

IVOA Northern Spring 2024 Interoperability Meeting
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SCO-08: Archives Software Development

**ESAC** 

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Release 9.0.0: Library stabilization.

Making the library more stable by fixing bugs, optimizing performance and addressing standard issues:

- ADQL as an independent module of the library
- Adopt latest ADQL 2.1 and DALI 1.1 recommendations
- Adding IT coverage for most of the TAP main functionality



Release 9.1.0 till 9.9.0 (1/3)

- TAP/DataLink authentication mechanism now aligns with IVOA recommendations:
  - IVOA Single-Sign-On Profile: Authentication Mechanisms
     Version 2.0
    - IVOA Recommendation 2017-05-24
  - GWS WG IVOA Interop 27 April 2022
    - https://www.ivoa.net/documents/SSO/20170524/index.html
    - https://github.com/ivoa-std/SSO/



Release 9.1.0 till 9.9.0 (2/3)

- New commands for updating tables already listed in a TAP service
- Improved support to the Observation Data Model Core (ObsCore) standard
  - Automatically check datatypes, ucd, utypes, xtype on all the table columns
- Adds recommended ADQL 2.1 IVO healpix-related functions
- Improved support to Greenplum databases



Release 9.1.0 till 9.9.0 (3/3)

- More robust session handling behaviour
- Support of POST request methods in the TAP Data Distribution
  - Remove current limit for the arguments size
- Direct Download Strategy
  - First implemented by Euclid team and now integrated in the common library
  - Avoid the generation of big bundles in the server
  - Save server resources (cpu/disk space/memory)
  - User can still decide what to load

### **ESAC TAP future developments**



#### Medium-term planning:

- Migrate to a Spring framework and annotation-based implementation
  - Required step before adopting OpenAPI
- TAP stateless version

#### Long-term planning:

- Improved support to different databases
- Support of new HEALPix Multi-Order Coverage (MOC) functions and types
- Authentication & Authorisation

#### **Medium-term planning**



Migrate to a Spring framework and annotation-based implementation (1/2):

- Reduced Boilerplate Code: Annotation-based configuration in Spring reduces the need for verbose XML configuration files, resulting in cleaner and more concise code. This makes development faster and easier to maintain.
- **Increased Productivity**: Annotations provide a more declarative and intuitive way to configure components, reducing the time required for setup and configuration. Developers can focus more on business logic rather than infrastructure concerns.
- Simplified Dependency Injection (DI): Spring's dependency injection mechanism, facilitated by annotations like @Autowired, simplifies the management of object dependencies. This allows for loose coupling between components, making the codebase more modular and easier to test.

#### Medium-term planning



Migrate to a Spring framework and annotation-based implementation (2/2)

- Integrated Testing Support: Spring provides robust support for unit and integration testing. Annotations like @RunWith and @SpringBootTest facilitate the creation of test cases, while features like Dependency Injection make it easier to mock dependencies for isolated testing.
- Built-in Security Features: Spring Security, integrated with Spring MVC, provides comprehensive security features such as authentication, authorization, and session management. Annotations like @Secured, @PreAuthorize, and @PostAuthorize make it easy to secure web endpoints and control access to resources.
- **Support for Web MVC**: Spring MVC offers a robust model-view-controller (MVC) framework for building web applications. Annotations like @Controller, @RequestMapping, and @ResponseBody simplify the development of RESTful APIs and web services.

# Medium-term planning: TAP stateless



TAP "stateless" version (1/2)

The advantages of a stateless server that we want for our TAP are:

- **Scalability**: Stateless servers are inherently easier to scale horizontally because they don't store any session state locally. This means you can add more instances of the server to handle increased load without worrying about synchronizing session state between instances.
- Fault Tolerance: Since there's no session state stored on the server, if a server instance fails, another instance can seamlessly take over without affecting the user experience. This improves fault tolerance and resilience in the system.

# Long-term planning: TAP stateless



TAP "stateless" version (2/2)

The existing TAP service does not operate as a stateless service. Certain information must be synchronized across all instances:

- Unique identifiers: Over all the different nodes of the cluster
- Job Metadata: State information and job results need to be consistently shared among all instances.
- User Quota: A stateless service requires shared access to user quota information from different nodes in the system to enforce defined restrictions regardless the instance being used
- Session handling, shared filesystem, database write access, UWS events, ...

A related but different issue is to connect more than one TAP service to the same database to avoid data duplication and allow to share job information between TAPs

## Long-term planning: Support different databases



#### Managing different databases

- Reasoning: Is not always possible to provide a common solution for all our archives
- Current databases supported:
  - PostgreSQL: A powerful, open source object-relational database
  - Greenplum: A massively parallel processing (MPP) database management system designed for analytics and data warehousing based on open-source PostgreSQL
- Requirements:
  - Transparent for the developer using our library
  - Optimized code for all the scenarios
  - Integration tests dealing with all different configurations

# Long-term planning: TAP A&A



#### TAP Authentication & Authorisation

- Defining public, private and shared tables
- Row level authorisation in a table
- User groups/roles, one user included in one or more groups

### **Questions / feedback**



