

# **VO for Ground-based Optical Spectroscopy**

Petr Škoda  
Astronomical Institute Academy of Sciences  
Ondřejov  
Czech Republic

# Core Science Case wanted !

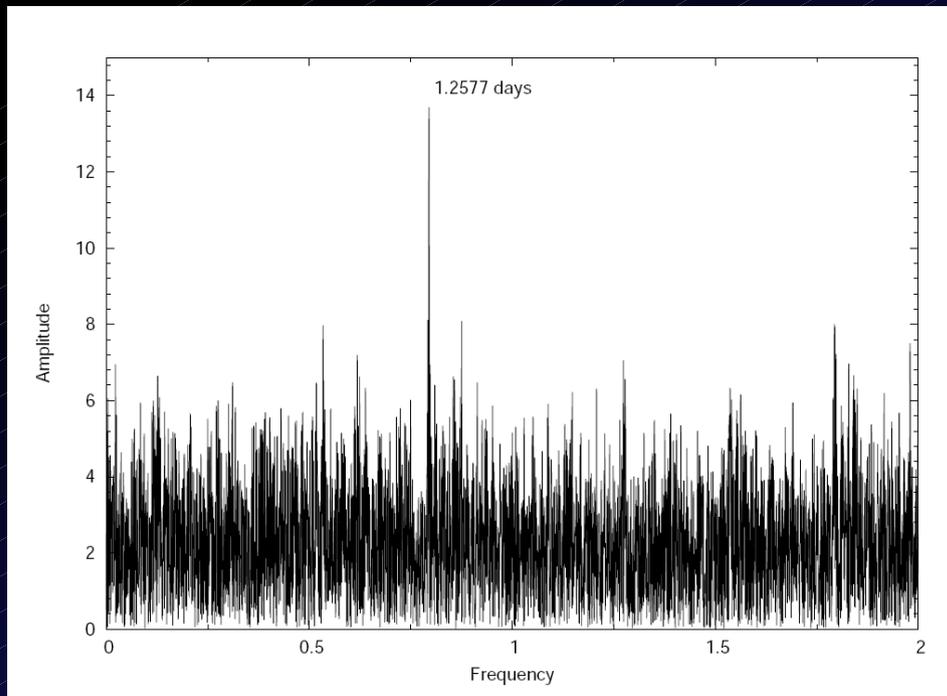
- ADASS 07 – D. Schade : The people will walk away (from VO) if they do not find their own favourite dataset
  - Crucial for applications (favourite methods of analysis)
- Most of VO – discovery of interesting targets
  - (XMATCH, identifying objects, high-z, Bdw.)
  - Synthesis of data – SED – strange physics
- Most of key astronomical research is target oriented (1 star, class of stars (Be), winds, Novae, Symbiotic, Cepheids, SPB, delta Sct)

# Space vs. Time Query

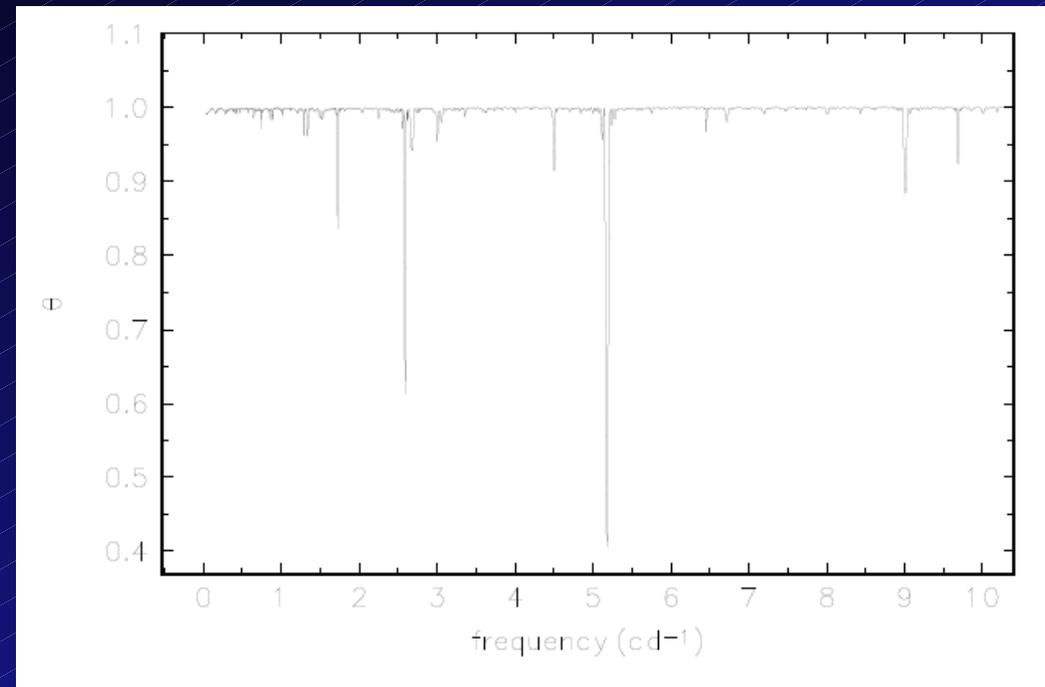
- Surveys = snapshots (position, **phys. params**)
  - suppose long-term stability of target (QSO will not have  $z=0$  suddenly, radio source will emit tomorrow)
  - Spectrum of this star is G2V for many years
  - *Steady state* described by catalogues
- Interesting physics promised by **VARIABILITY**
  - SN and Novae (even recurrent)
  - Emission episodes of Be, changes in spectral type
  - Line profile variability (Astroseismology – COROT)
  - Winds (blobs, knots, instabilities, shock waves...)

# Time variability - Current VO Support

- Period analysis – NONE (clients, services)



Power spectrum FT



Theta statistics

# FROG (Dead ?) - Period04 (no VO)

The screenshot displays the FROG software interface with several windows open:

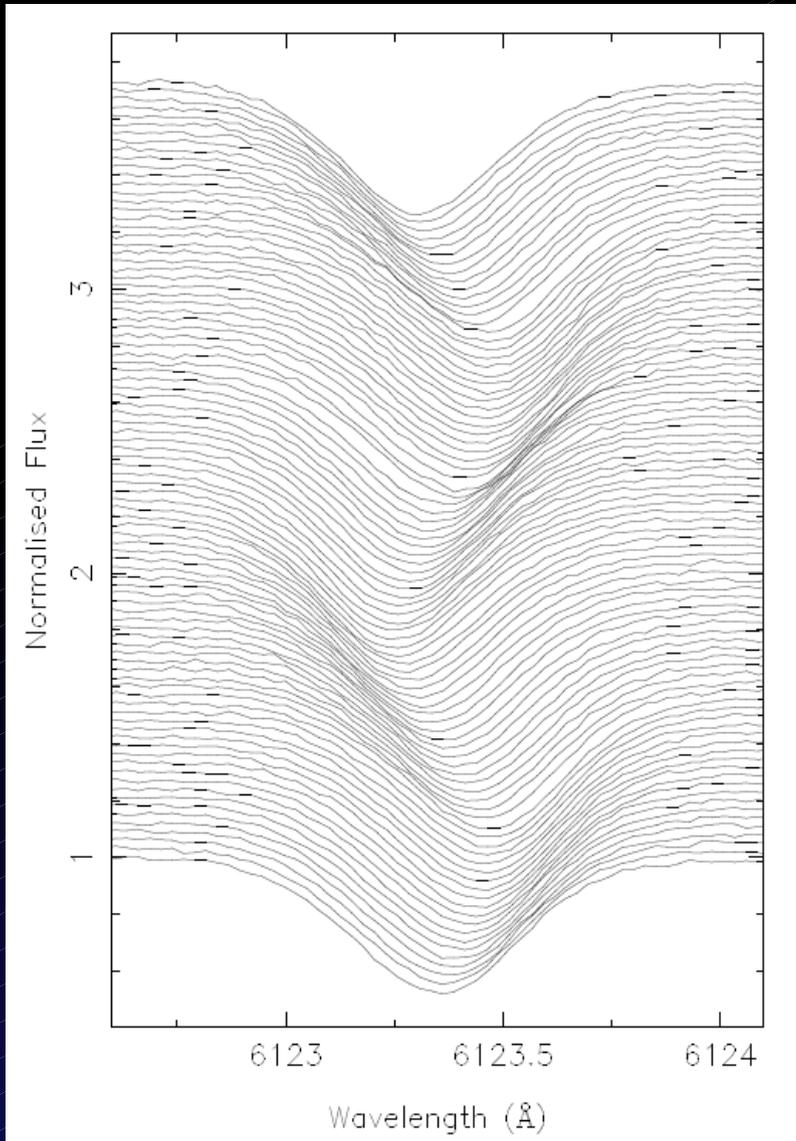
- Time Series 1:** A 2-d coordinate system plot showing data points with error bars. The y-axis is labeled "Data value" and ranges from -0.15 to 0.15. The x-axis is labeled "Time" and ranges from 681 to 690.4.
- Time Series 2:** A 2-d coordinate system plot showing data points with error bars. The y-axis is labeled "Data value" and ranges from -0.15 to 0.15. The x-axis is labeled "Time" and ranges from 690.3 to 690.4. The plot includes a blue curve fit. The status bar shows "Axis1: 690.2829" and "Axis2: 0.007".
- Time Series 3:** A 2-d coordinate system plot showing data points with error bars. The y-axis is labeled "Data value" and ranges from -0.15 to 0.15. The x-axis is labeled "Time" and ranges from 0.1 to 0.2. The plot includes a blue curve fit. The status bar shows "Period: 0.003151492231" and "Zero Point: 0.0".
- Periodogram 1:** A plot showing the power spectrum. The y-axis is labeled "Data value" and ranges from 0 to 0.0006. The x-axis is labeled "Frequency" and ranges from 0 to 800. A prominent peak is visible at approximately 8.25 kHz. The status bar shows "Axis1: 0" and "Axis2: 0.0003074619".
- Period04: BiCM-Example.p04:** A settings window for the least-squares fit calculation. It includes a table of frequencies and amplitudes.
- Fourier:** A window for Fourier calculation settings. It includes fields for "From", "To", "Step rate", and "Nyquist". The "Highest Peak at:" section shows "Frequency = 8.24525129" and "Amplitude = 0.0349032041".
- Fourier Graph: My Fourier calculation:** A window showing the resulting Fourier spectrum. The y-axis is labeled "Amplitude" and ranges from 0.00 to 0.03. The x-axis is labeled "Frequency" and ranges from 0 to 40. A sharp peak is visible at approximately 8.25 kHz. The status bar shows "My Fourier calculation (F=8.24525129, A=0.0349032041)".

The main window at the bottom left shows "FROG version 0.6.0 + Web Services".

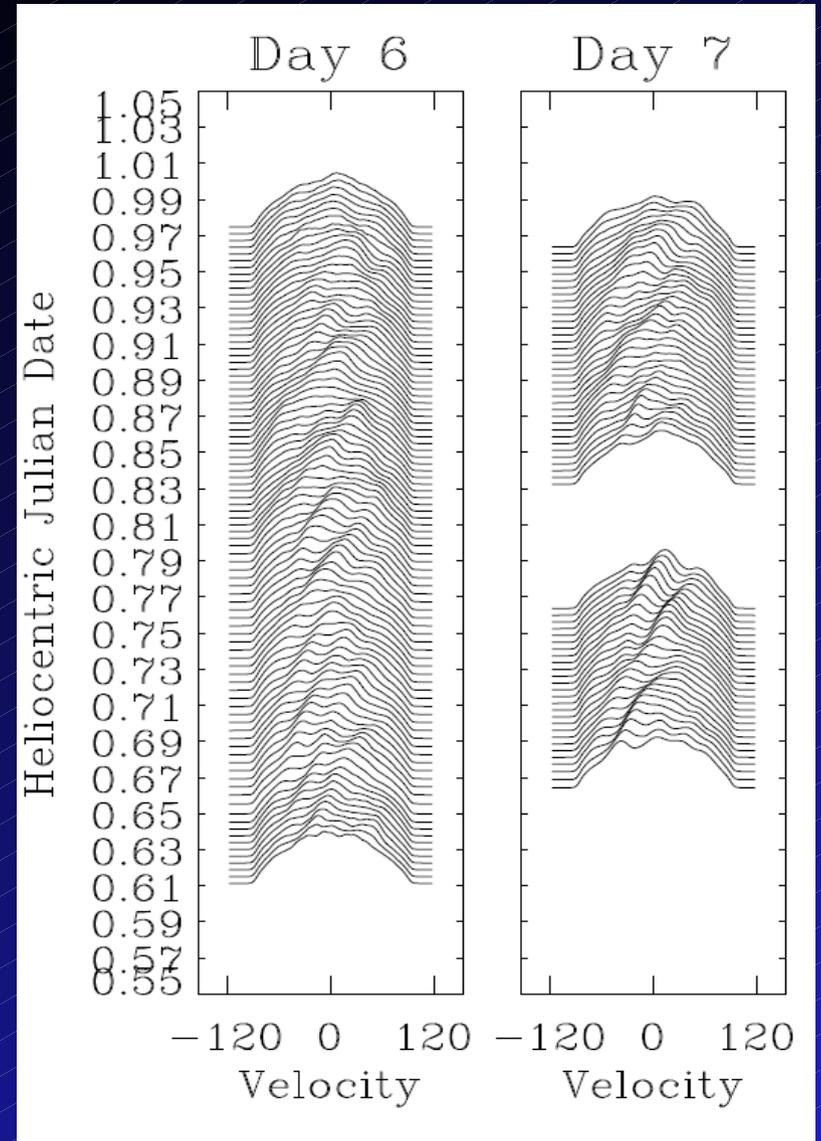
# Time variability - Current VO Support

- Light curves in multicolour – SDM, but clients ?
- Spectra – most of astronomy of 20-th Century
  - Support in VO practically not worth of switching habits, learn new tools, jargoon... at least optical
- Reasons : many legacy core apps, too fresh standards (SSA), lack of key features in VO clients, services, Space-research biased (binary tables, absolute flux calibration, SED)
- Massive scaling ??? (overplot 1000 spectra?)
- Measure EW of 100 lines on 500 echelle sp.?

# Measured Pulsations



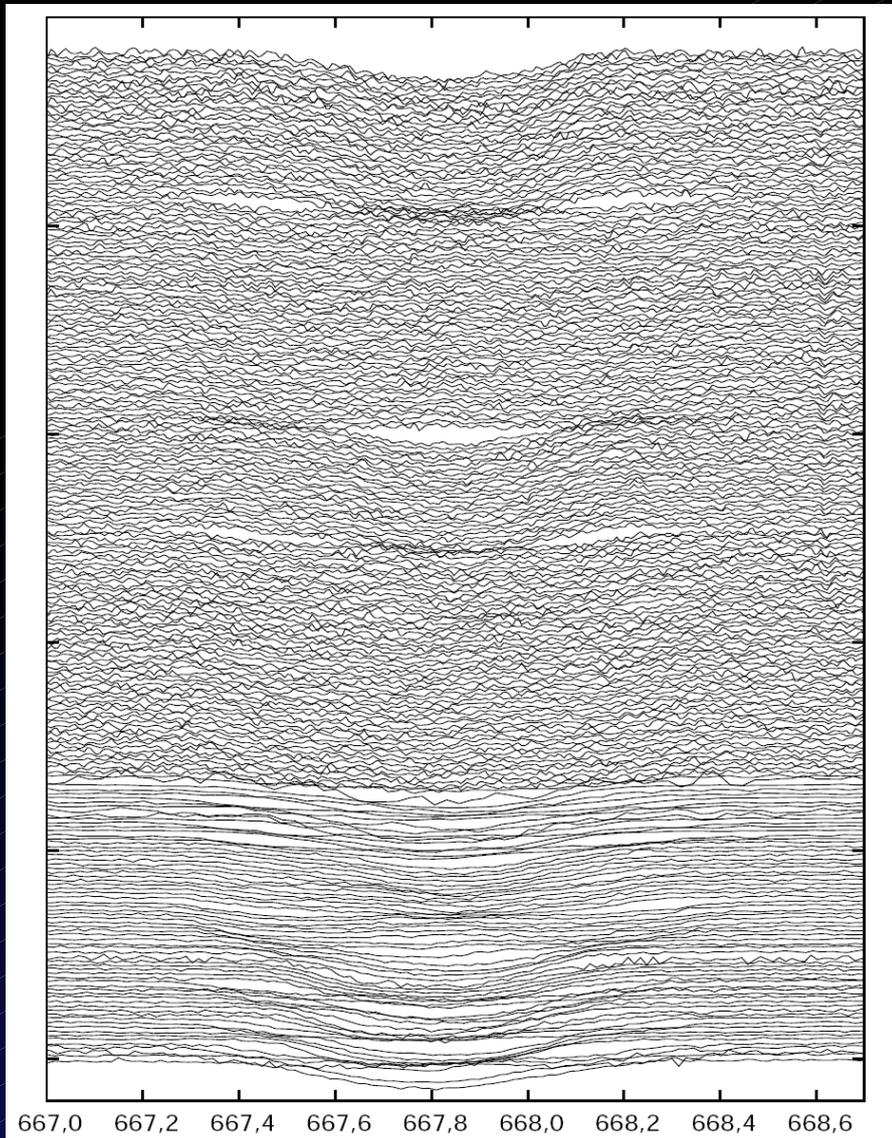
Rho Pup –  $\delta$  Sct type



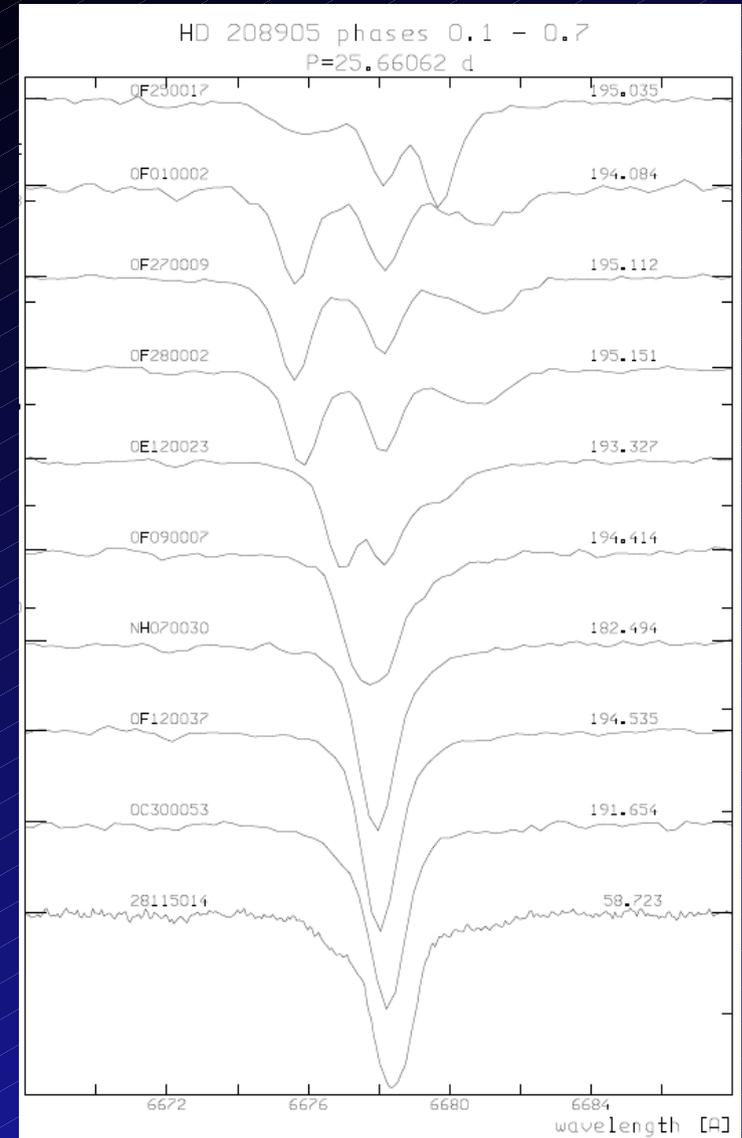
Aerts 2003

Eps Cep -  $\delta$  Sct type

# Many spectra overplotted to find cuts

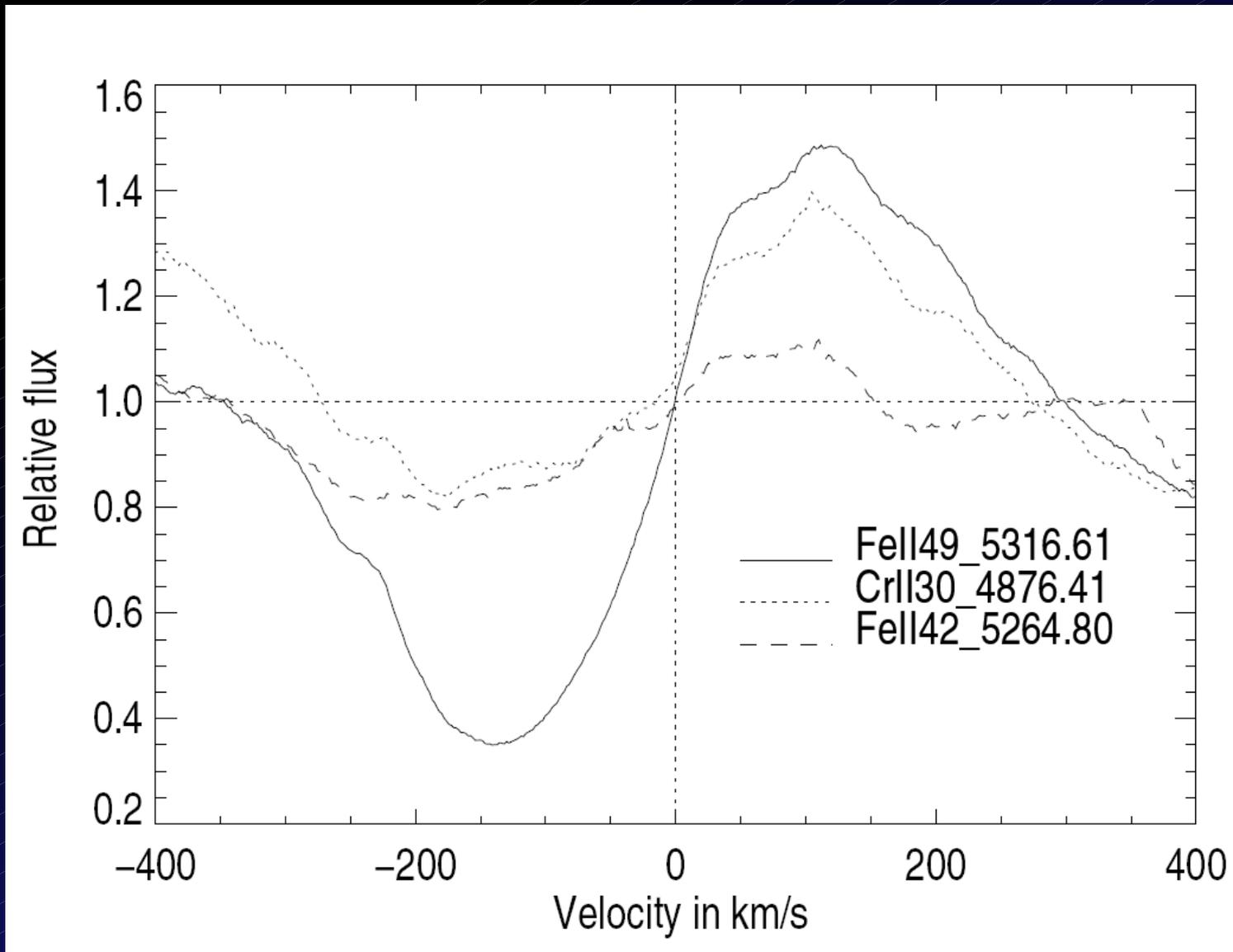


V436 Per : Janik 2003

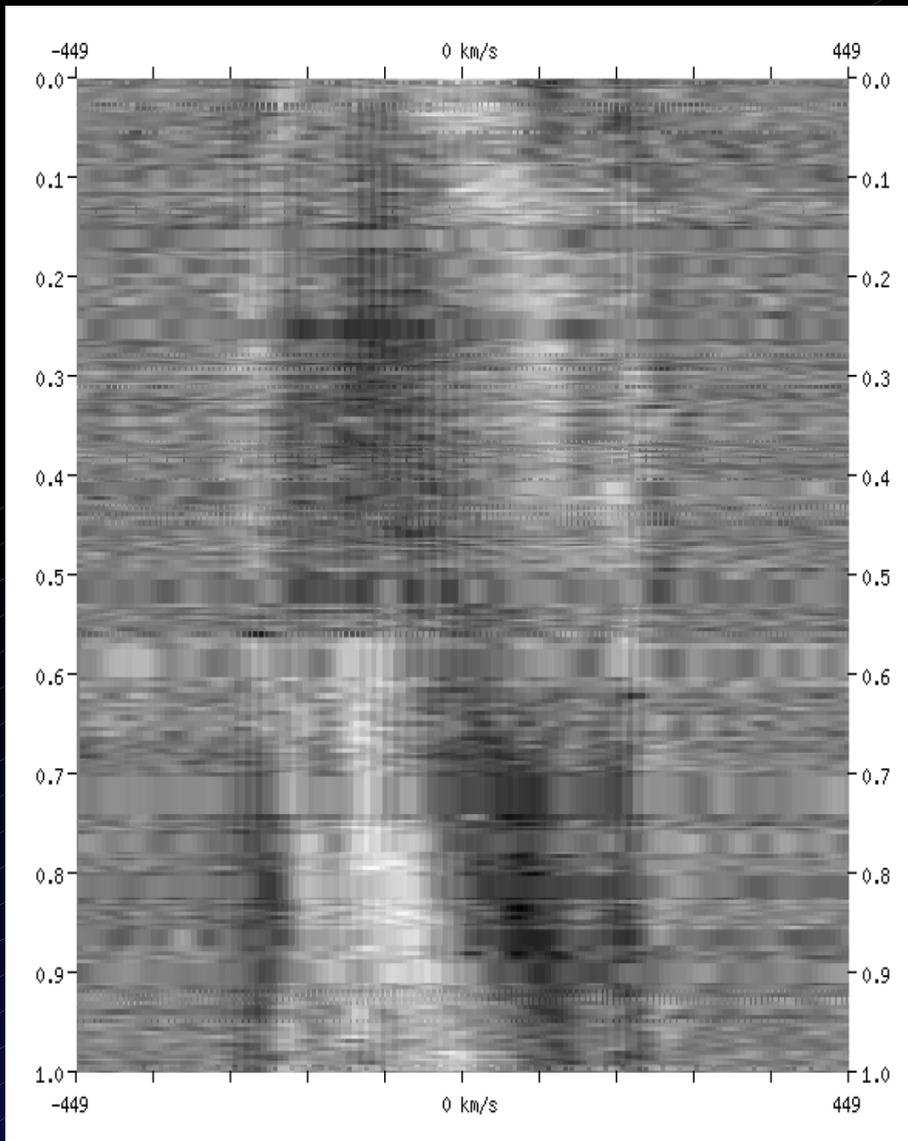


HD208905: Koubsky et al. 2006

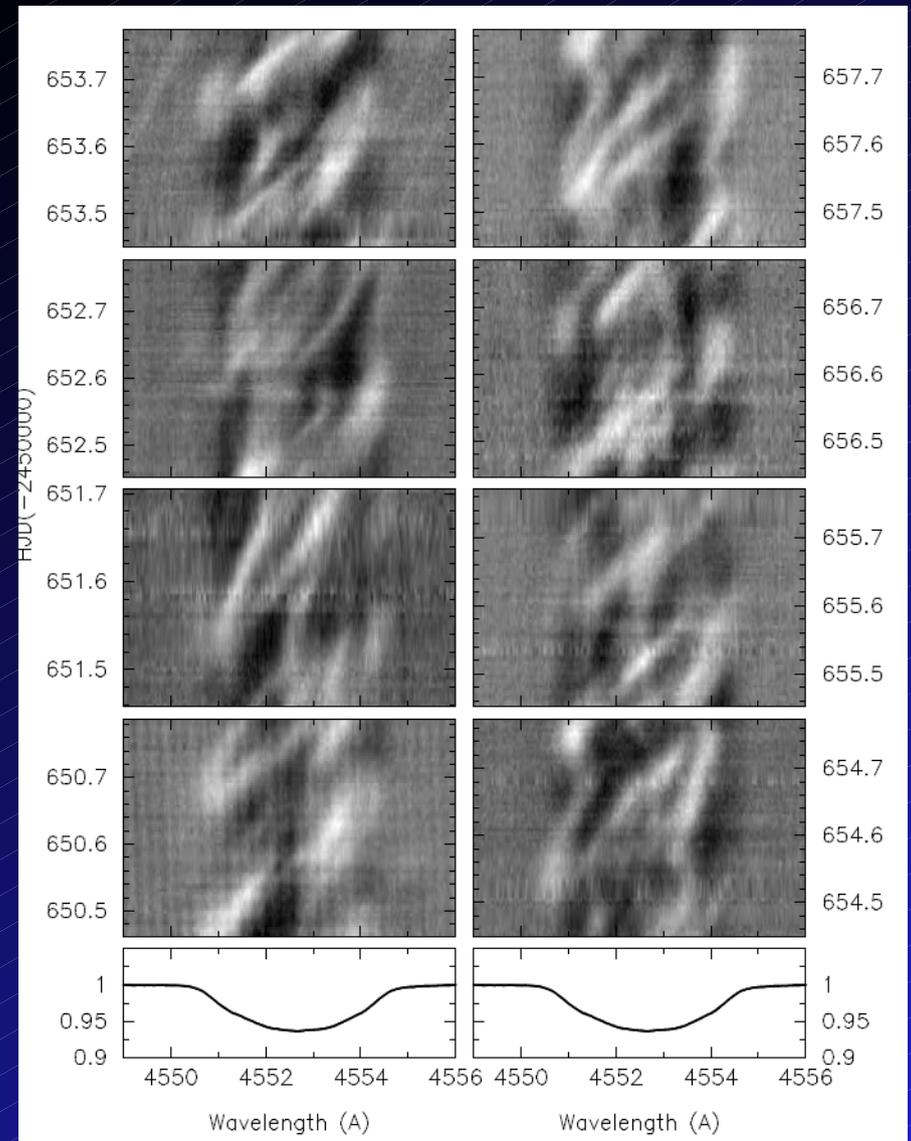
# Different Lines overplotted in RV (cutout service for echelle?)



# Dynamic Spectra



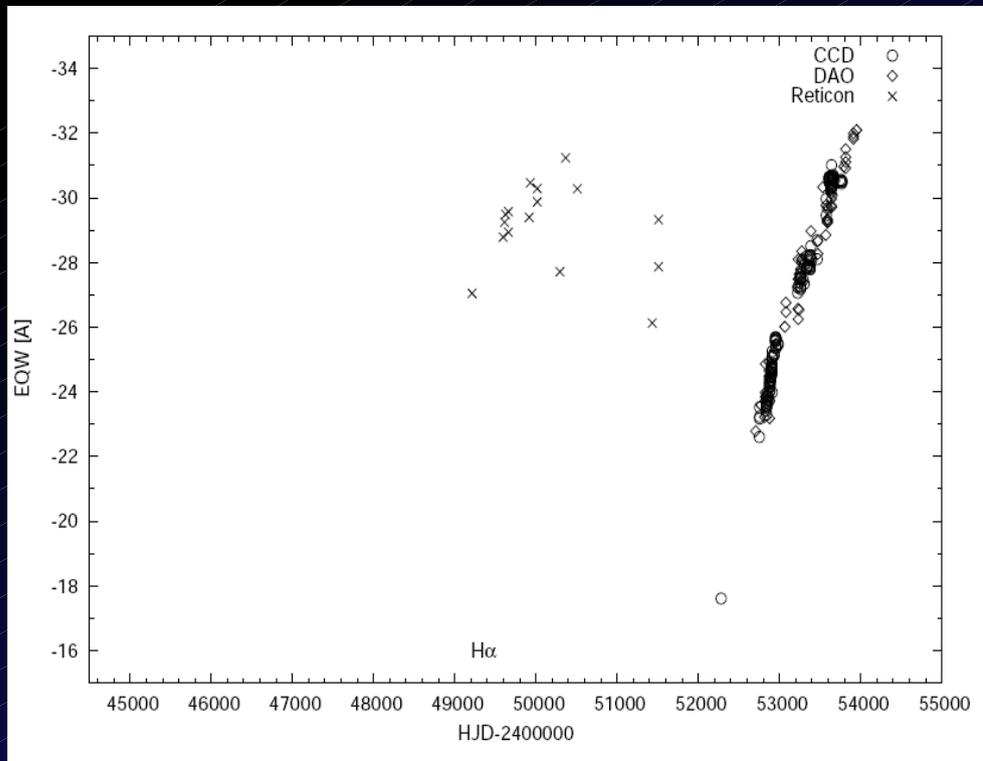
6 Cep: Netolický 2004



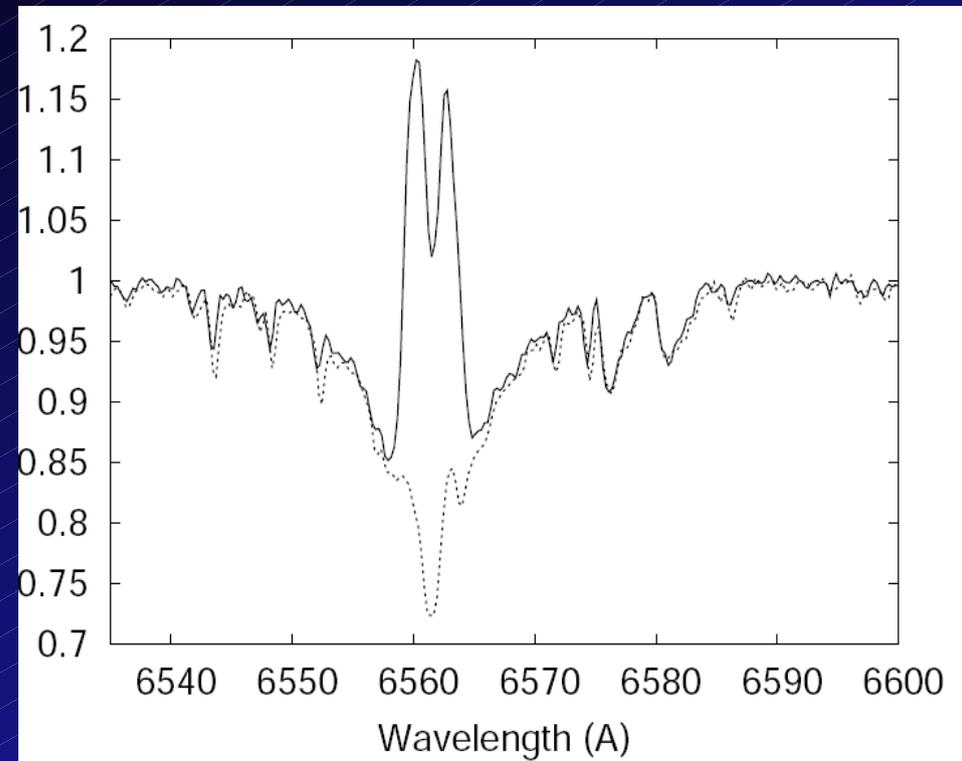
Lambda Sco: Uytterhoeven 2004

# Changes of EW in Time

- Batchmode processing, workflows
- Intrinsically parallel – simple algorithm
- Result – one number – plot for each line in time



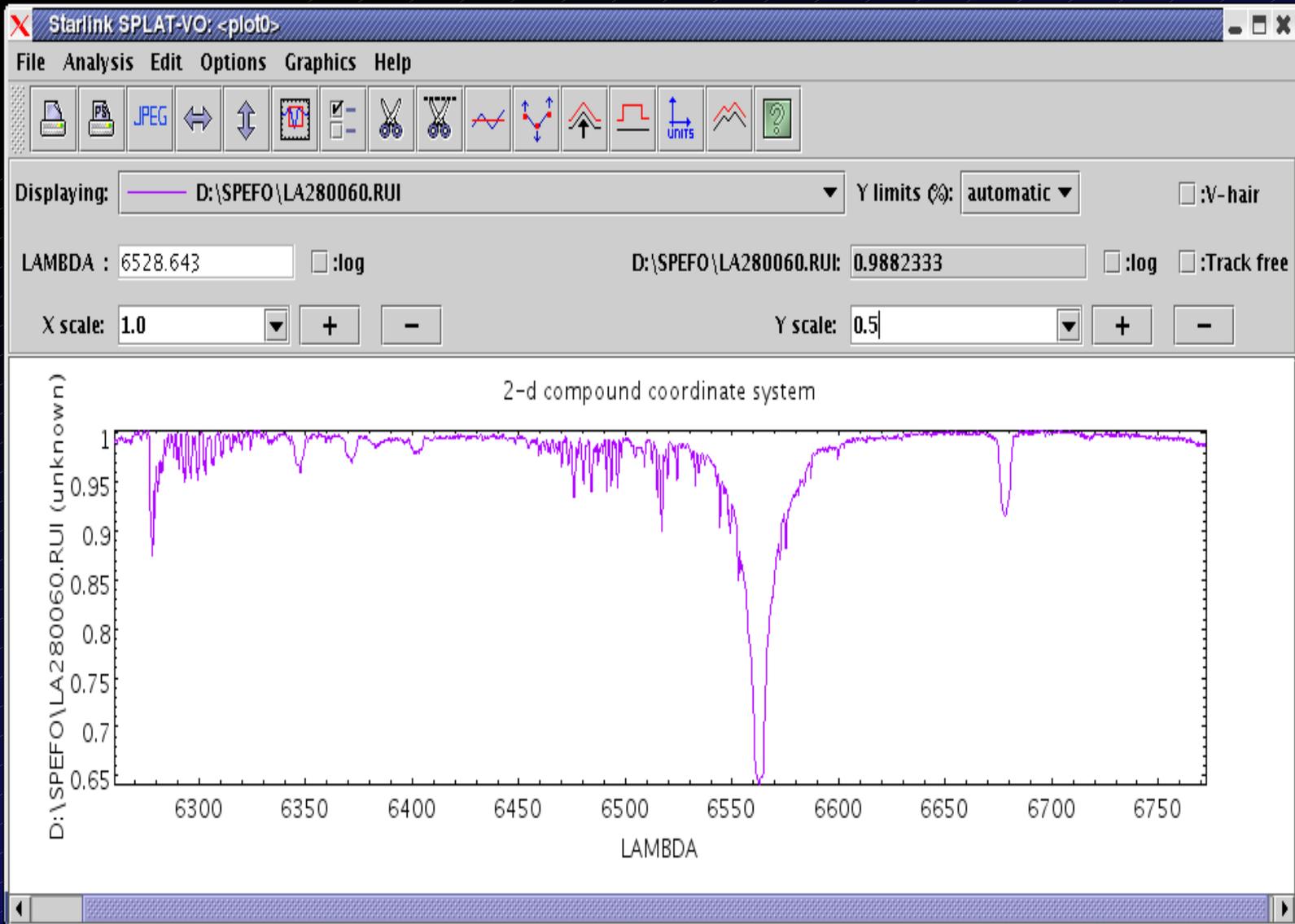
Omi Cas : Koubsky et al. 2004



HD6226 : Slechta and Skoda 2004

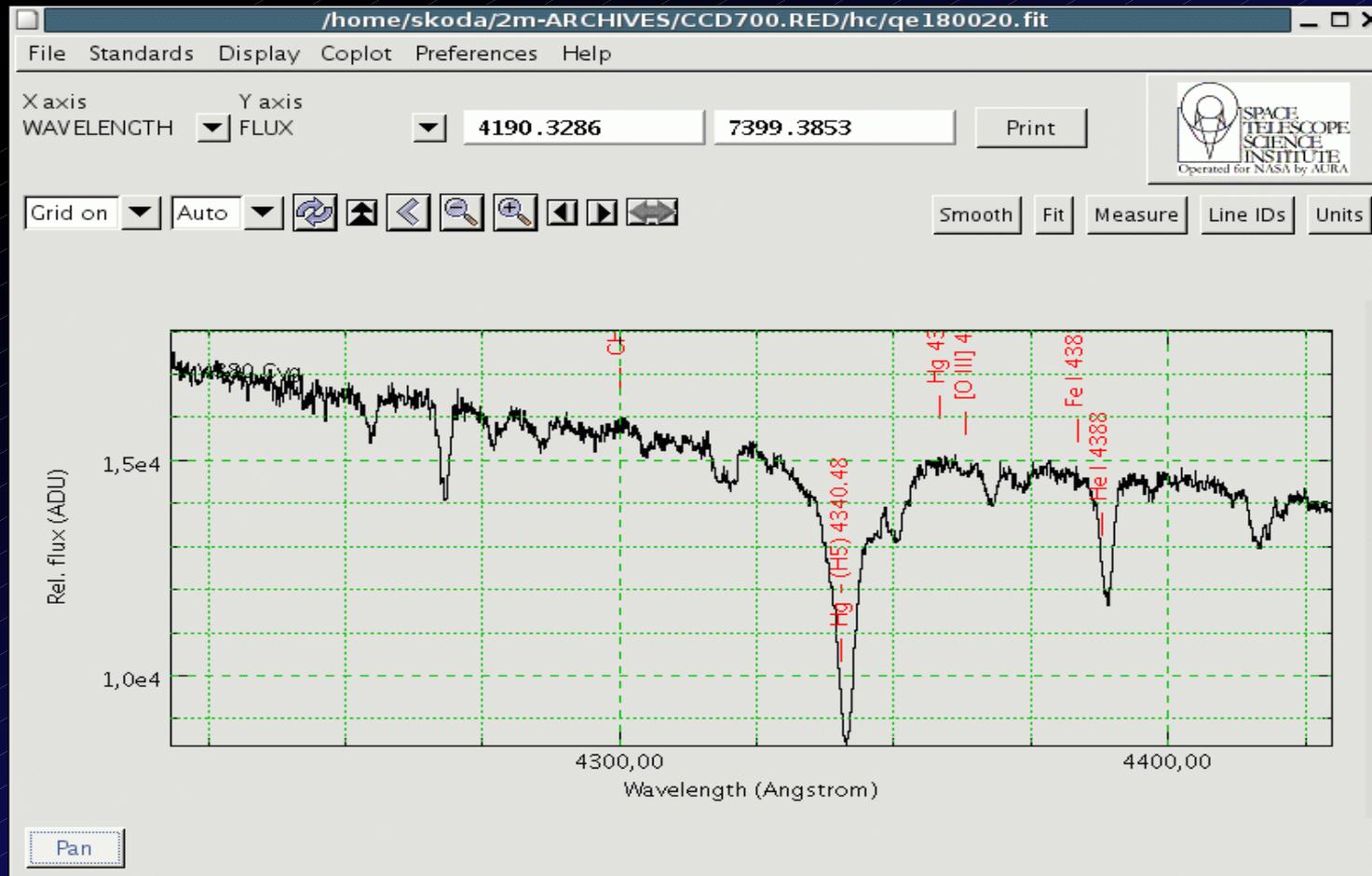
# SPLAT-VO

- VO Client for analysis (SSA and local files)  
1D FITS IRAF WCS (CRVAL1, CDELTA1)



# SpecView 2.14.1

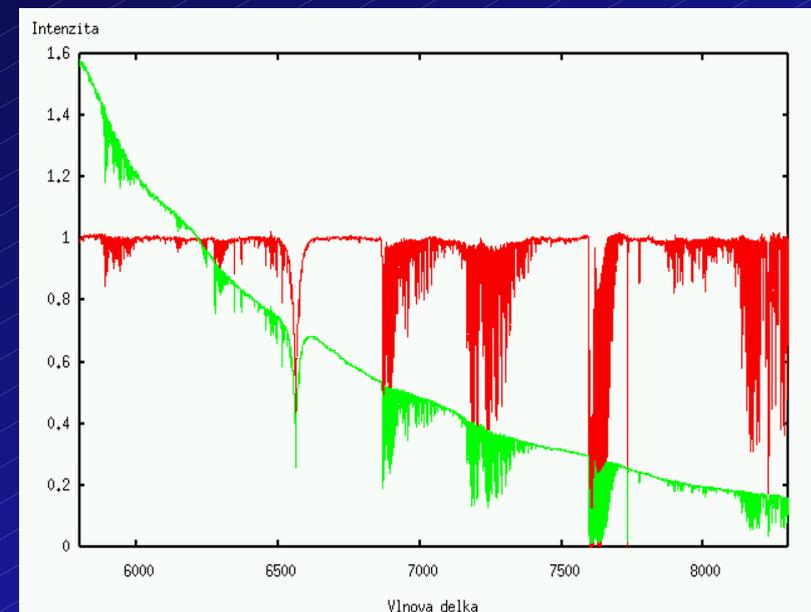
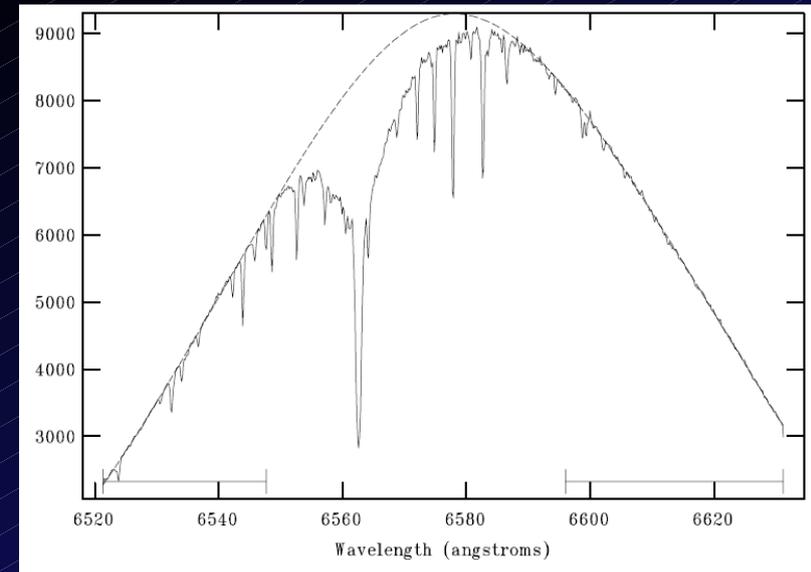
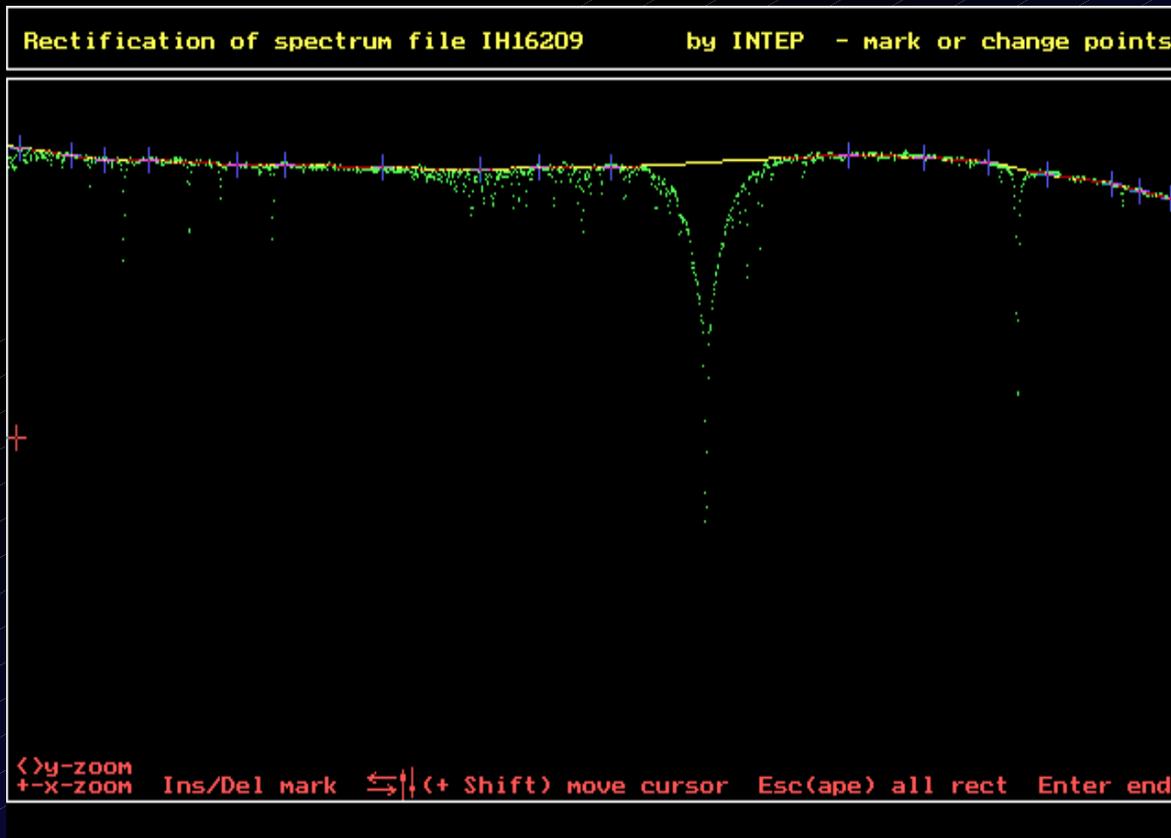
- VO Client for analysis (SSA and local files)  
1D FITS IRAF WCS (CRVAL1, CDELTA1)



# SDM and SSAP Issues

- NORMALIZED FluxCalib
- Handling the Continuum Tree
  - Like Background Tree, both are line fits
  - Background=fit from sides of COP as well
  - Methods of Continuum placement  
(math + physics – rather art and knowledge )
  - Crucial for trusted physical parameters  
(EW of shallow lines)
  - Challenge for echelles !
  - Continuum is a fit - function, not data points

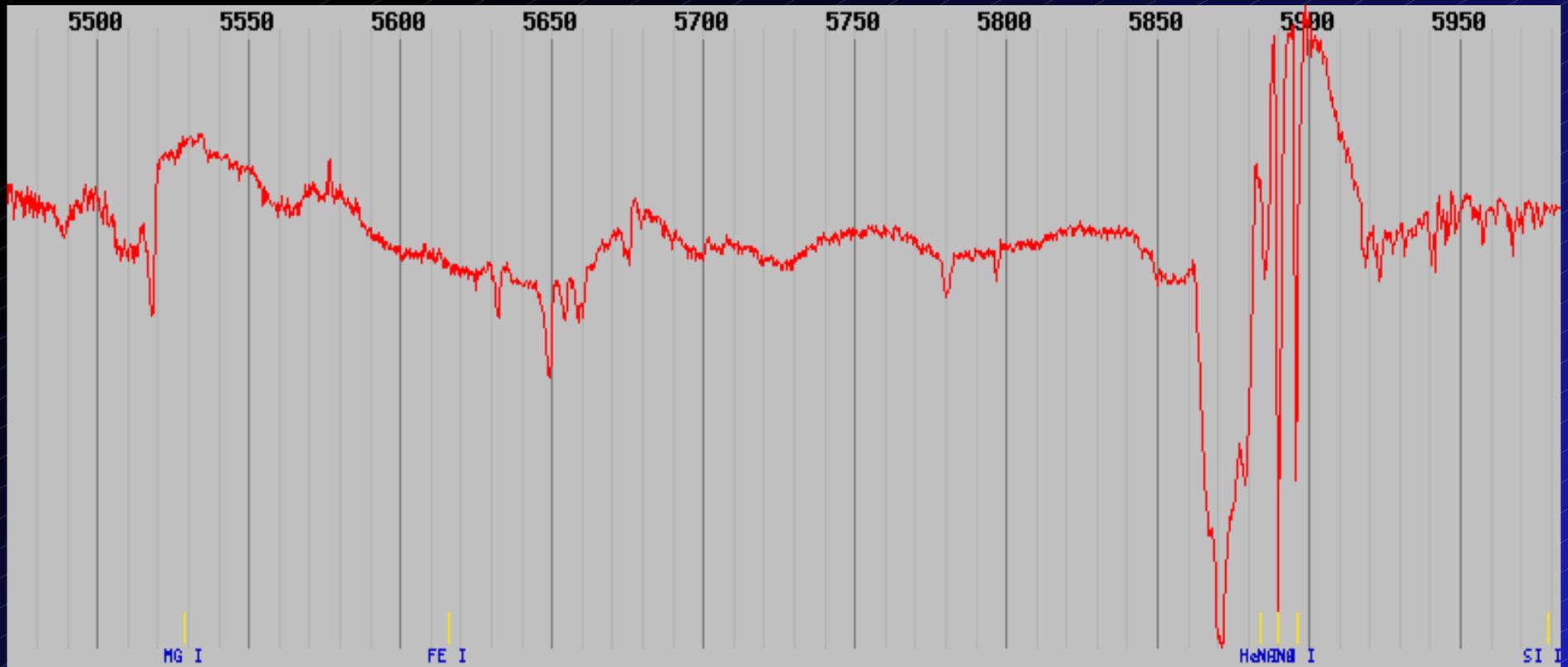
# Rectification (Normalization)



Echelle - tricky

# Continuum ???

V 475 Sct =Nova Where is the continuum ? P Cyg profiles



# NORMALIZED (Rectified)

- Data published in two versions
  - Raw counts (unrectified, but wavelength calib)
  - Normalized (1.0) – most of final reports (even artistic continuum – novae , molecular bands)
- Current tools (very few legacy) do not support both unrectified and rectified in one file (would be nice to switch on and off for check !!!)
- VO could help here (2 images, same metadata, different queries – joined in client)
- Curation metadata for description of reduction methods, algorithms, tools, comp arc linelist...

# NORMALIZED vs. Absolute Flux Calib.

- Problems with ground (optical) absolute flux calibration
  - nothing special – the same art of fit using certain bins on standard star like continuum windows
  - Is again just a function NOT DATA !!
  - Mimics the reality – depends on distribution of bins
- Two products at the same time as above:
  - observed uncalibrated
  - after division by a sensitivity function
- In normalized and abs flux is useful to get the function itself by a separate query (arith.ratio\*)

# Data format problems

- Most ground based optical spectra consumed in 1D FITS – killer app = *splot*, *spectool*
  - Format of data reduction output
  - IRAF *apall* (*doslit*, *echelle*)
  - MIDAS *echelle* – *bdf* converted to FITS
  - Analysis in *splot*
  - IRAF WCS (*WATn* – polynomials for dispersion)
  - Common file – FITS with *CRVAL1*, *CDELTA1*, *CRPIX=1* (?), *CTYPE =??*, *units= A*
  - Example: Conversion of bin tables *tprint* to ASCII – *rspectxt* -> 1D FITS because of *splot* !

# Data format problems

- 1D FITS not flexible (errors, quality)
- Not precise (nonlinear disp. rebinning)
- But de facto standard (legacy app. – conserved for new SW)
- It is accepted by FITS WG – mime appl/fits
- Why not accept for VO ? - Not just propagate in `FORMAT=NATIVE`
- VO client should understand – transparent services – on-the-fly conversion to bintable ???
- Or accept as it is – M. Taylor: library VO client

# Killer VO spectral applications

- Use VO to find all stars with emission in given line ( $EW < 0$ ) – find the time when it was in emission
- Use VO to get 1000 spectra of the given object cut out regions around given lines, plot the lines, make a gray dynamic spectrum
- The same – search period, fold by period
- Get the unknown line ID of piece of spectra from SLAP overplotted over SSA data
- Create Light and RV curve for given period from SSA data
- Fit the grid of models ( $T_{\text{eff}}$ ,  $\log g$ ) to many stars