



und Forschung

Provenance Webapp for RAVE - Recent updates

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RAVE Provenance

- Using RAVE pipeline (workflow) as example
 - 1/2 million sources observed, spectra
 - different calibration steps, combining and splitting files, generating radial velocities, stellar properties, crossmatching with other catalogues
 - data release: mainly tables with stellar properties



RAVE Provenance webapp

- Django web application (Python)
- Prototype for implementing IVOA ProvenanceDM
- Features:
 - implementation of main classes as Django models
 - list all instances of a class (Rest API)
 - show details for a single object (Rest API)
 - ProvDAL access for retrieving provenance for given id
 - serialisation of provenance information, IVOA and W3C versions
 - visualisation of provenance using javascript

https://github.com/kristinriebe/provenance-rave https://escience.aip.de/provenance-rave

RAVE Provenance webapp

- Each provenance class implemented as Django model (Python class), database table generated automatically
- Contains main classes from draft, no description classes (yet)
- Overview of implemented classes (auto-generated):



RAVE Provenance webapp

- ActivityFlow + HadStep:
 - could just add flag/attribute to Activity to mark ActivityFlow
 - decided here for extra class, inherit from Activity
 - advantage: explicit link to class ActivityFlow in HadStep
 - no flow-specific attributes needed



django-prov_vo

- Basic provenance implementation now (mostly) separated from RAVE-specific attributes etc.
- => reusable package "django-prov_vo" (~ abstract classes)



=> all project specific attributes, extensions can be stored in the main app,
=> common provenance implementation can be the same for each webapp

django-prov_vo

- classes in RAVE webapp inherit from basic classes
- e.g.: class RaveActivity(prov_vo.models.Activity)



• still work in progress

ProvDAL

- Implemented ProvDAL interface for retrieving serialized provenance description for a given entity/activity, included in django-prov_vo package
- Parameters (from draft):
 - ID (of entity or activity, can occur multiple times)
 - STEP (=LAST or ALL)
 - FORMAT (=PROV-N or PROV-JSON)
- Additionally:
 - option FORMAT=GRAPH
 - parameter MODEL (=/VOA or W3C)
 - Web form for nice user interface

ProvDAL webform



Automatically generates the ProvDAL GET request URL: https://escience.aip.de/provenancerave/provapp/provdal/?ID=rave:20121220_0752m38_089&STEP=LAST&FORMAT=PROV-N&MODEL=IVOA

ProvDAL questions

- STEP=LAST:
 - Interprete as 1 step backwards in time?
 - Or just go exactly 1 *relation* further (in each direction)?



ProvDAL questions

- STEP=LAST:
 - Maybe rename (STEP=ONE)?
 - Maybe use integer instead and allow to specify depth?
 - STEP=1 (follow 1 relation (=LAST))
 - STEP=3 (follow 3 relations)
 - STEP=-1 (follow all)

Serialisations

- General remarks:
 - everything needs to be qualified!
- Need W3C and IVOA serialisations:
 - W3C: as defined in W3C ProvDM standards, for compatibility with the world
 - IVOA: same formats as W3C, + VOTable
 - more direct representation of the data model classes
 - use "voprov" as prefix everywhere
- ActivityFlow in W3C
 - Several options tried:

Serialisations: ActivityFlow as W3C

- Use Bundle?
 - But bundles are entities, not activities
 - Content of bundle cannot be accessed/linked to directly
- D-PROV: use Plan & wasAssoc.With for workflows, no agents specified
 - But Plan is an *entity*, not activityFlow
- First approach:
 - Create *plan* for each *activityFlow*
 - Link activities to their activityFlow by linking with its plan via a wasAssociatedWith-relation without agent

Serialisations: ActivityFlow as W3C

- Final solution: wasInfluencedBy
 - = general relation between entities, activities or agents
 - Used, WasInformedBy, etc. are special cases of this
 - W3C does not define the special case "HadStep", so we just use wasInfluencedBy instead

Tracking provenance

- Recursive functions:
 - find_entity
 - find_activity
- Recursive, because: do not know, how many steps to go backwards
- There may be loops (it's a graph, not a tree), so nodes may be visited more than once
- only backwards in time
- only "upwards", i.e. follow to parents of hadStep/hadMember, but do not follow children

Open for discussions