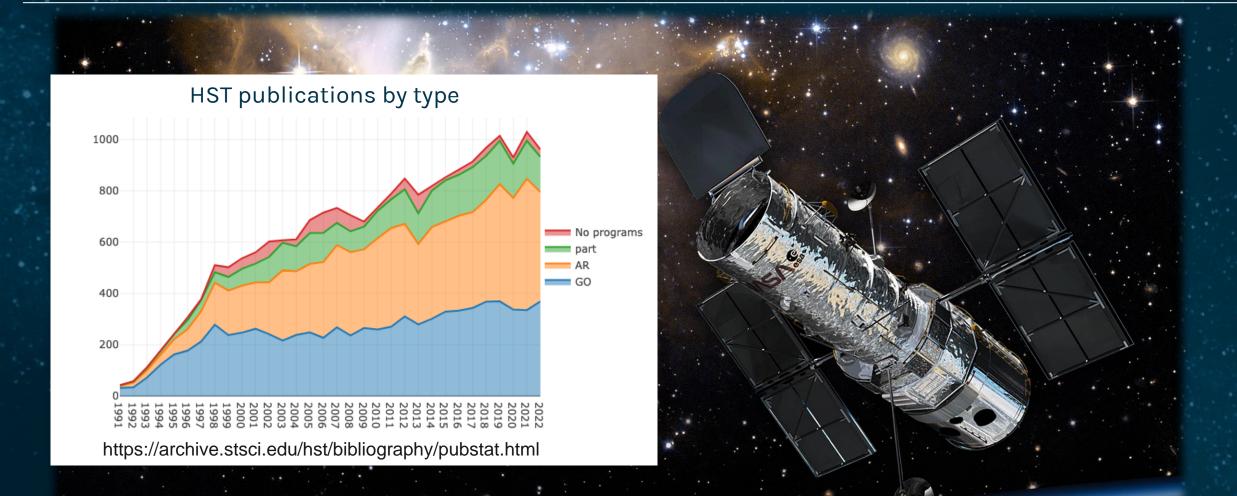
Motivation: increasing data volumes in astronomy





Archival data – Hubble Space Telescope



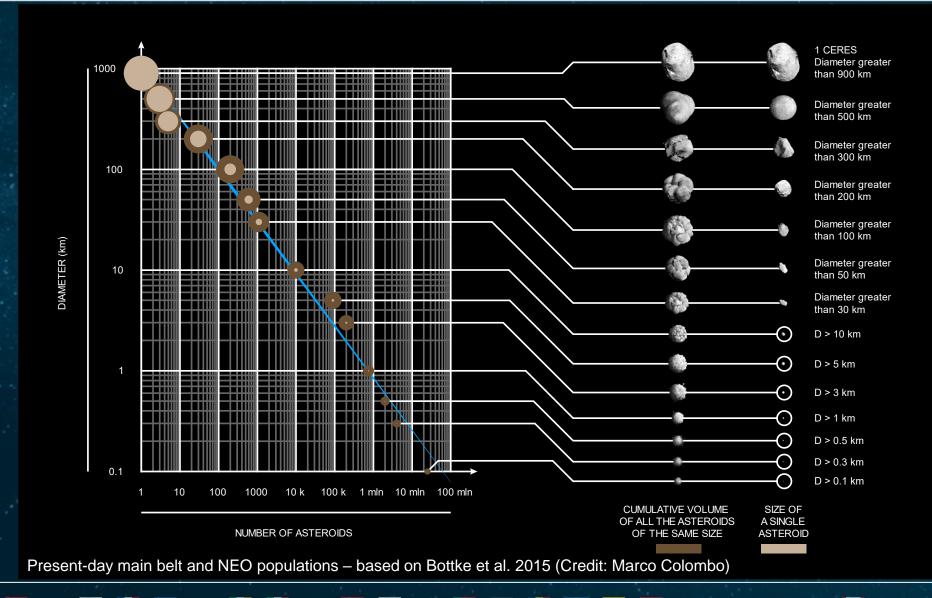


Hubble Asteroid Hunter: Identifying asteroid trails in Hubble Space Telescope images

> Kruk et al. 2022, arXiv: 2202.00246 Abell 370, Credit: NASA, ESA/Hubble, B.Sunnquist and J. Mack

Asteroids in our solar system



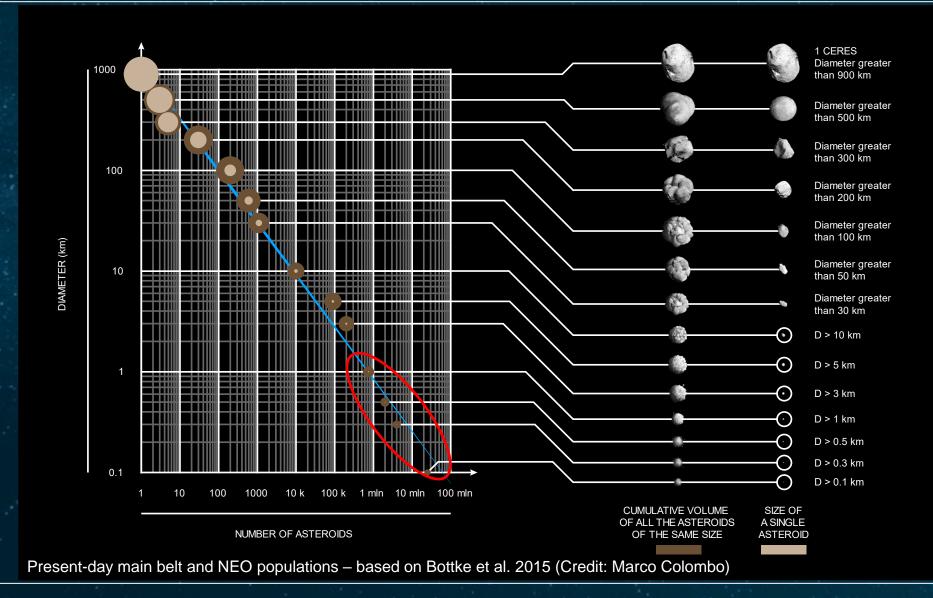


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Asteroids in our solar system

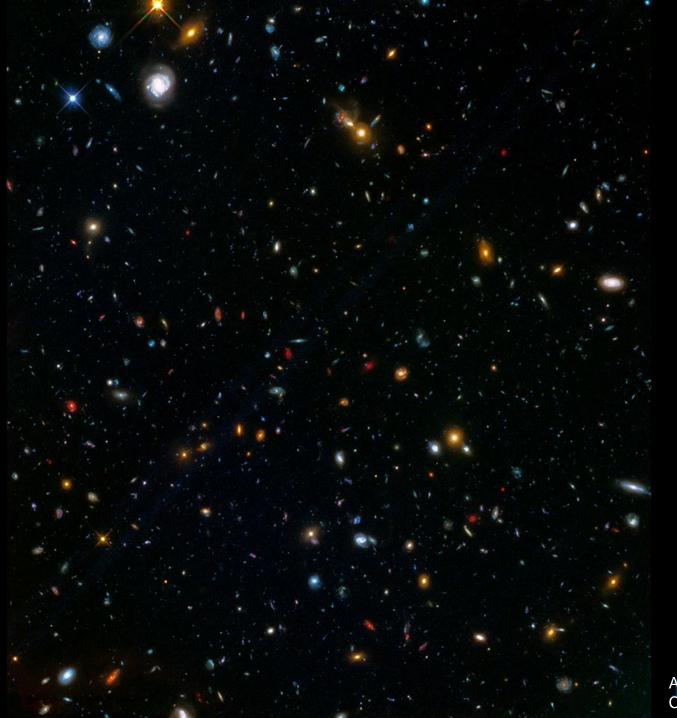




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Abell 370 Parallel Field Credit: NASA, ESA/Hubble

Zooniverse Citizen Science project





Hubble Asteroid Hunter 🕑

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Happy international asteroid dayl The current dataset has finished and the science team is working on analysing your classifications.



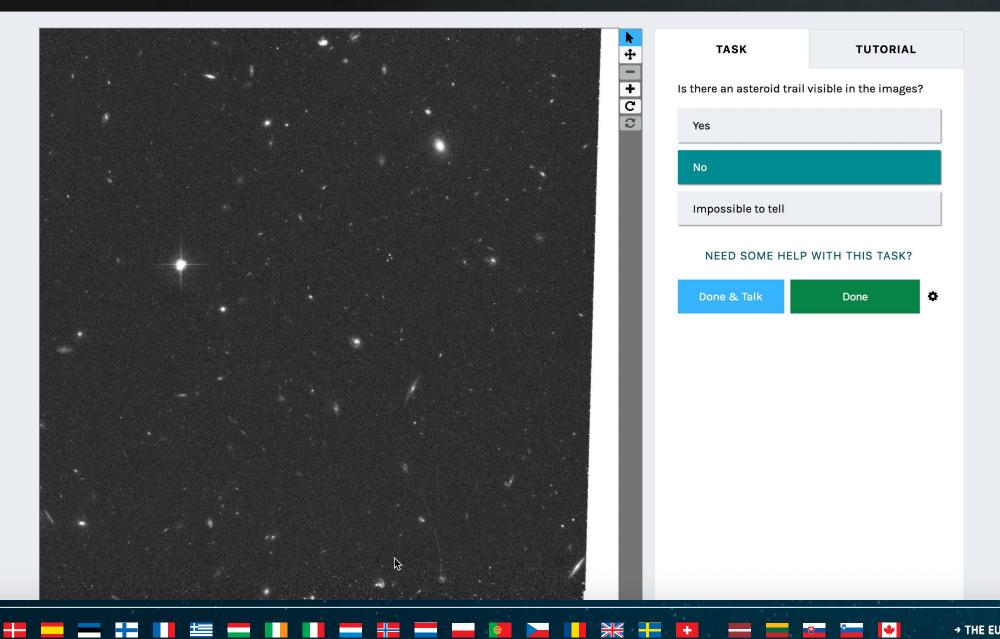
Get started 🕹

If you are for the first time on this project, choose "Training". Otherwise, move on to "Classify" and hunt for asteroids in Hubble images!

Training

www.asteroidhunter.org



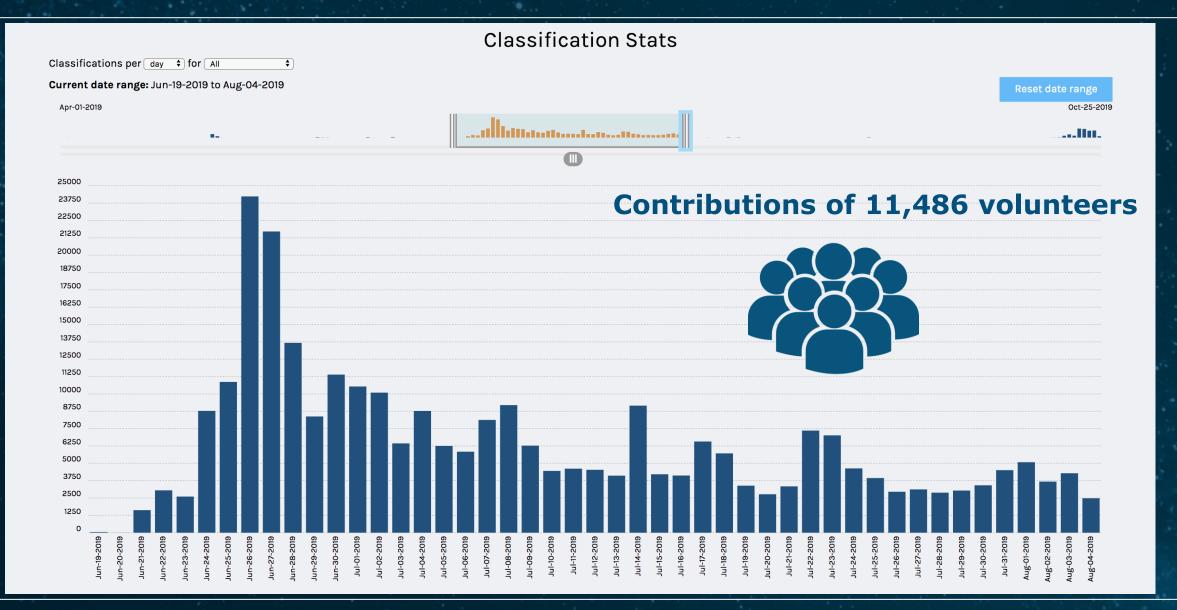


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Volunteer participation in the citizen science project



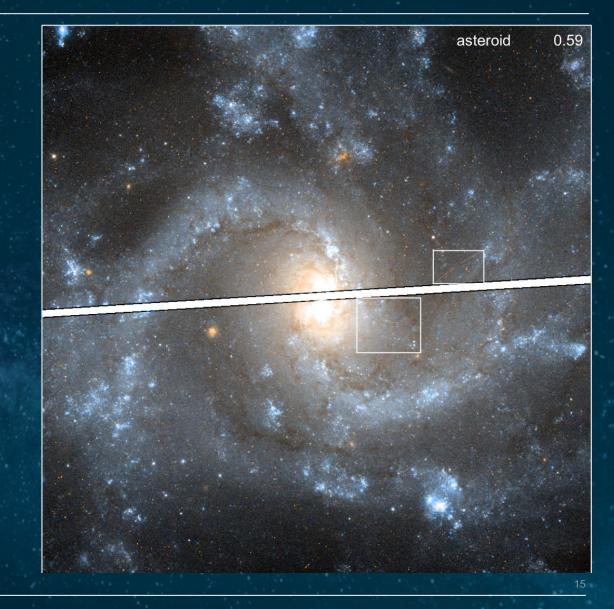


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Use automated machine learning (AutoML) on Google Cloud



* In collaboration with Google

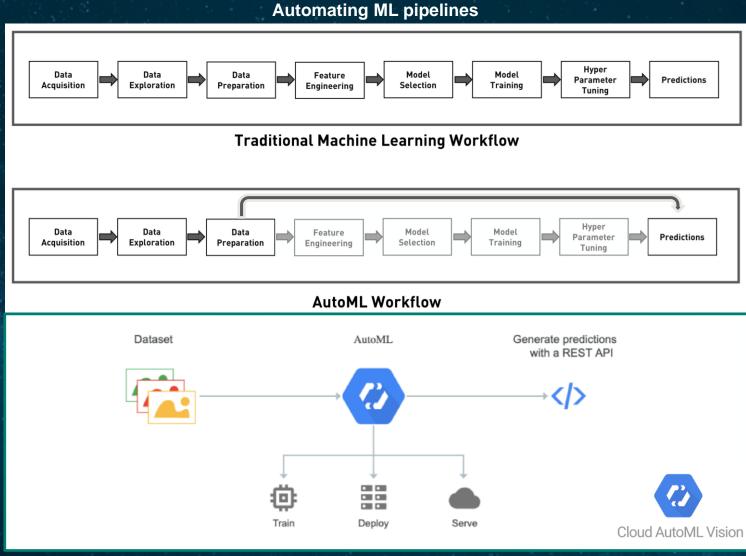




Use automated machine learning (AutoML) on Google Cloud



Scalable: training and batch classification on Google Cloud



How AutoML works – using Neural Architecture Search

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Use automated machine learning (AutoML) on Google Cloud

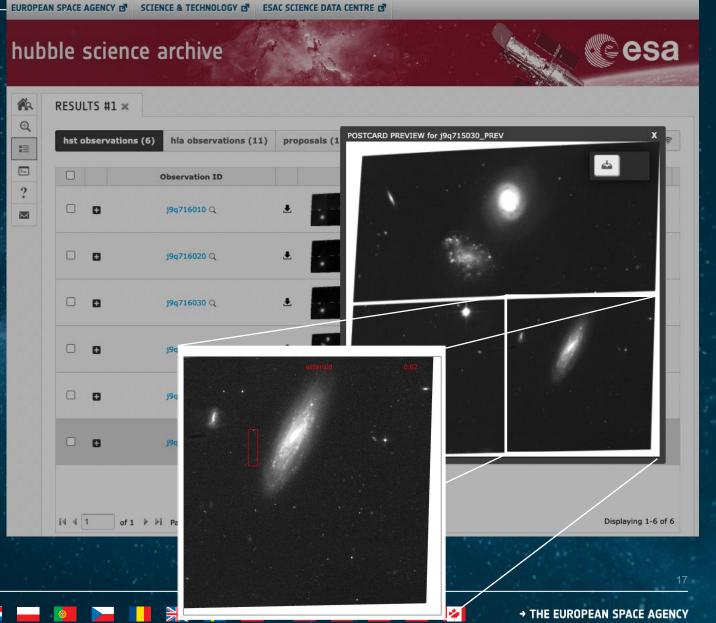


Scalable: training and batch classification on Google Cloud



Classifying the entire HST archive (2002 – 2021) of 37,324 images (x4 = 150k cutouts): 10 hours It would have taken volunteers 1 year!

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Use automated machine learning (AutoML) on Google Cloud

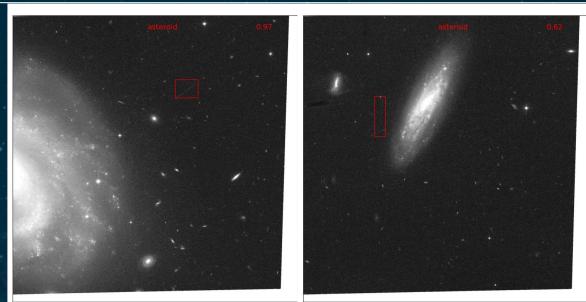


Scalable: training and batch classification on Google Cloud

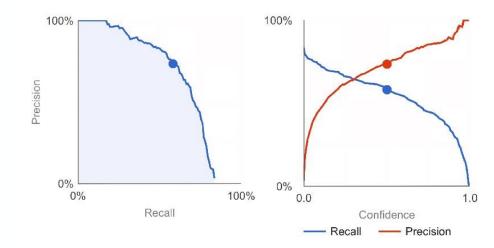


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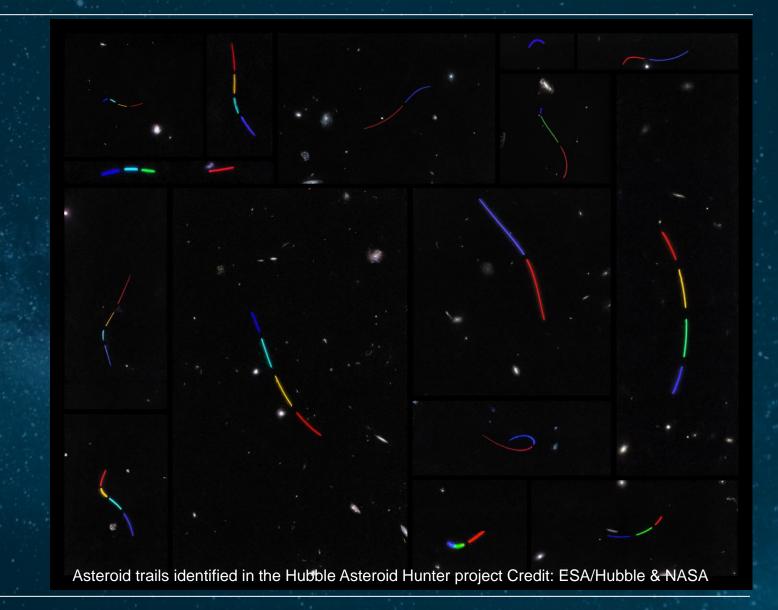


Performance in identifying asteroid trails



esa

Results: asteroids detected in the HST images



2487 asteroid trails recovered by citizen scientists and by AutoML



Results: asteroids detected in the HST images

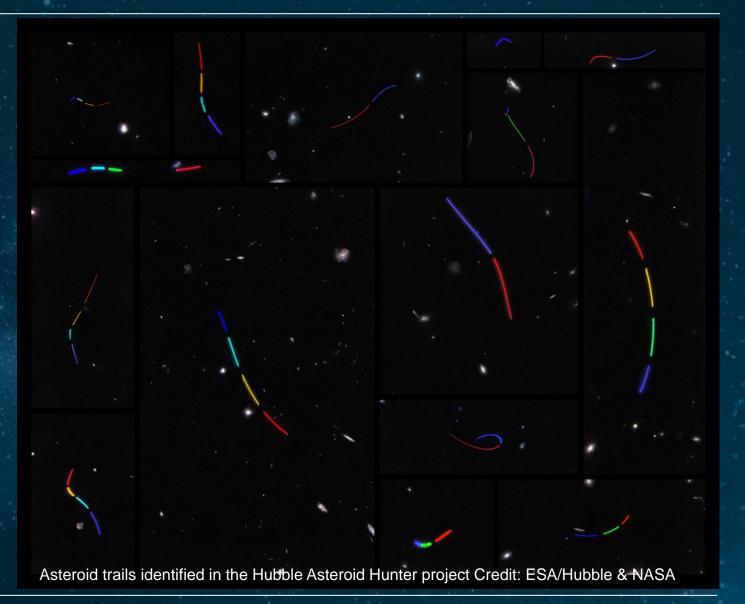


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2487 asteroid trails recovered by citizen scientists and by AutoML



1701 asteroids validated by the team



Results: asteroids detected in the HST images



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2487 asteroid trails recovered by citizen scientists and by AutoML



1701 asteroids validated by the team



670 asteroids matched with known objects. 95% are Main Belt.





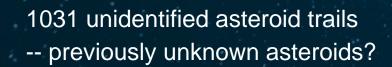
2487 asteroid trails recovered by citizen scientists and by AutoML

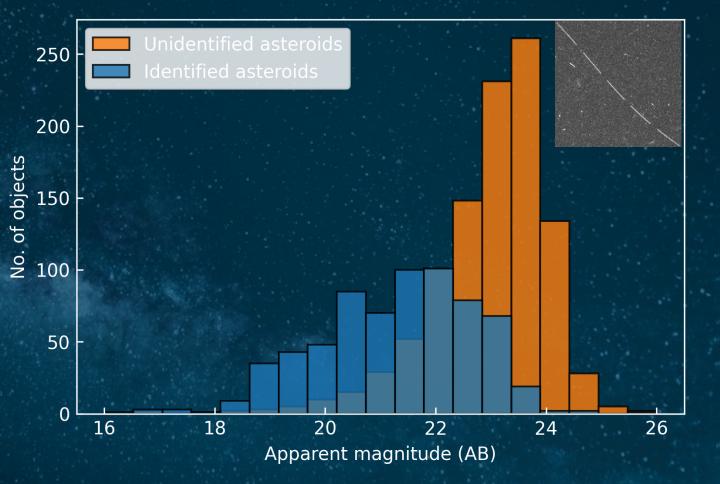


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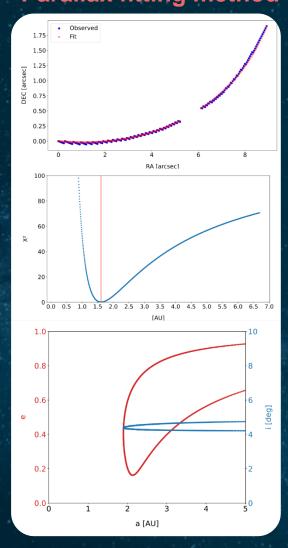




Parallax fitting method to study asteroids



Use parallax effect to determine the distance to the asteroids observed with HST



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Parallax fitting method

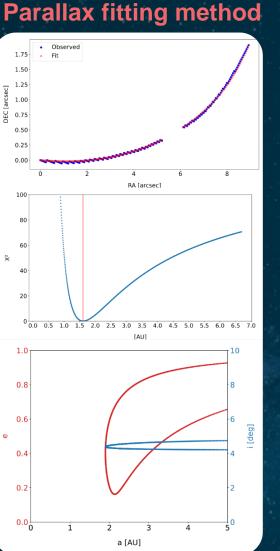
Parallax fitting method to study asteroids

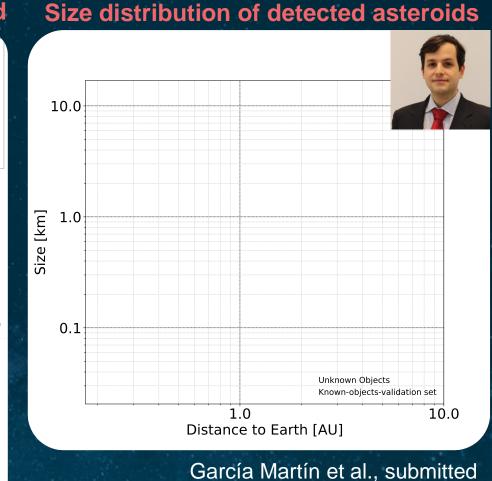


Use parallax effect to determine the distance to the asteroids observed with HST

Sizes of new asteroids < 1 km

Improve knowledge of size distribution of small Main Belt asteroids

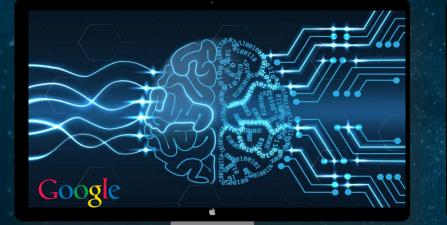




Machine learning for data mining in astronomy



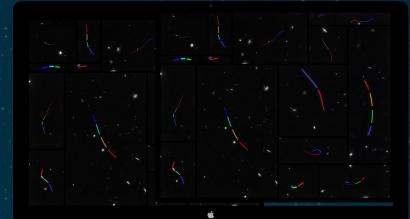
ML: Deep learning on Cloud

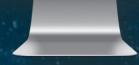


Large astronomical archives: eHST



Asteroid discovery





It is mportant to keep humans in the loop





ESAC Open Day, Spain. Credit: C. Arviset

Citizen scientists on Dutch TV for finding new asteroids on www.asteroidhunter.org

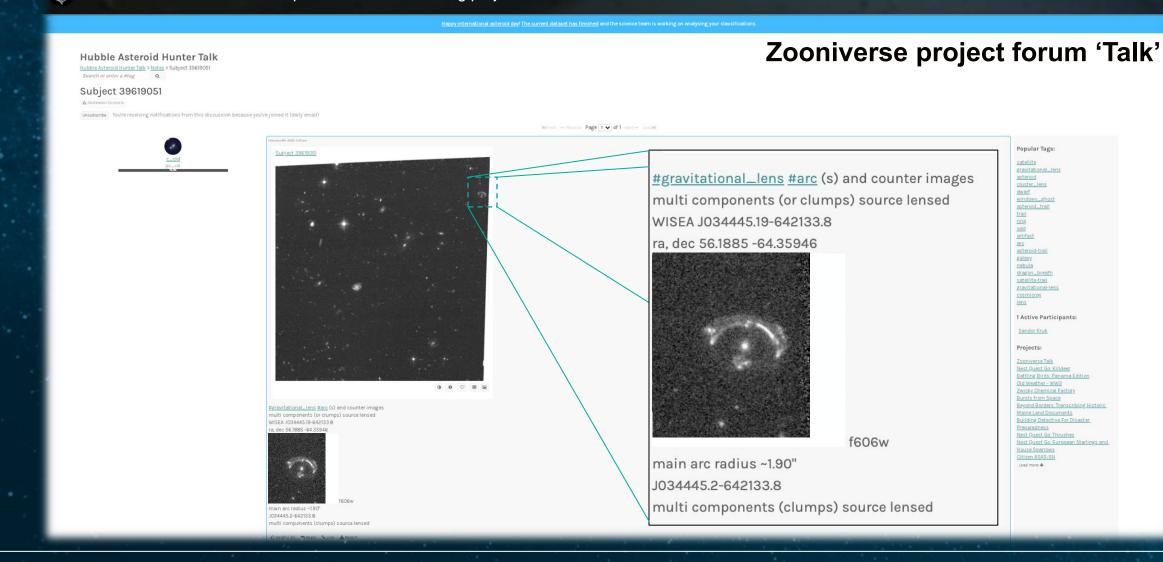
Conversations about data: project forum 'Talk'



Hubble Asteroid Hunter 🥥

https://www.zooniverse.org/projects/sandorkruk/hubble-asteroid-hunter/talk/

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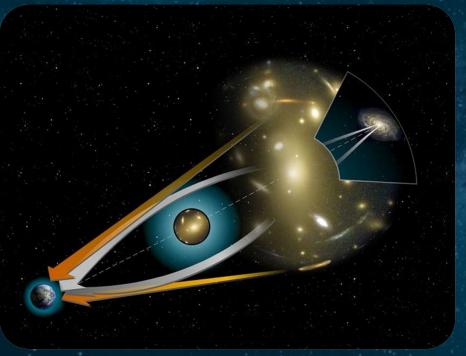


Serendipitous findings: strong gravitational lenses

Having human eyes on the data can lead to new discoveries:



Discovery of 198 new strong gravitational lenses



New strong gravitational lenses identified in Hubble images

 $\left(\begin{array}{c} \bullet \end{array} \right)$



Identifying strong gravitational lenses in HST images with crowdsourcing. E. Garvin and C. Cornen (Garvin et al. 2022, arXiv: 2207.06997)



Sereindipitous findings II

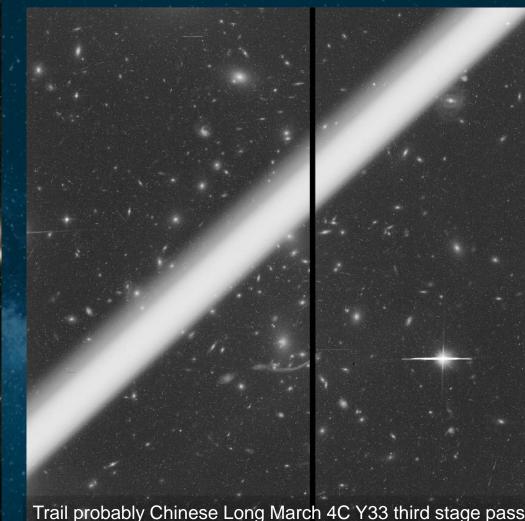


Asteroids observed serendipitously in image of Frontier Fields cluster Abell 370. Credit: NASA, ESA/Hubble

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Sereindipitous findings II: satellites in HST images

Asteroids observed serendipitously in image of Frontier Fields cluster Abell 370. Credit: NASA, ESA/Hubble Trail probably Chinese Long March 4C Y33 third stage passing 34km above HST. Satellite ID by J. McDowell Image credit: Judy Schmidt







Happy international asteroid day! The current dataset has finished a

Hubble Asteroid Hunter Talk

Search or enter a #tag Q

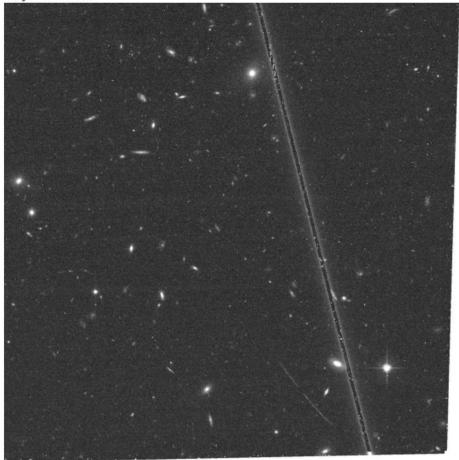
Subject 37652046



Hubble Asteroid Hunter Talk

Search or enter a #tag Q

Subject 42950351



Comments:



December 16th 2019, 11:51 am

Not clear what the grey line across the image could be. Perhaps a common <u>#satellite</u>?



April 27th 20 20, 10:31pm

<u>#asteroid</u> and <u>#satellite</u>

Satellite trails identified with AutoML in Hubble images



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Fraction of HST images crossed by satellites





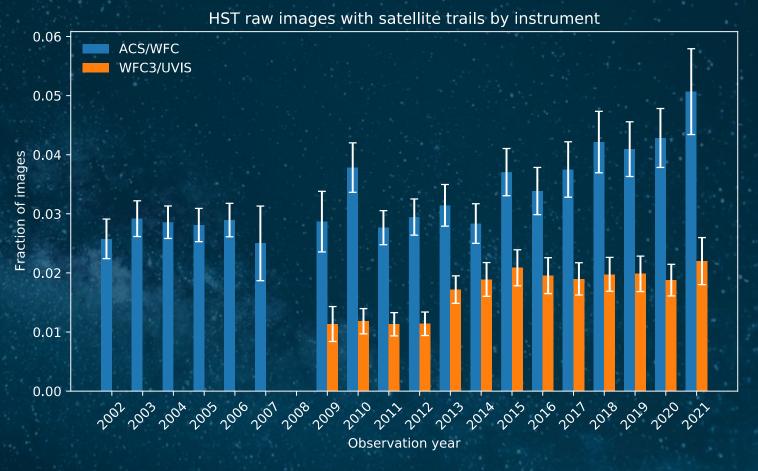
2.7% of individual exposures of 11min crossed by satellites (3.2%ACS and 1.7% of WFC3 impacted)



Fraction of images crossed by satellites ~ doubled in the last 20 years, matching the increase in satellite numbers



ACS FoV = 202"x202" WFC3 FoV = 160"x160"



Kruk et al. 2023, The impact of satellite trails on Hubble Space Telescope observations

Take home messages:



Artificial intelligence and crowdsourcing



New tools are needed to analyse and mine the increasingly large datasets. Human (e.g. crowdsourcing) and machine collaboration is important to create AI- ready datasets and avoid the garbage-in garbage-out problem.

Importance of conversations about data



Project forums provide the ideal setup for conversations between scientists and volunteers. It can lead to new discoveries: strong lenses and artificial satellites.

Necessity of data platforms



Google Cloud provided the framework to train deep learning algorithms and predict the presence of asteroids in HST images.

Foreground asteroid passing in front of the Crab Nebula, identified in the Hubble Asteroid Hunter project. Credit: ESA/Hubble & NASA, M. Thévenot

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...but data processing and data transfer overheads are significant

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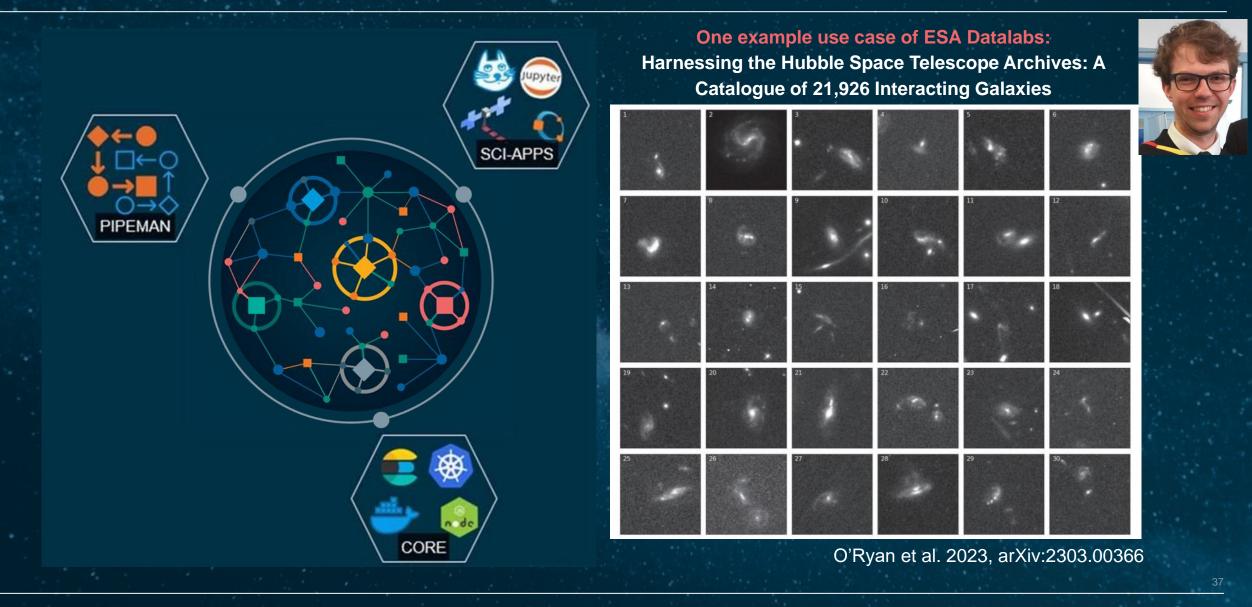
Science platforms – ESA Datalabs





Science platforms – ESA Datalabs





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Science platforms – ESA Datalabs





Session II

Time: Thursday 11th May 14:00–15:30 CEST [session #15]

Speaker	Title
Vicente Navarro	ESA Datalabs, an Open Digital Platform for Innovation and
ESA	Collaboration in Space Science
Mario Juric University of Washington	HiPSCat: extending HiPS to for highly scalable large-scale catalog analyses
Robert Nikutta NOIRLab	NOIRLab's Astro Data Lab science platform
Brian Major CADC	CANFAR Science Platform and the IVOA
Gregory Dubois- Felsmann Rubin observatory	Rubin observatory and the IVOA
Dave Morris Edinburgh University	Gaia Data Mining platform
All	Discussion