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Summary

- 1. Pulsar/transients observations and data formats at INAF
- 2. Data archiving workflow and internal data model
- 3. Mapping onto ObsCore DM
- 4. Proposal for an extension table
- 5. Summary and discussion points





Credit: Astron/Jive/Evn, Daniëlle Futselaar (artsource.nl)



Credit: B. Saxton, NRAO/AUI/NSF

Pulsar/transients data formats

Name available bandwidths (MHz)	Туре	Integr. time	Max frequency bins
TP 250, 680, 1200 (C and K bands only), 2000 (C and K bands only)	Analog total power	1-1000 ms	1
XARCOS Narrow band spectrometer; up to four (for single-feeds) simultaneous bandwidths: 0.5, 2.0, 7.8, 62.5	Spectro- polarimeter	10 s	2048
SARDARA 420, 1000 (L-band only, no f-track), 1500	Spectro- polarimeter	Down to 5 ms	1024 or 16384
DFB3 1024	Correlator for pulsars	Typical: 100 µs	2048
SKARAB 93.75, 187.5, 1400 (only 2048 bins, full Stokes)	Spectro- polarimeter	1 ms to 1 s	65536 spectra only 32768 full Stokes
DBBC 512	VLBI	·	

Thanks to recent backends time resolutions and frequency bandwidths (as well as the number of channels) are significantly improving. This comes with increasing data rates (20÷30 GB/hr for SARDARA, even a factor ~10 is for SKARAB), foreseen posing archival challenges for several operations.



Thanks to high-frequency receivers available in the next future, INAF telescopes are going to offer bands from P to W (i.e. from 305 MHz up to 116 GHz).

Pulsar/transients data formats



The archival system

C New search Help

SAMP broadcast

Your files o - Currently not logged in

Login



TANGA

archivio-web.ira.inaf.it

PostgreSQL

portal web

application

/storage

The archival system is based on the New Archiving Distributed InfrastructuRe (NADIR), explicitly designed to be flexible in order to cope with evolving data models, formats, publication policies, versions and metadata contents, keeping consistencies among different sites.



Internal data model

• The metadata of an observation are all written in the header of the primary HDU of a FITS file (in case of FILTERBANK or PSRCHIVE, we produce an accompanying FITS file containing only a primary header PSRFITS-like).

+	-++	++	++		++-	+++++++		
id	column_name	e column_type	fits_key_hdu	fits_key_pri	fits_key_sec			
+	-++	++	++	++	++-	++++++		
1	TELESCOP	varchar	0	TELESCOP	TELESCOP	Telescope name		
2	DATE_OBS	varchar	0	DATE-OBS	DATE-OBS	Date of observation (YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss UTC)		
3	SRC_NAME	varchar	0	SRC_NAME	SRC_NAME	Source or scan ID		
j 4	OBSERVER	varchar	j 0	OBSERVER	OBSERVER	Observer name(s)		
5	OBS_MODE	varchar	0	OBS_MODE	OBS_MODE	PSR, CAL, SEARCH)		
6	BACKEND	varchar	j 0	BACKEND	BACKEND	Backend ID		
7	RA_C	varchar	0	RA	RA	Right ascension (hh:mm:ss.ssss)		
8	DEC_C	varchar	j 0	DEC	DEC	Declination (-dd:mm:ss.sss)		
9	EQUINOX	double	0	EQUINOX	EQUINOX	Equinox of coords (e.g. 2000.0)		
10	PROJID	varchar	0	PROJID	PROJID	Project name		
11	OBSFREQ	double	0	OBSFREQ	OBSFREQ	[MHz] Centre frequency for observation		
12	OBSBW	double	0	OBSBW	OBSBW	[MHz] Bandwidth for observation		
13	SCANLEN	double	0	SCANLEN	SCANLEN	[s] Requested scan length (E) (N.B.: diff. from MBFITS		
14	NPOL	int	0	SUBINT.NPOL	SUBINT.NPOL	Nr of polarisations		
15	TBIN	double	0	SUBINT.TBIN	SUBINT.TBIN	[s] Time per bin or sample		
16	NBITS	int	0	SUBINT.NBITS	SUBINT.NBITS	Nr of bits/datum (SEARCH mode 'X' data, else 1)		
17	CHAN_BW	double	0	SUBINT.CHAN_BW SUBINT.CHAN_BW [MHz] Channel/sub-band width				
18	8 OBSDATAFORMAT vachar 0 OBSDATAFORMAT OBSDATAFORMAT Data format of the observation							
+	+++++++							

Mapping onto ObsCore DM from PSRFITS/PSRCHIVE

- PSRCHIVE is the most comprehensive and most used for data exchange
- PSRFITS implementation depends on the telescope/data provider

OK

calib_level

facility_name, instrument_name obs_collection, obs_id, obs_publisher_did access_url, access_format, access_estsize target_name, s_ra, s_dec, s_resolution t_min,t_max, t_exptime em_min, em_max

Focus on

dataproduct_type o_ucd

t_resolution, t_xel

pol_states, pol_xel



Proposal for an extension table

• First of all, how to provide such an extension (additional table or additional columns for an ObsCore table)?

ObsCore extension column name	origin	PSRFITS mapping	comment		
t_delt	time extension	TBIN	or mean(OFF_SUB[n+1]- OFF_SUB[n])		
t_delt_min	time extension	TBIN	${ m or} \atop { m min(OFF_SUB[n+1]-} \\ { m OFF_SUB[n])}$		temporal sampling
t_delt_max	time extension	TBIN	$\mathrm{or} \max(\mathrm{OFF}_\mathrm{SUB}[\mathrm{n+1}]-\mathrm{OFF}_\mathrm{SUB}[\mathrm{n}])$		oudenoe
t_res_min	time extension	min(TSUBINT)	TSUBINT more appro- priate than TBIN		effective
t_res_max	time extension	max(TSUBINT)	TSUBINT more appro- priate than TBIN	}	temporal resolution
t_mode		folded/search			
t_fold_period			NULL for search mode	5 	
t_scale	time extension	TAI, TT, UTC,	any of IVOA timescale vocabulary ⁹ not avail- able in PSRFITS meta- data		

Proposal for an extension table

t_refPosition	time extension	time measured at this position	not availbale in PSR- FITS metadata
t_origin	time extension	origin of relative time	not availbale in PSR- FITS metadata
t_refDirection	time extension	should be position of source in sky	not availbale in PSR- FITS metadata
t_format	time extension	ISO, JD, MJD, julian year,	not available in PSR- FITS metadata
s_fov_min	radio extension	$1.22 * em_min/D$	where is D antenna di- ameter ?
s_fov_max	radio extension	$1.22~*~\mathrm{em}_\mathrm{max}/\mathrm{D}$	where is D, antenna di- ameter
s_resolution_min	radio extension	$1.22 * em_min/D$	doesn't make sense or equal to s_fov (no source separation inside this range)
s_resolution_max	radio extension	$1.22 * \mathrm{em}_\mathrm{max}/\mathrm{D}$	doesn't make sense or equal to s_fov (no source separation inside this range)
f_resolution	radio extension	mean(DATA_FREQ[n+1]- DATA_FREQ[n])	Proposed by INAF because em_res_power changes too much along the spectral band
f_max	radio extension	c / em_min	Radio astronomers pre- fer frequencies
f_min	radio extension	c / em_max	Radio astronomers pre- fer frequencies

Already in discussion for the ObsCore DM extension for radio data

Mapping onto ObsCore DM from FILTERBANK

obscore column name	filterbank keyword	comment	obscore column name	filterbank keyword	comment	
t_min	tsart		pol_xel	nifs		
t_max	tstart + tsamp * nsamples		pol_states	?	doesn't appear in key- words?	
t_exptime	tsamp * nsamples	assuming there is no in-	o_ucd	phot.flux.density	is that always true for filterbank ?	
		terruption during obser- vation	dataproduct_type	data_type	filterbank is dynamic spectrum ? otherwise	
t_delt	tsamp	tsamp looks more a ca-			lightcurve, spectrum?	
	20070-00300 -	dence than a resolution	facility_name	inferred from		
t_resolution	tsamp ???	tsamp looks more a ca- dence than a resolution	instrument_name	telescope_id value inferred from		
t_mode	folded/search			machine_id value		
t_fold_period	period		target_name calib_level	source_name 1		
s_ra	<pre>src_raj</pre>		Table 2. ObsCore and Opso	-	negal for filterbank datagets	
s_dec	src_dec		Table 5: ObsCore and Onsco	bre extension mapping proj	posar for interbalik datasets	
s_fov	?	depends from telescope and frequency				
em_min	c/(fch1+foff*nchans)/	10e6	FILTERBANK is used for search-mode data, and it			
em_max	c/fch1/10e6		consists in a text	ual header + a bi	nary table and is	
f_max	(fch1+foff*nchans)*10	e 6 adioastronomers prefer frequencies	readable only by a specifica software (sigproc): facilities/telescopes and backends appears only with a numeric id the software is able to interprete.			
f_min	fch1*10e6	radio astronomers pre- fer frequencies				
f_resolution	foff	sampling, resolution or both ?				

Summary and Draft Document discussion points

• The INAF radio data archive now contains more than 1450 PSRFITS files acquired observed between 2018 and 2020, and ready for handling FILTERBANK data as well.



- Re-trigger the discussion in the Semantics WG (i.e. for dataproduct_type, o_ucd), considering also the usage of dataproduct_subtype
- complete/integrate the vocabulary for polarization states
- finalize of the proposal for the extension table (how to provide the information, how to tackle with the absence of info t_scale & Co. in pulsar data files (e.g. defaults values?), as well as maintaining a redundancy in energy (frequency and wavelength)
- s_fov and s_resolution quantities (*cf.* discussion about the extension for radio data)
- FILTERBANK-specific issues (mostly lack of information wrt PSRFITS/PSRCHIVE)