

EXPANDING THE FRONTIERS OF SPACE ASTRONOMY

UWS through OpenAPI

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What were the goals?

What would a UWS 1.1 OpenAPI specification look like?

Why UWS?

- A sufficiently complicated example of a web service pattern that is already very RESTful in its design.
- No part of it requires describing / modeling data formats. (VOTables)

Demonstrate:

- Paths, operations, parameters, and protocol models could be adequately represented.
- Version changes, iterative and large updates, were easy to create and work against.
- We could take advantage of modern tooling that uses OpenAPI standards.
- Find anti-patterns and pain points along the way.





Describing UWS in 3 steps

As an exercise, create 3 versions of the spec, with their own goals:

"As-Is"

- Describe the current
 UWS 1.1 standard as
 closely as possible
- Only make changes that are not otherwise possible to avoid.

"Refinement"

- Small changes that solve current antipatterns
- Non-breaking / as
 easy for client
 developers as
 possible

"What-If?"

A more RESTful-ish version of UWS

Remove dependence on XML encoding



Problems? What problems?

Some of the problems & HTTP/REST issues in UWS have been pointed out in previous Interops.

Some are small and simple to fix, some are definitely breaking

- Case-insensitive query parameters
- 303 HTTP status codes for successful operations (creating Jobs)
- POST operations for updating Job parameters
- Difficult to describe nuances of the XML schema
- Empty response bodies for certain Job parameters
- Unclear which parameters can be updated with POSTS to their endpoint.

See: P3T Sydney 2024 & DAL Bologna 2023





UWS OpenAPI v1.1 - "As-Is"

Version 1:

A mostly straight-forward description of UWS 1.1 into an OpenAPI specification.

Positives:

- Fairly simple to do, UWS is already very RESTful in its design
- Paths, operations easy to document no conflict with OpenAPI specs
- Request & response models are passably described XML can be tricky

Negatives:

- OpenAPI 3.0 has XML support, but the UWS schema is complex
- · Case-insensitive query parameters are (basically) impossible
- Redocly linting immediately noticed HTTP status code problem



```
paths:
                                 /{job-id}:
   /: ---
                                   parameters: --
  /{job-id}:
                                   get:
                                      Scan | Try it | Audit
                                                                                                 JobSummary:
     parameters: --
                                      operationId: getJobSummary
                                                                                                   type: object
     get: ...
                                                                                                   description:
                                      summary: 'Returns the job summary'
     post: -
                                                                                                     The complete representation of the sta
                                      parameters: --
                                                                                                   title: jobSummary
     delete:
                                      responses:
                                                                                                   required: [jobId]
   /{job-id}/phase:
                                        '200':
                                                                                                   properties:
                                                                                                     jobId:
     parameters: --
                                           description: Success
                                                                                                       type: string
     get:
                                           content:
                                                                                                       description: |
                                             application/xml:
     post: -
                                                                                                        The identifier for the job
                                                                                                       example: 'HSC_XYZ_123'
                                               schema:
   /{job-id}/executiondur
                                                                                                     runId:
                                                  $ref: '#/components/schemas/Job'
     parameters: --
                                                                                                       type: string
                                         '403':
                                                                                                       maxItems: 1
     get:
                                           $ref: '#/components/responses/Forbidden'
                                                                                                       description: |--
                                                                                                       example: 'JWST-1234'
      "As-Is" OpenAPI Document
                                                                                                     ownerId:
                                                   '#/components/responses/JobNotFound
                                                                                                       type: string
       • Examples here of:
                                                                                                       nullable: true

    Path parameters and operations

                                                                                                       description: |--
                                                                                                       example: 'Noirlab/John.Smith'
          • Response enumeration
                                                                                                     phase:
         • Request & response models
                                                                                                       $ref: '#/components/schemas/Execution
       Github Link:
       https://github.com/jwfraustro/PTTT/tree/uws-basic
```

UWS OpenAPI v1.2 - "Refinement"

Version 2: Small changes to fix design issues without greatly changing the spec.

Minimal to implement for services, clients.
 An example of how it's easy to see changes in the OpenAPI document.

Change	Example	Breaking?
All query parameters shall be lowercase or camelCase (for multi-word params)	PHASE -> phase OtherParam -> otherParam	No. DALI allows arbitrary casing.
HTTP status codes for GET's to empty parameters should indicate as such	GET /quote 204, No-Content or 200, null	Yes, but a simple change.
303 Redirects (for POST's, etc.) changed to their appropriate status codes	POST /jobs should return 200 OK	Yes, but a simple change.

```
paths:
      get:
         Scan | Try it | Audit
         operationId: getJobList
         summary: Returns the list of UWS jobs
         parameters:
           - name: phase ---
           - name: after…
           - name: last ---
         responses: --
      post:
         Scan | Try it | Audit
         operationId: postCreateJob
         summary: 'Submits a job'
         requestBody: --
         responses:
            '200': ...
            1/021...
        "Refinement" OpenAPI Document

    New OpenAPI document on the left

         • Git diffs between the two versions are easy to see
           and understand.
      Github Link:
      https://github.com/jwfraustro/PTTT/tree/uws-improved
```

```
summary: Returns the list of UWS jobs
parameters:
                               /{job-id}/destruction:
  - name: PHASE
                                 parameters:
  - name: phase
                                  - $ref: '#/components/parameters/job-id'
    in: query
                                get:
   description: 'Execution p
                                  operationId: getJobDestruction
   schema:
                                   summary: 'Returns the job destruction time'
     $ref: '#/components/sch
  - name: AFTER
                                   responses:
                                     '200':
  - name: after
   in: query
                                       description: Success
   description: 'Return jobs
                                       content:
   schema:
                                         text/plain:
     type: string
                                           schema:
     format: date-time
                                             type: string
  - name: LAST
                                             format: date-time
  - name: last
                                     '204':
   in: query
                                       description: 'No destruction time set'
   description: 'Return only
                                     '403':
   schema:
```

- "RUN"

- "ABORT"

- "SUSPEND"

- "ARCHIVE"

responses:

'303':

operationing yeldourist

'200':

description: "Success"

\$ref: '#/components/responses/JobSummaryRedirect'

\$ref: '#/components/responses/JobSummaryResponse'



UWS OpenAPI vX - "What-if?"

Version X: An exercise in creating a more modern UWS pattern with OpenAPI Changes:

- All of the previous changes
- Request / response job messages are fully JSONSchema describable.
 - Means we get more varied native encoding formats.
- Job creation by POST'ing the document no HTTP/form-encoded

Is it breaking?

Well, yes.

Working on a prototype implementation at MAST w/ FastAPI client libraries.

"What-If" OpenAPI Document Removal of http/form-encoded. • Simple to represent change, just point the request body at the 'Parameters' object

https://github.com/jwfraustro/PTTT/tree/UWS-MAST

Github Link:

```
post:
 operationId: postCreateJob
  tags: [UWS]
 summary: 'Submits a job'
  requestBody:
   description: 'Job parameters'
    required: true
    content:
      application/x-www-form-urlencoded:
      application/json:
       schema:
          type: object
          properties:
            # Examples for TAP implementation
            QUERY:
              type: string
              description: 'The query to be performed'
              example: 'SELECT * FROM TAP_SCHEMA.tables'
            LANG:
              type: string
              description: 'The language in which the query should be performed'
              example: 'ADQL'
          additionalProperties: true
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/Parameters'
```

Documentation.

In the end, adopting OpenAPI specifications for our standards means:

- Explicit, technical and readable descriptions of our services.
- Easier on-boarding for developers. (client, service, contributors)
- Lower maintenance both developing the standard and implementing it.
- All the modern tooling and industry support that comes with it.

- Take a look at the "As-Is" version of the OpenAPI spec.
 - Can be ready for adoption in the near future.
 - Needs review from more eyes (than mine!)
- Think about how we would integrate OpenAPI docs with our current document publishing pipelines.
- Keep pushing forward with JSON-compatible implementation / libraries.
- Look at how proposed changes/tweaks affect client software.



Bonus: PetStore IVOA Spec

IVOA-style standards document for the classic PetStore API example:

2.2.3.1. Getting the Pet List

The list of pets available in the Pet Store may be retrieved by sending a GET request to the endpoint /pets. In this case, the query parameters that may be included in the request are LIMIT, which restricts the number of pet items returned, and STATUS, which allows the client to specify a filter based on the current availability of the pets. The status parameter accepts the values "AVAILABLE", "PENDING", or "SOLD". The response to this request will contain a JSON array of pet objects, each representing a distinct pet record in the system.

Upon successful retrieval, the response code will be 200 "OK", and the response body will contain a JSON representation of the pets matching the query parameters, if any. The server may also respond with a 400 "Bad Request" status code if the request parameters are invalid (for example, if limit is non-numeric or negative).



Bonus: PetStore IVOA Spec

Can you diff it?

1 2.2.3.1. Getting the Pet List

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4

Upon successful retrieval, the response code will be 200 "OK", and the response body will contain a JSON representation of the pets matching the query parameters, if any. The server may also respond with a 400 "Bad Request" status code if the request parameters are invalid (for example, if limit is non-numeric or negative).

1 2.2.3.1. Getting the Pet List

A client may access the list of pets in the Pet Store by initiating a GET request to /pets. Clients can include optional query parameters in the request to influence the returned data. These parameters include QUANTITY, which specifies the desired count of pet items in the response, and STATE, which allows clients to specify a filter based on the current state of the pets, accepting values such as "ACTIVE", "RESERVED", or "SOLD". The server's response will include a JSON-formatted array of objects, each representing a pet with various attributes.

4

On successful execution of the request, the server will return a status code of 200 "OK", with a JSON body representing the list of pets that meet the specified criteria. The server may return a 400 "Bad Request" if it detects invalid parameter values, such as a non-numeric quantity or unrecognized state value.



Bonus: PetStore IVOA Spec

```
/pets:
 get:
           Can you diff... the OpenAPI spec?
   tags:
     - pet
   summary: List all pets
   description: Returns all pets from the store
   operationId: listPets
   parameters:
     - name: limit
       in: query
       description: How many pets to return at one time (max 100)
       required: false
       schema:
         type: integer
         format: int32
     - name: status
       in: query
       description: Filter pets by status
       required: false
       schema:
         type: array
         items:
           type: string
           enum:
             available
             pending
             - sold
   responses:
```

```
/pets:
       get:
         tags:
           - pet
         summary: List all pets
         description: Returns all pets from the store
         operationId: listPets
         parameters:
           - name: quantity
 9
             in: query
10
             description: How many pets to return at one time (max 100)
11
             required: false
12
             schema:
13
               type: integer
14
               format: int32
15
           - name: state
16
17
             in: query
             description: Filter pets by status
18
             required: false
19
20
             schema:
21
               type: array
22
               items:
                 type: string
23
24
                 enum:
25
                   active
                   reserved
                   - sold
27
28
```

responses: