

# Data Mining of Be stars in VO

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# Motivations for Be Stars

The ~40 years of research in Ondřejov (data)

Stellar astronomers – non VO involved at all

way to convince them to use VO (their topic)

Be stars are mysterious (after >100 years)

Challenge for SSA postprocessing

Different time scales, quasi periodicity (not sure)

emission episodes, can look normal (20% of B = Be!)

Zoo of line profiles (winebottle, abs+em, high em)

# Astro Data Mining

Its fancy – emerging – attracting informaticians

Photometric data mining (using color indices)

Spectral data mining

specific profiles – emission in H $\alpha$  (other ?)

parameters for characterization – Gaussian fit

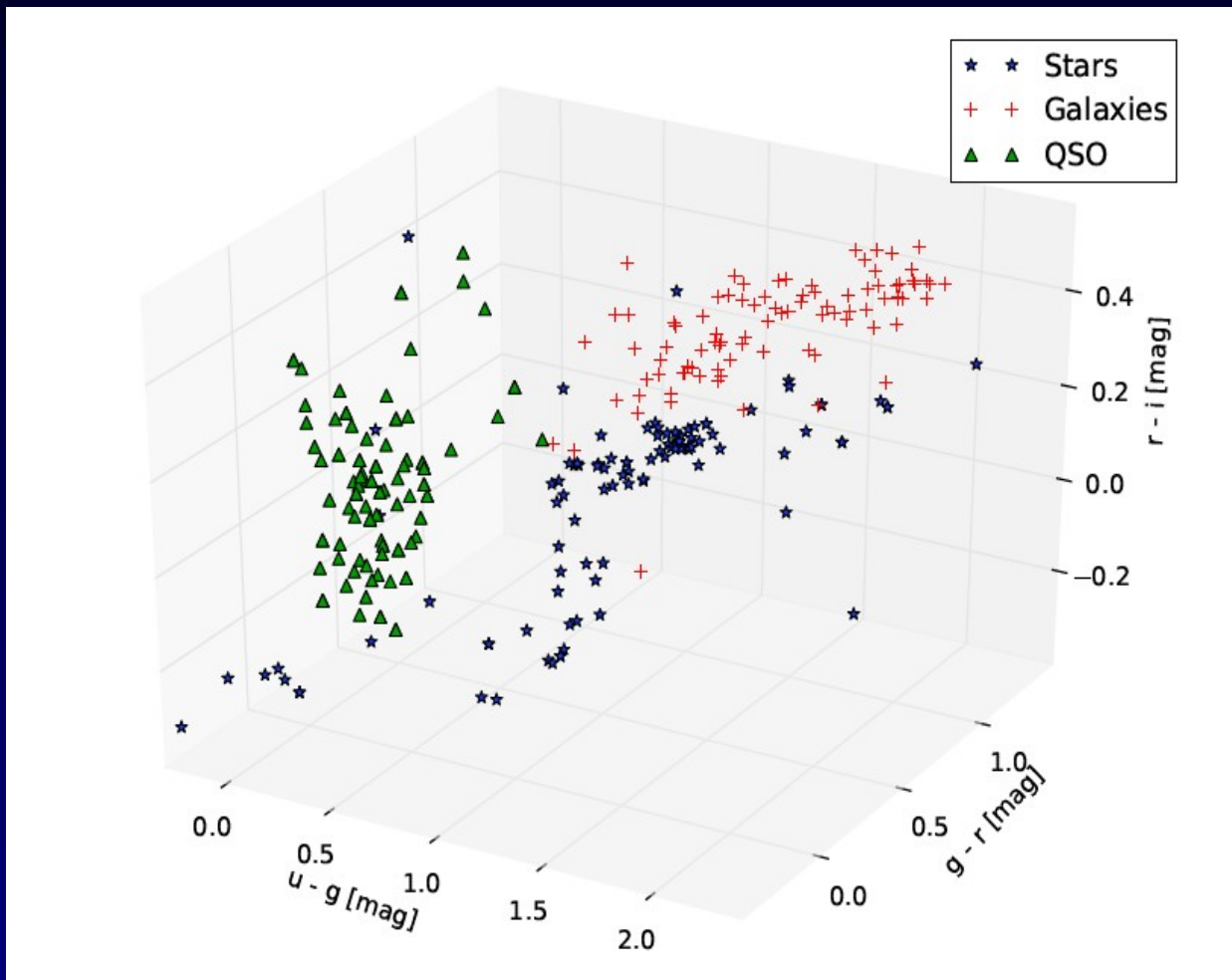
How the VO standards supports such DM ?

# Classification of different objects

SDSS (types in CAS)

Feasibility study – J.V Bachelor + semestral in DM

s	g	q	<-- classified as
88	7	5	s
7	92	0	g
2	0	97	q



100 stars  
99 galaxies  
99 QSO

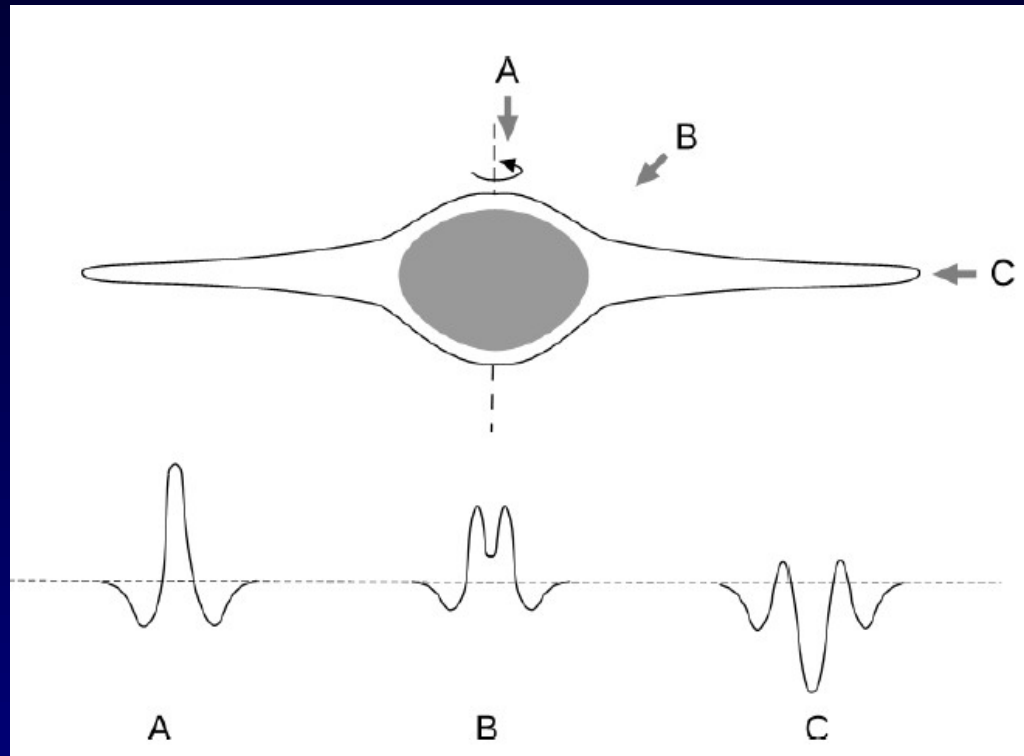
# Be Stars - Introduction

Gamma Cas (Padre Angello Secchi 1866)

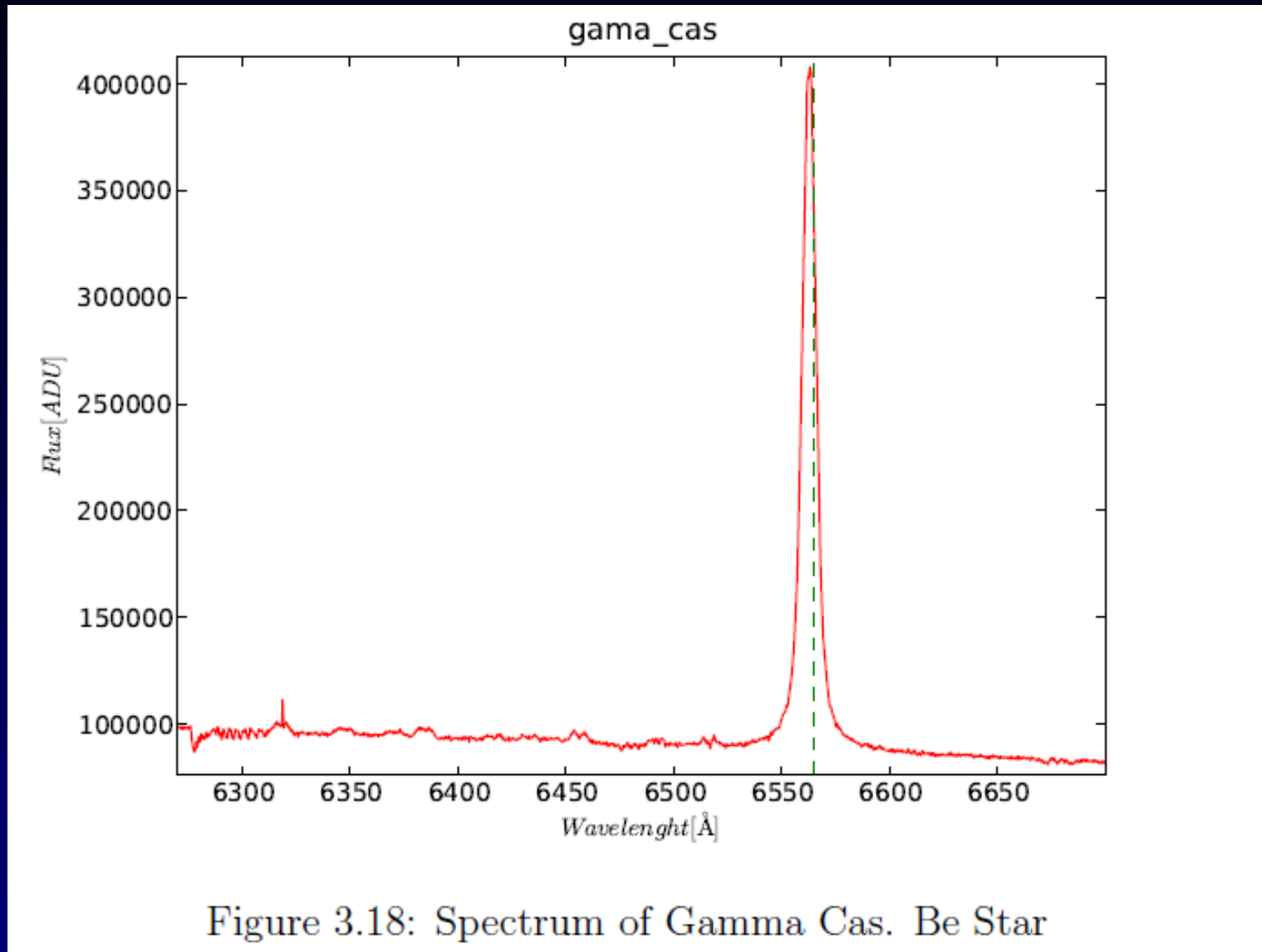
Vatican obs predecessor – visual spectrograph

Some have or have had emission in Balmer lines

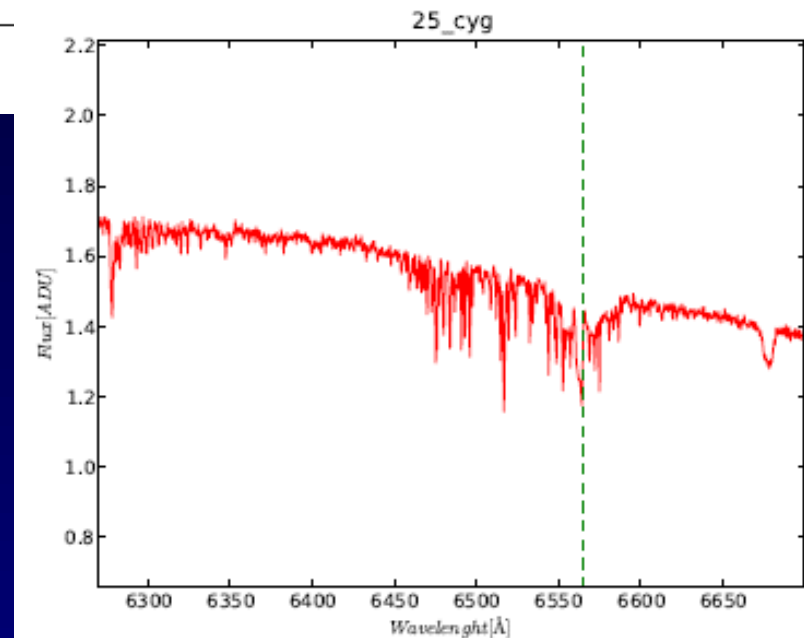
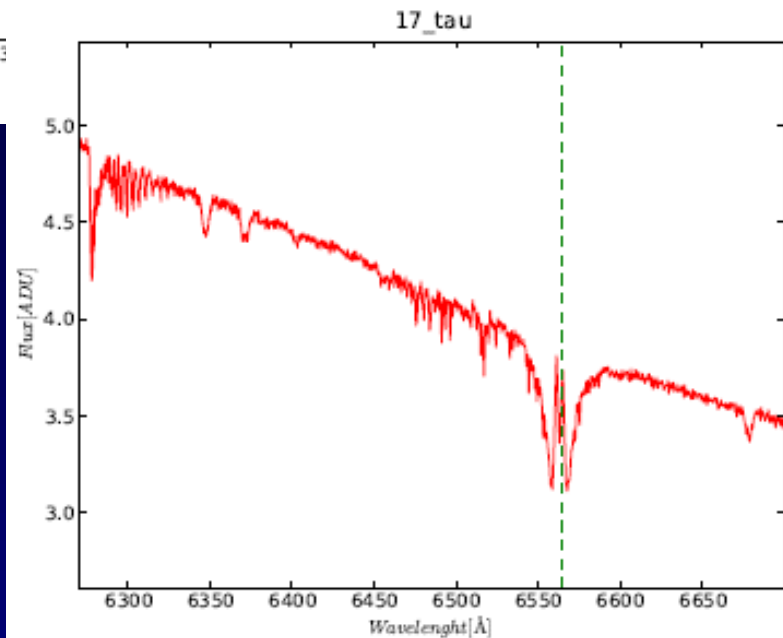
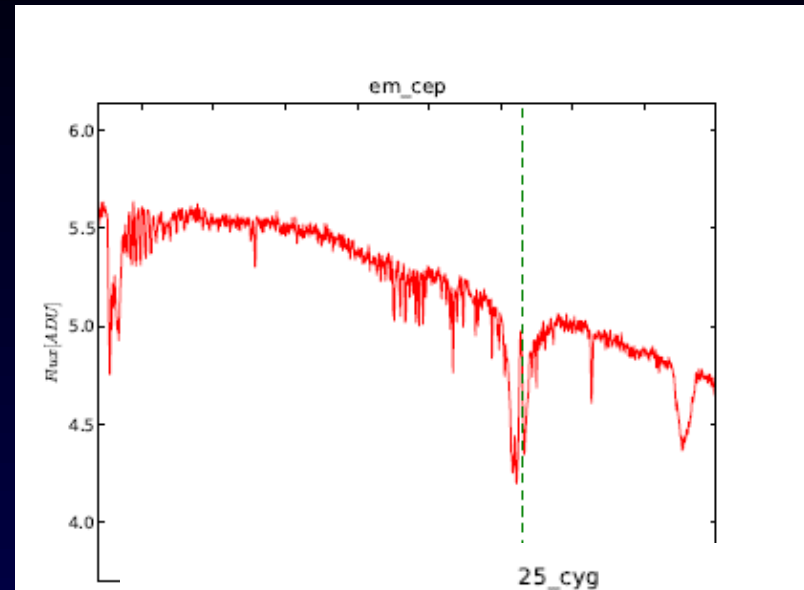
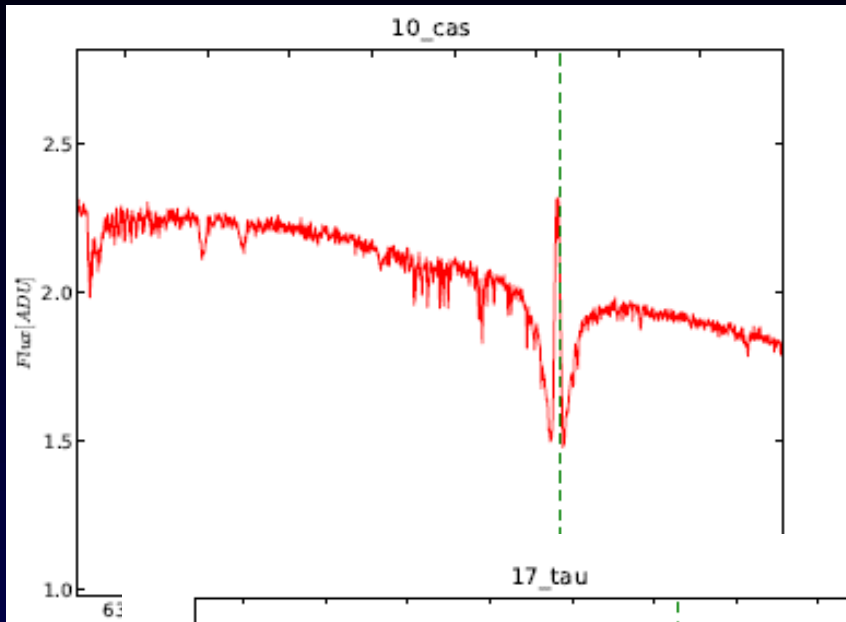
Slettebak 1988



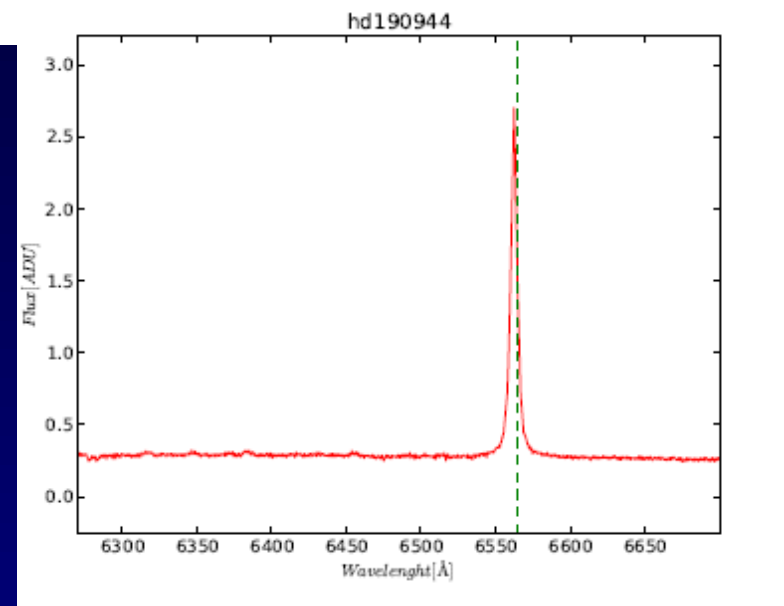
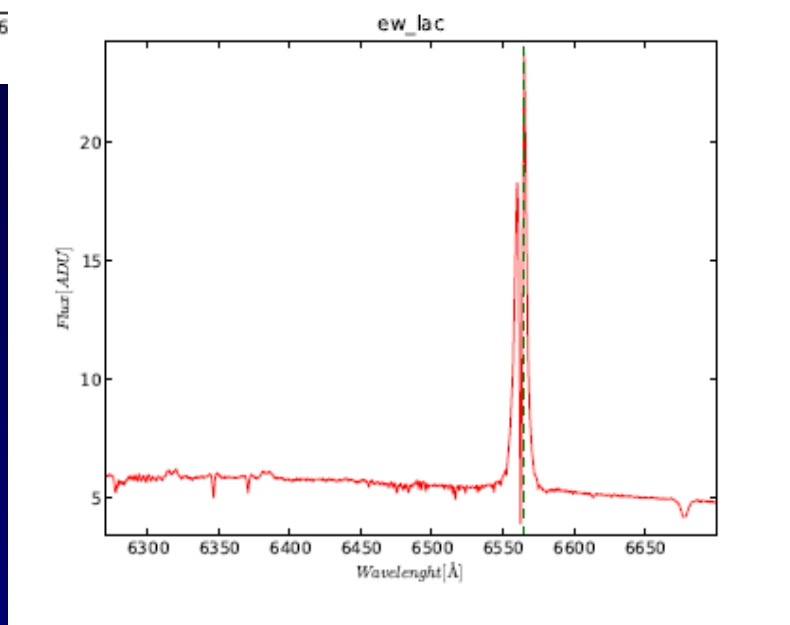
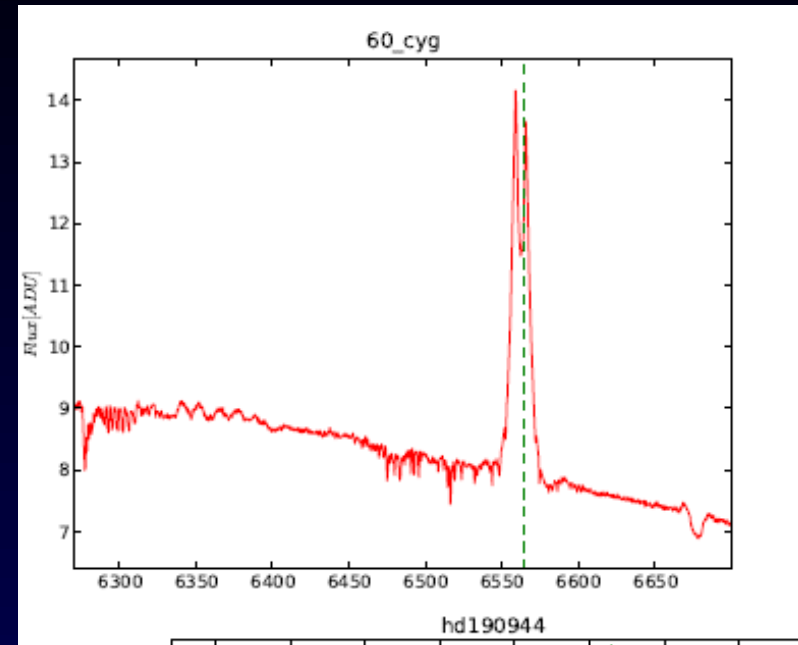
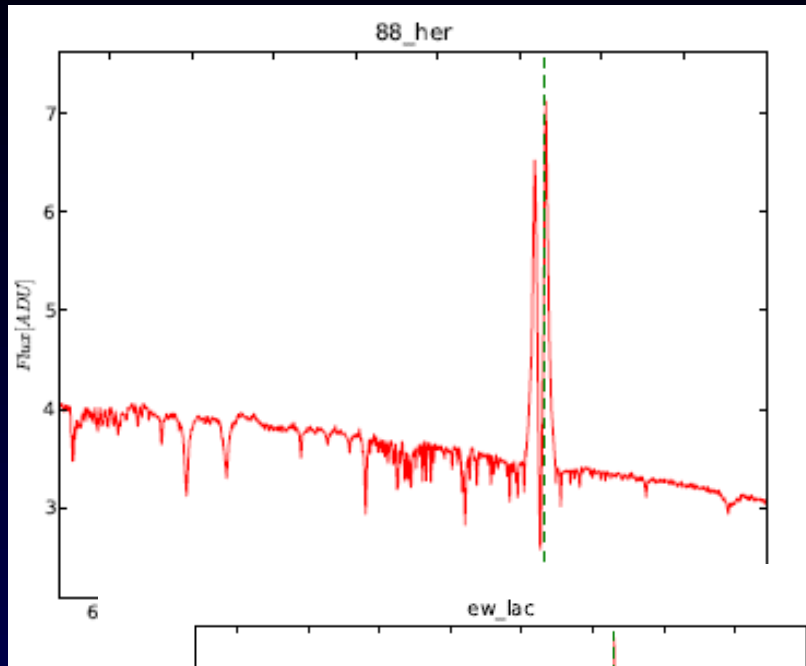
# Gamma Cas - 1<sup>st</sup> Be star



# Be Stars : Emission in absorption



# Be Stars : Shell lines vs. no absorption





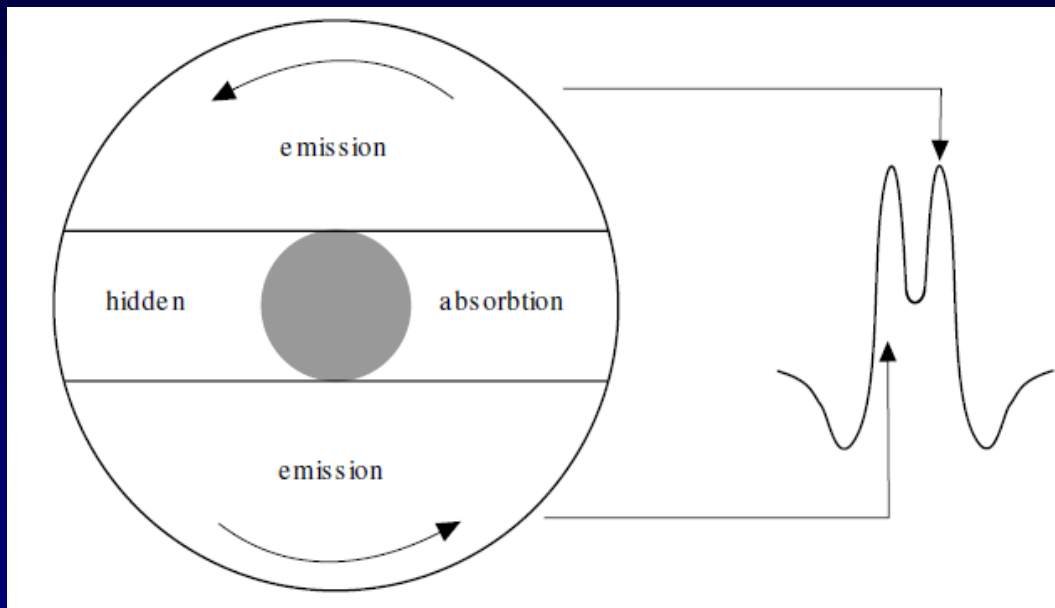
# Be Stars

Circumstellar disk – decretion/accretion ???

Density waves (one-arm – ratio of peaks)

Some binary (multiple) stars

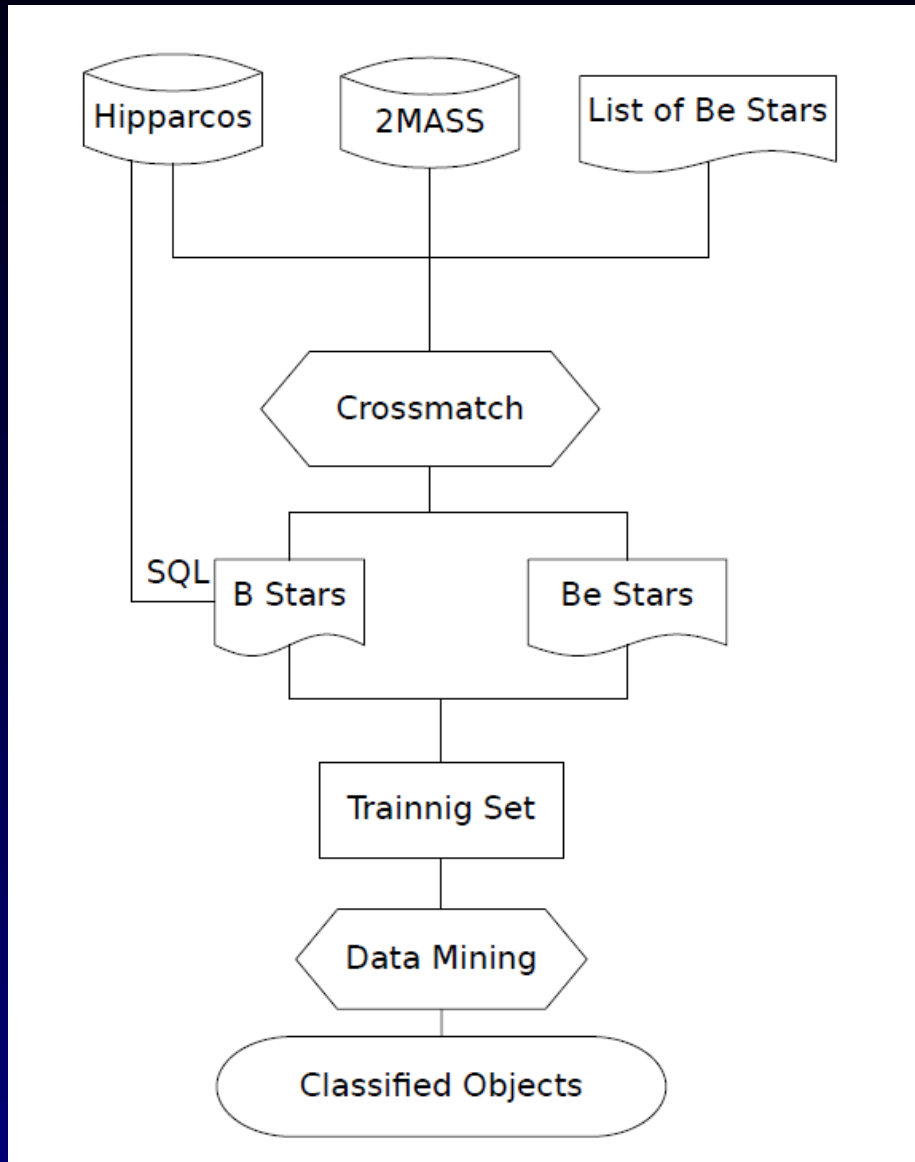
Pulsation components, DACs ...



Hirata & Kogure 1984

New models Siljaj 2010...

# Photometry Data Mining



List of 645 Be stars HIP#  
Selected from literature

But some have still indirect  
evidence (SED, IR ex)

Rest from HIP – Sptype B  
excluded the above –  
(overlap in classification)

ConeSearch in 2MASS

to get JHK -> color indices

J48 Weka (SVM similar)

# Be Stars Data Availability

BAD (especially spectra)

The known ones too bright for surveys

BeSS – mostly amateurs (but important!)

Still the Data Jealousy + non-VO archives

Problem with other colours (transformation)

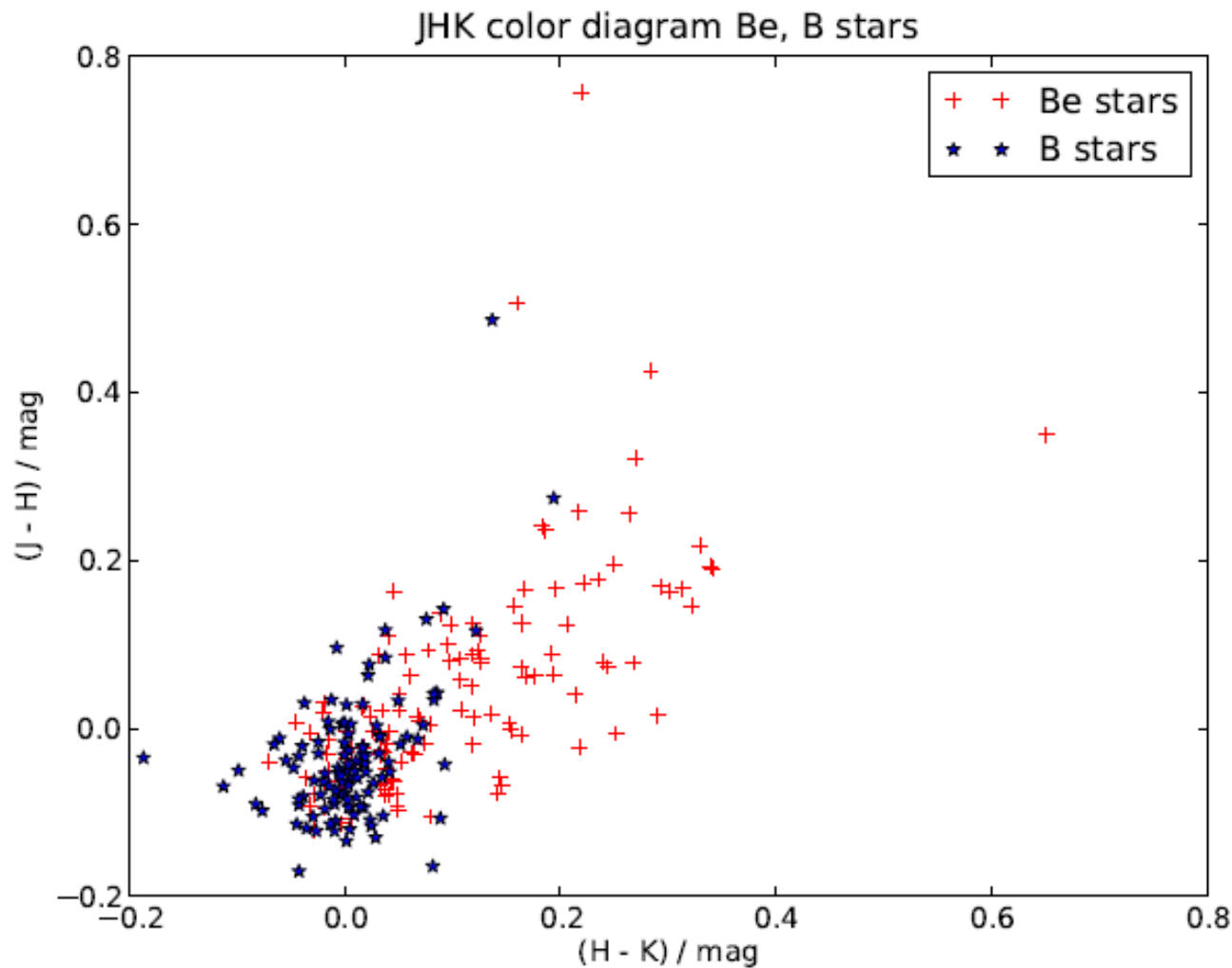
Different focus of surveys

IPHAS – failed (no bright stars)

Hipparcos + 2MASS

SEGUE in SDSS – galactic astronomy

# Be vs other B stars (645+407)



B	Be	<-- classified as
304	126	B
157	465	Be

Beware of 20%  
time evolution ?

Correctly Classified Instances	769	73.0989 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances	283	26.9011 %

# Photometry Errors

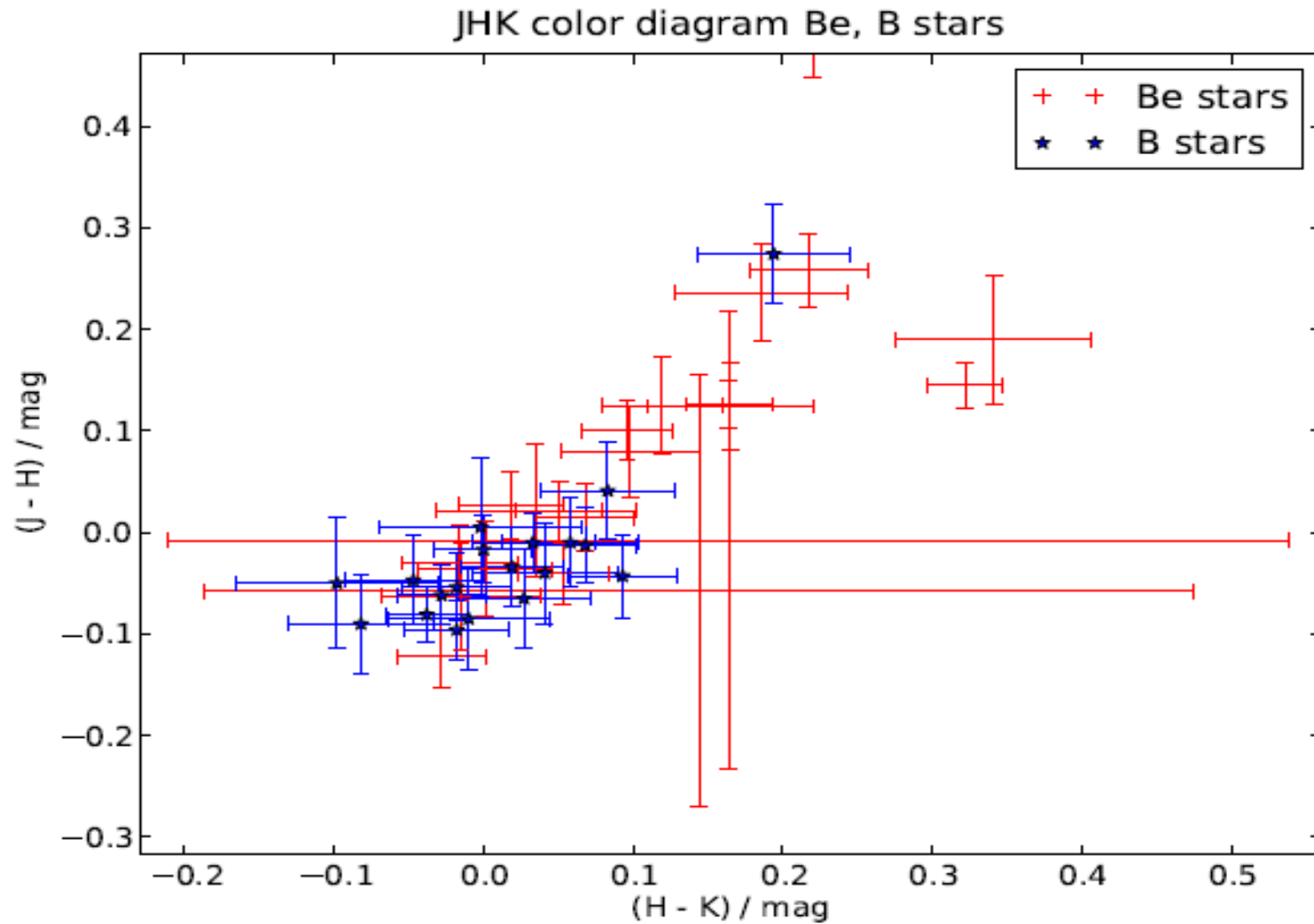
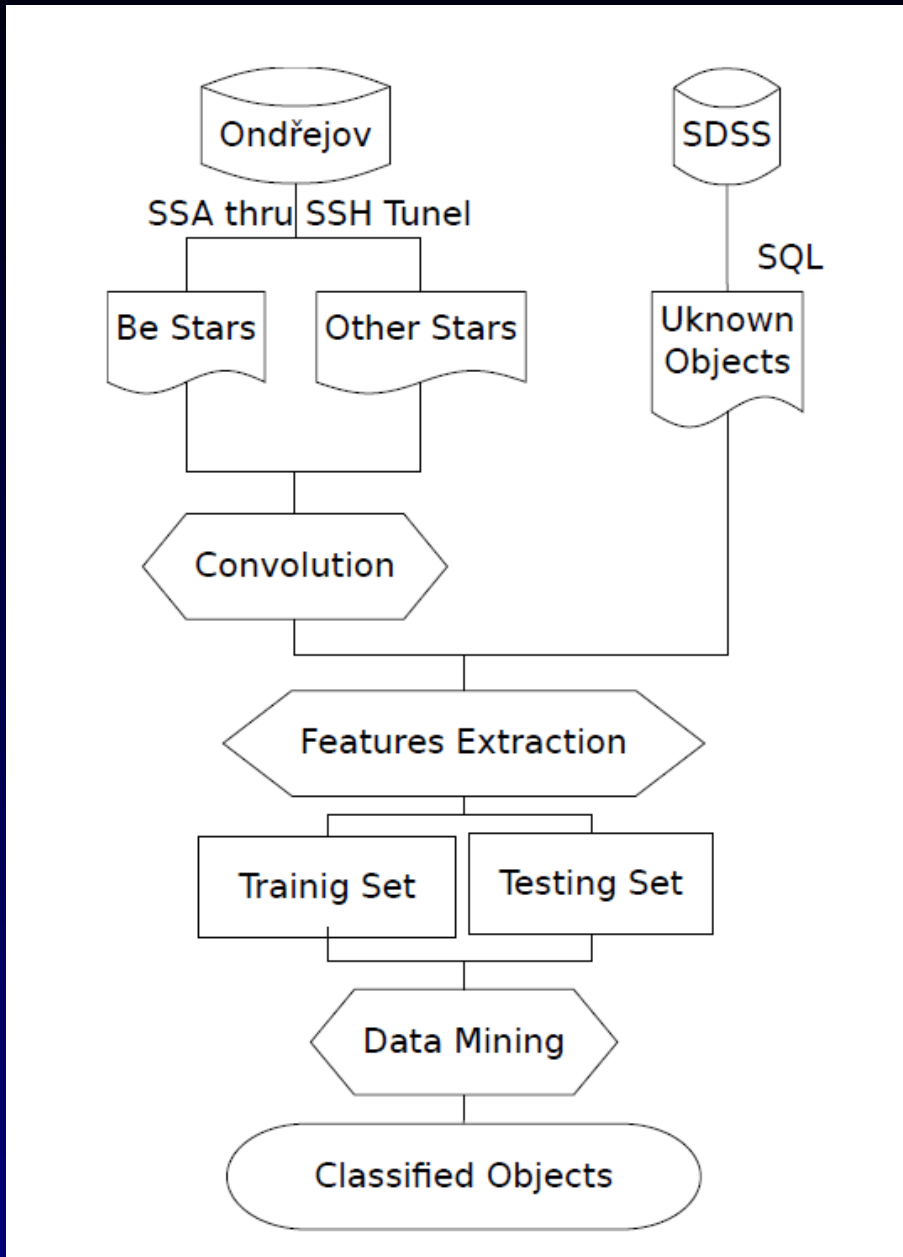


Figure 3.6: Color diagram of confirmed Be stars, B stars with errors

# Spectral Data Mining



List of Be HIP# 645

OND spectra : 20 yr of digital spectra, same setup, ~1 representant

OND coverage ~400A

cutout of SDSS to OND

Only Halfa 50 A

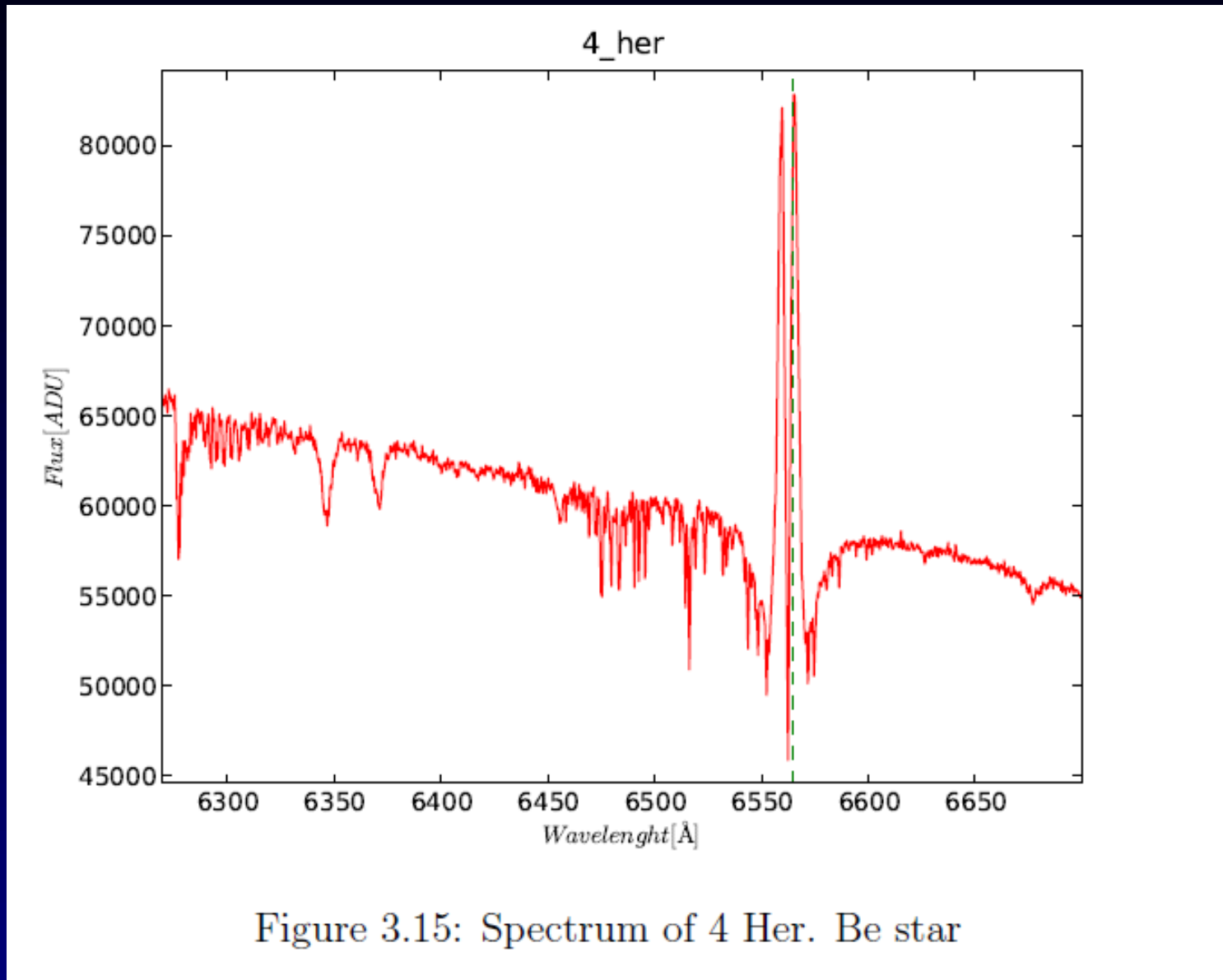
but more ranges

(SSA BAND)

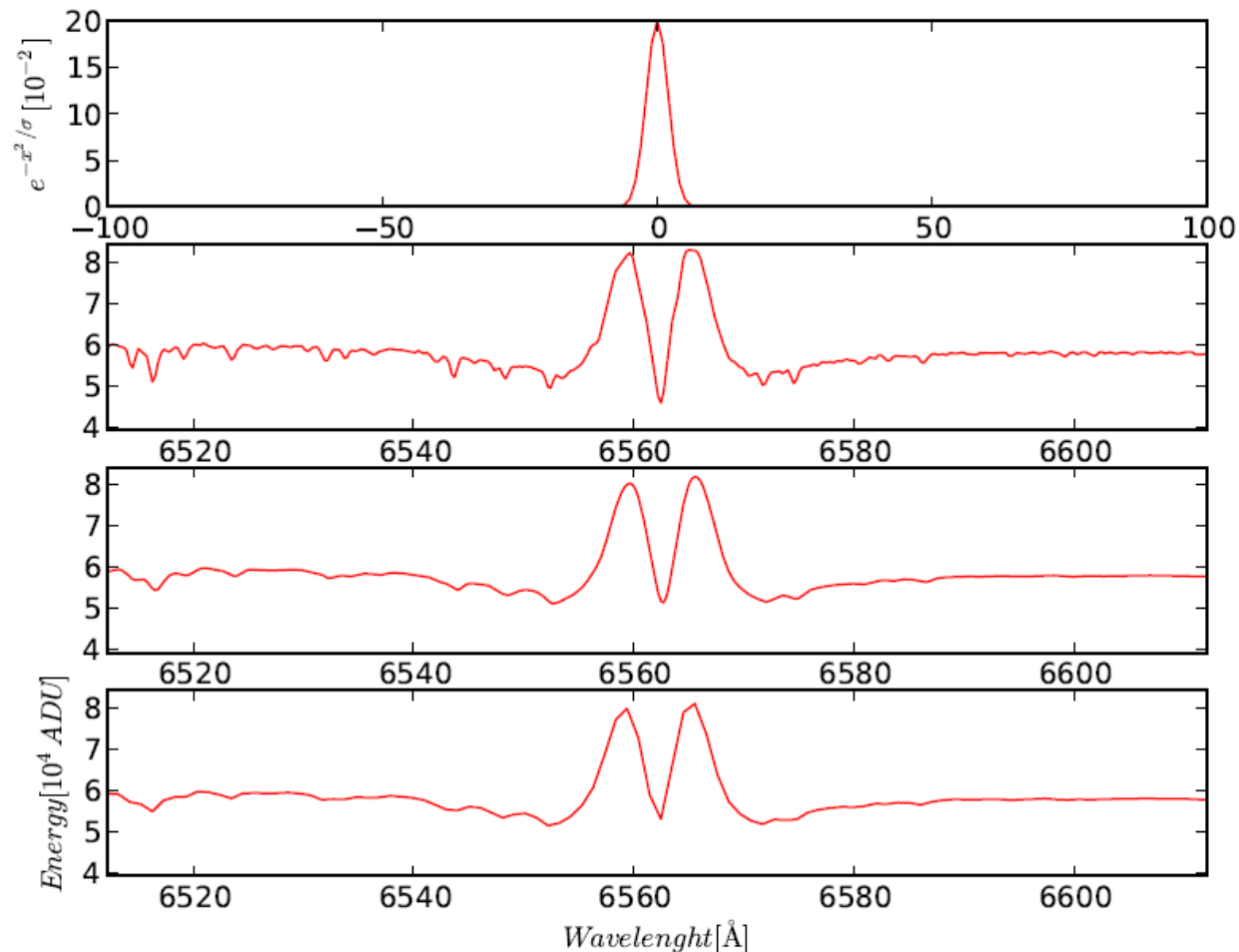
Continuum normalized

J48 in Weka (DT C45)

# Example of OND CCD700 camera



# Resolution degradation + binning



Diffent spectral resolution

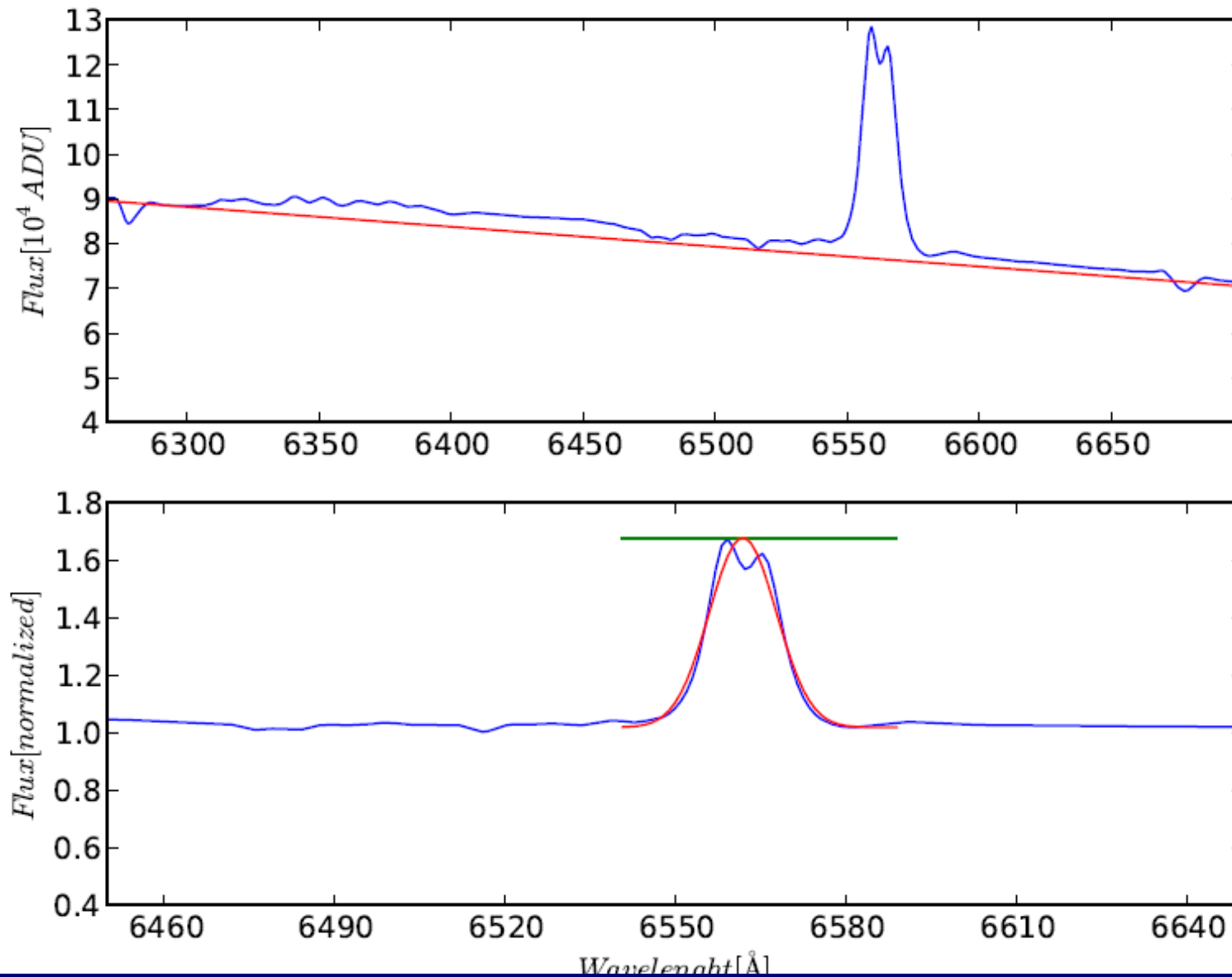
convolution of instrumental profile

binning  
~4 pix in 1

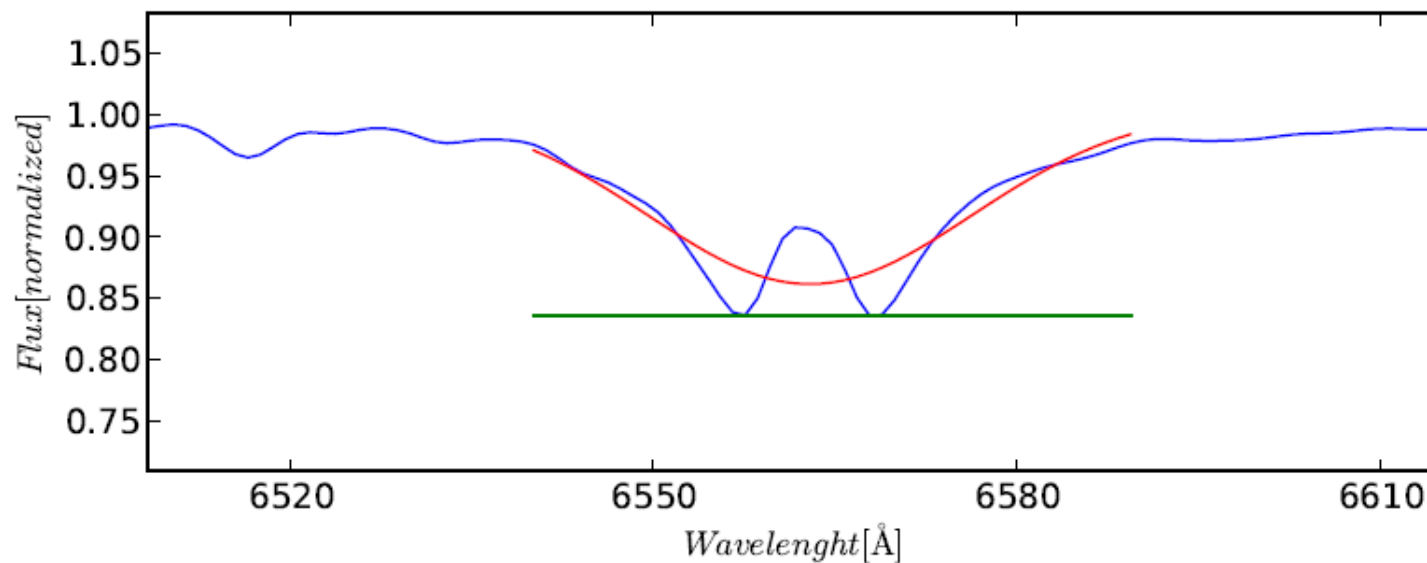
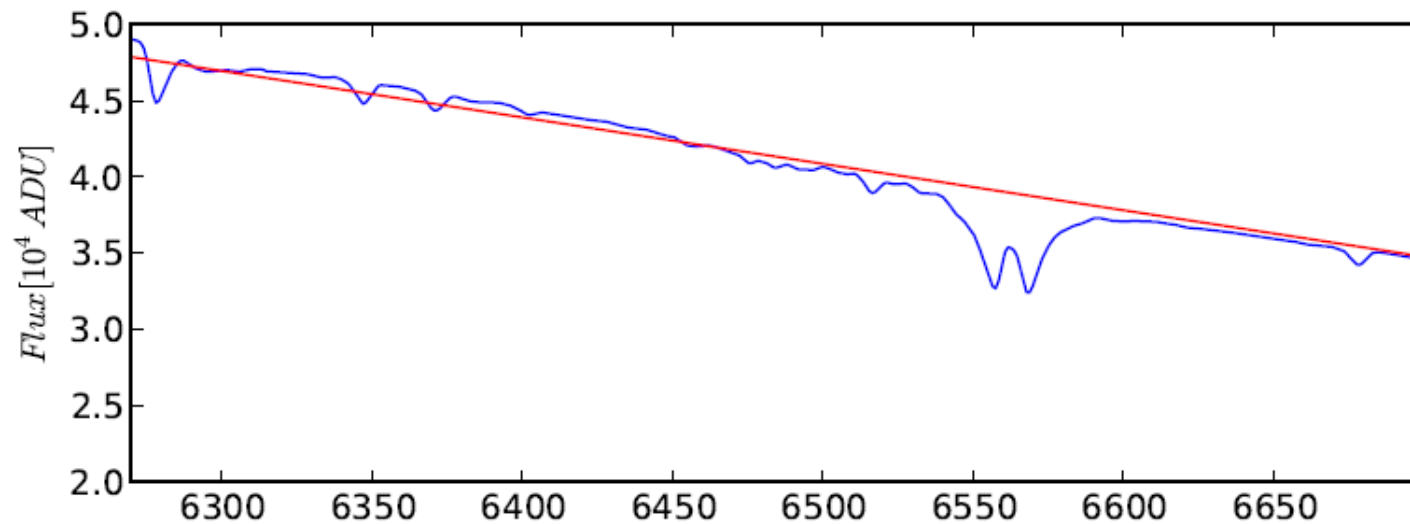
Figure 3.8: Reduction of spectral resolution of Ondřejov spectra of the Be star 4 Her. The top figure shows Gaussian function used for convolution with the spectrum, followed by the original spectrum then there is a spectrum after convolution with the Gaussian profile. The last is the final spectrum after binning



# Feature extraction (emission)



# Feature extraction (>>abs+em)



# Spectral Data Mining Results

=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances	145	83.815 %
Incorrectly Classified Instances	28	16.185 %
Kappa statistic	0.6529	
Mean absolute error	0.1849	
Root mean squared error	0.3652	
Relative absolute error	39.8819 %	
Root relative squared error	75.8919 %	
Total Number of Instances	173	

=== Confusion Matrix ===

```
Be Others <-- classified as
95 15 | Be
13 50 | Others
```

If intensity+width + robust SNR used

=== Confusion Matrix ===

```
Be      0 <-- classified as
102     6 | Be
35     40 | Others
```

If only intensity of emission used

# Be Star Candidate #1 in SEGUE

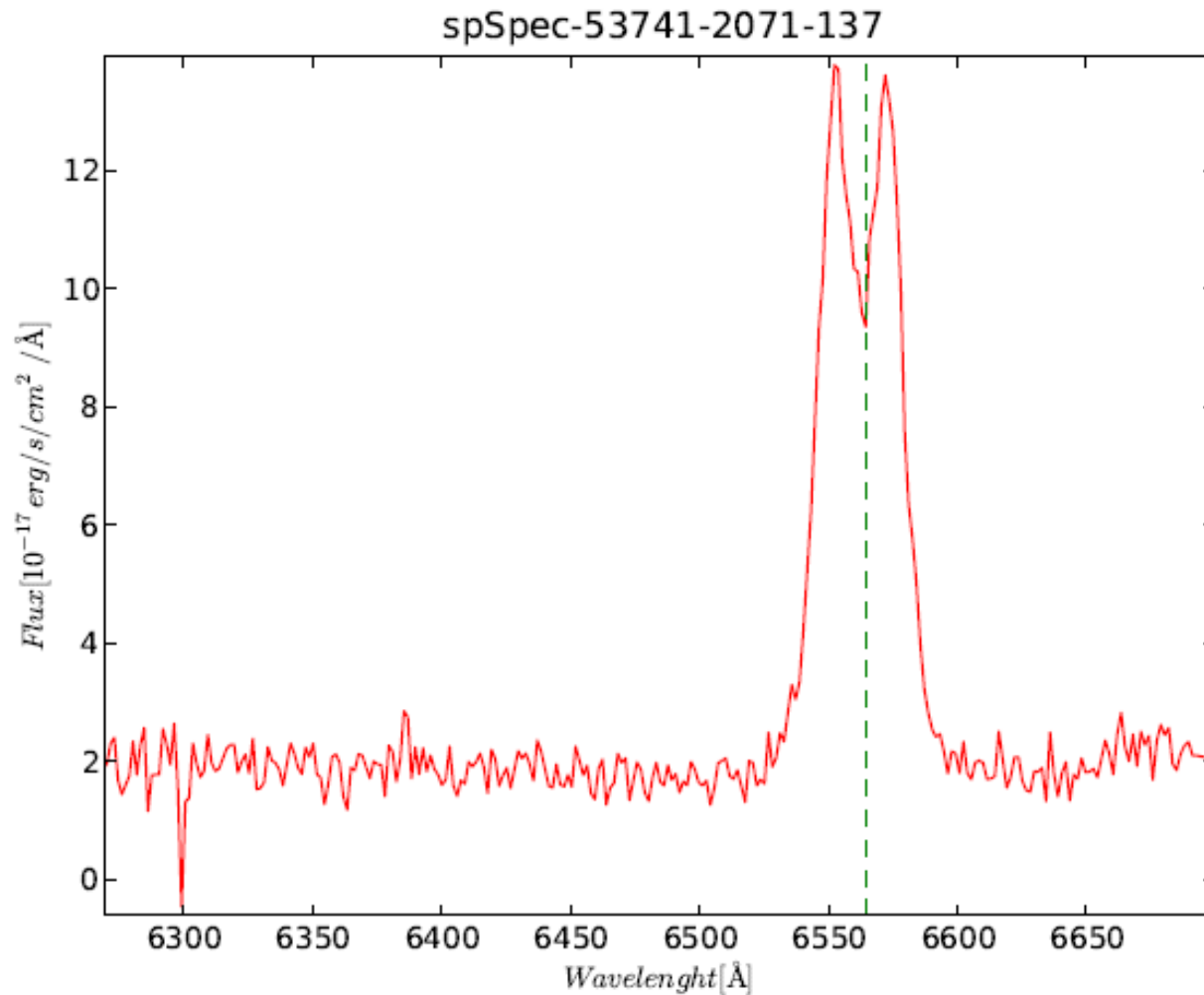
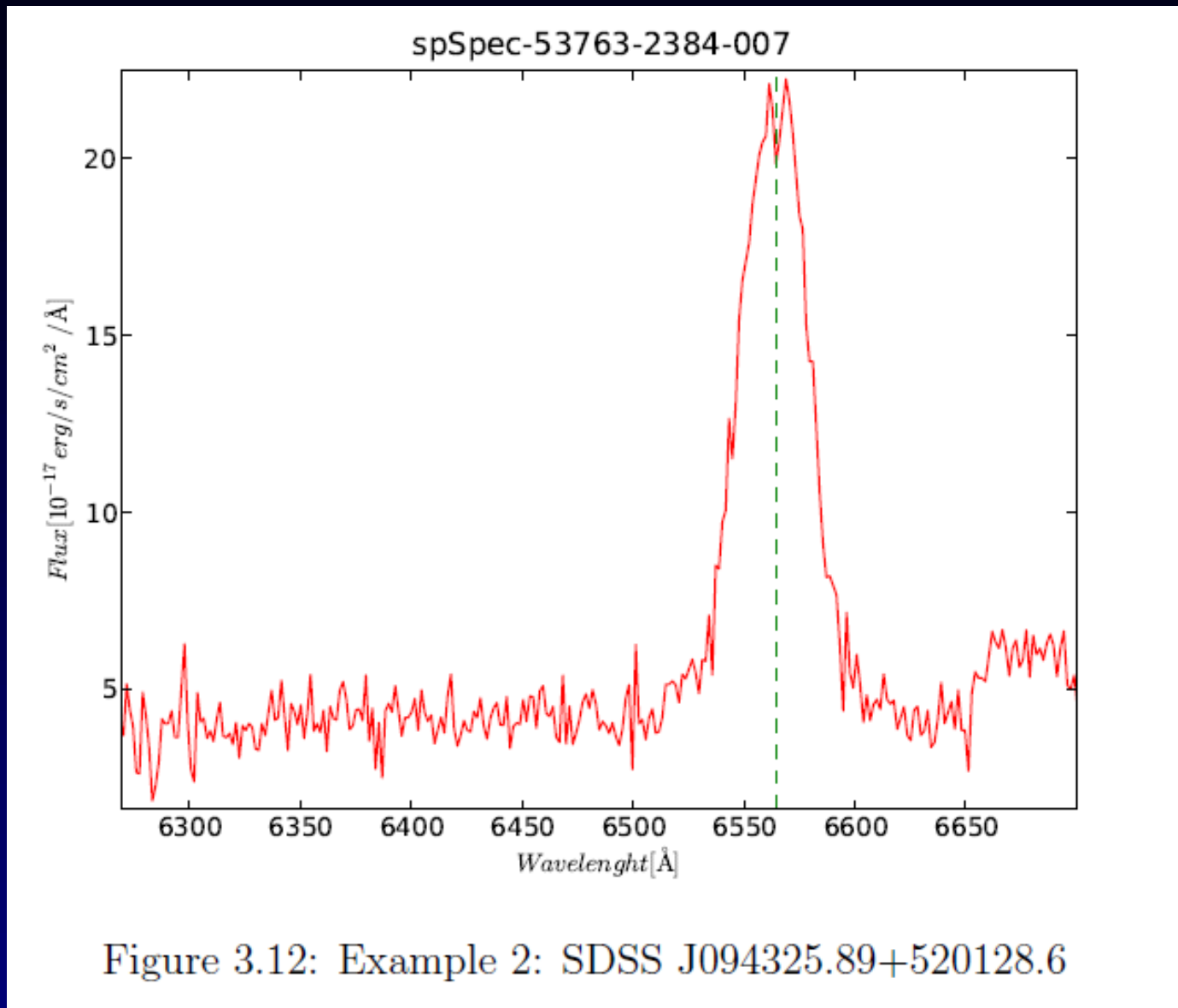
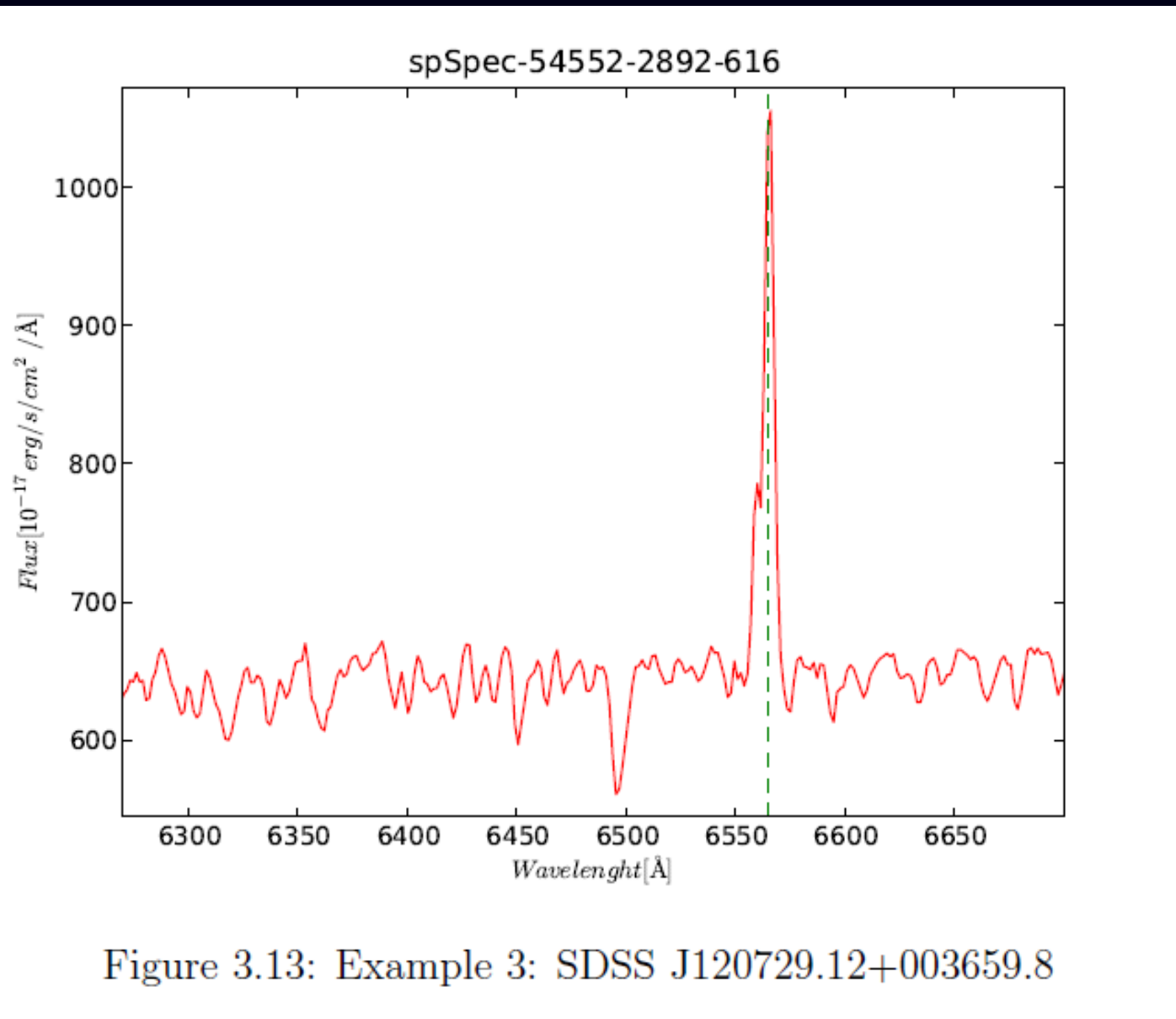


Figure 3.11: Example 1: SDSS J035747.16-063850.7

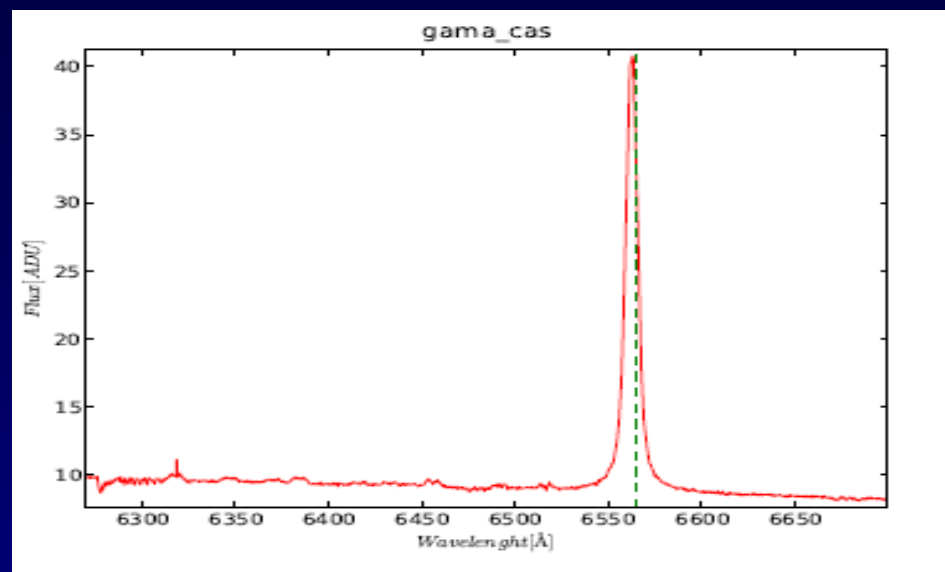
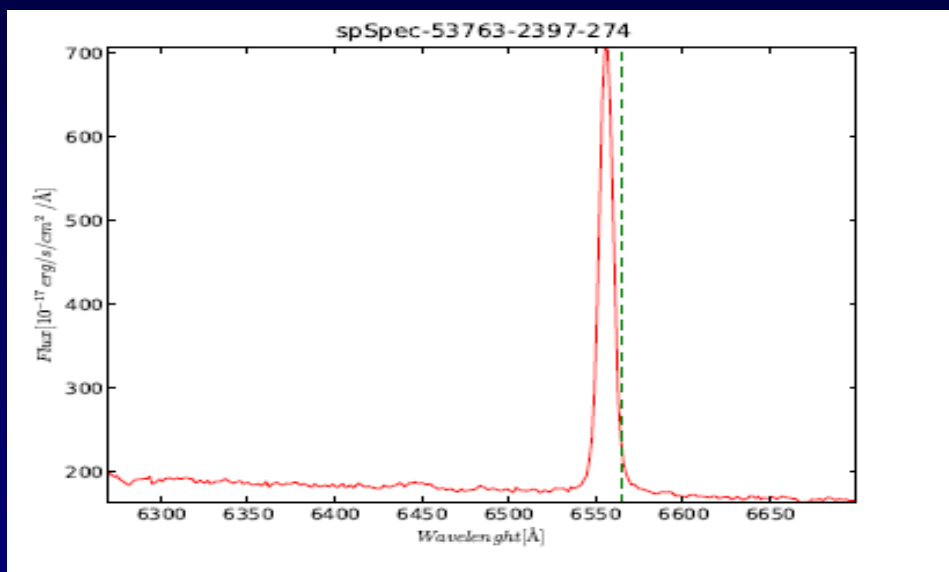
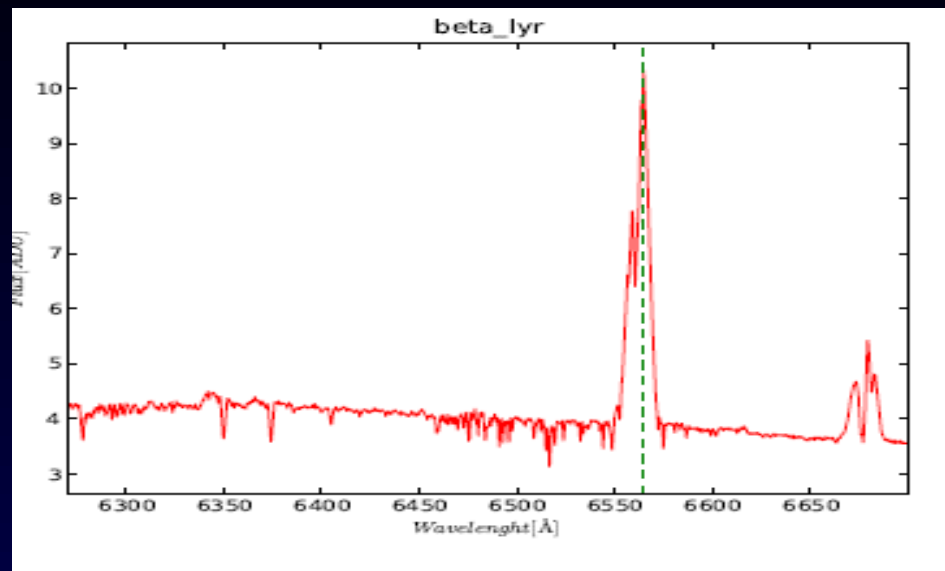
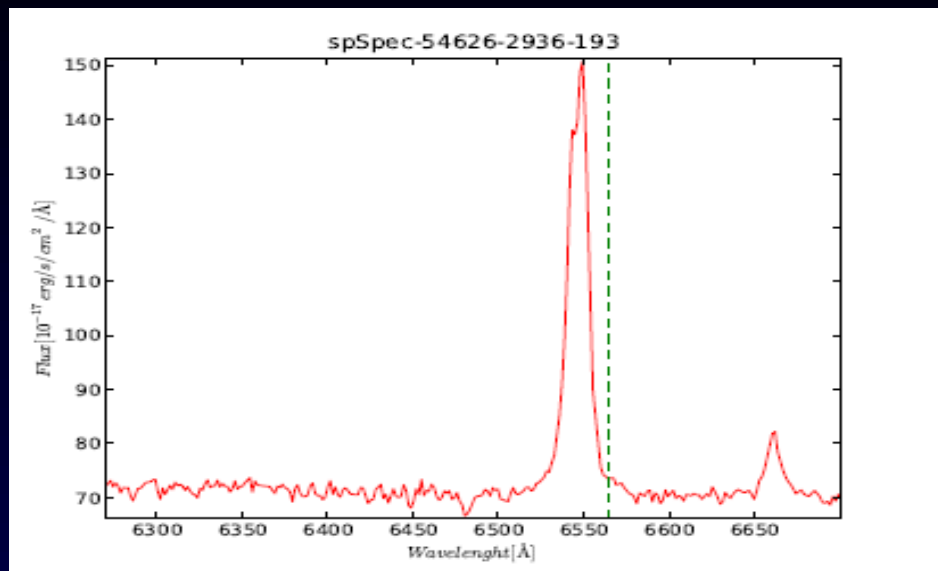
# Be Star Candidate #2 in SEGUE



# Be Star Candidate #3 in SEGUE



# Candidates - Similarity !



# Conclusions

Photometry not very convincing (more colours)

Verified candidates not in massive surveys !!!

VO discovery role

Spectral DM – support in VO standards needed

From 178314 SEGUE spectra 1110 identified as  
Be stars candidates (massive download of TB)

But lot of objects with emission,

Some probably novae or post-AGB phase

(e.g. V838 Mon – even more important !)

Ball lines at 6500 – see candidate #3



# Conclusions - Future Plans

TIME evolution – LC + spectrum together

Specific shapes - Wavelet coefficients - features

(quite new – feature extractions, licence plate recognition, pedestrian identification, human emotions, mental diseases in EEG, EKG, DNA features, not so far in astronomy)

The support in VO needed (SSA)

Spectrum range cutout ( BAND as service)

Continuum normalization (FLUXCALIB=normalized)

Resolution degradation (SRP service)

The Obscore use case 2.3 – (em. width of Ha > 2000)

VO mostly extragalactic support (stars = side effect)

# Conclusions - Future Plans

The support in VO needed (Photometry)

Work with time series as with spectra (SVO way)

Period – metadata + folding (Period04, FROG)

Plug-in algorithms – O-C trends, chaotic

SED + Photometry DM + Filters (who provides curve)

The Uptake Committe influence ??

in stellar astronomy very low

VO is not serious science, its extremely complicated way of storing data

hoping someone will use them one day