



VIRTUAL ASTRONOMICAL OBSERVATORY

# UTYPEs

## the art of moving objects around

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The VAO is operated by the VAO, LLC.

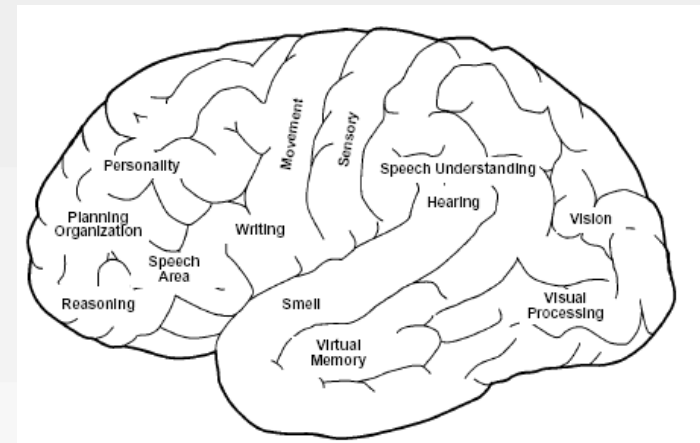


**“Where is the science here?”**



# “Where is science here?”

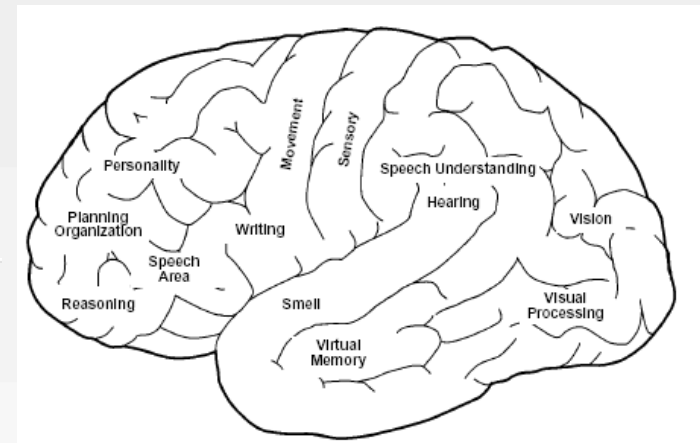
## Where is the General Relativity Theory here?



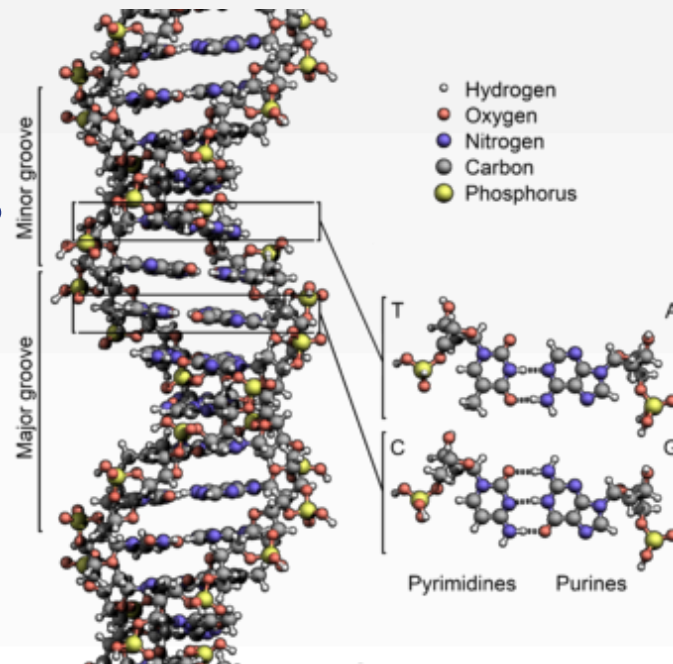


“Where is science here?”

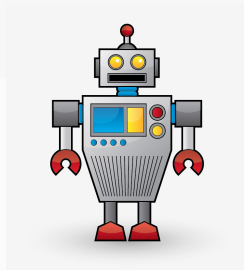
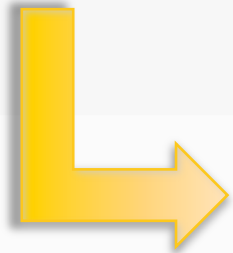
## Where is the General Relativity Theory here?



Or here?



# A relocation robot





# The Problem

- Problem:
  - Tag objects (and boxes?) with labels, so that a robot can (un)pack



## The Problem

- Problem:
  - **Tag objects (and boxes?) with labels, so that a robot can (un)pack**
- Some constraints:
  - You want to make sure that you can tell different clients' objects apart:
    - “This is Omar’s mug”; “This is Jesus’s mug”
  - You want to be able to query the inventory in the robot’s memory:
    - “How many rooms are there in Pat’s house?”
    - “Get the mug on the coffee table in Jesus’s Living room”
  - You want to minimize your effort: the same “algorithm” must work with all clients. You don’t want ad hoc solutions.
  - When the robots unpack, you want them to place objects exactly where they were.



## The solutions

- Problem:
  - Tag objects (and boxes?) with labels, so that a robot can (un)pack
- Solution 1:  
omar:Kitchen.Shelf.Mug  
jesus:LivingRoom.CoffeeTable.Mug  
...





## The solutions

- Problem:
  - Tag objects and boxes with labels, so that a robot can (un)pack

- Solution 1:

omar:Kitchen.Shelf.Mug

jesus:LivingRoom.CoffeeTable.Mug

...

- Solution 2:

Type = pottery:Mug

Role = omar:Shelf.mug (in omar:Kitchen box)

Role = jesus:CoffeeTable.mug (in jesus:LivingRoom box)

...



# Testing for Generality



## Testing for generality

- Problem: **Ask a robot to find a mug (“pottery:Mug”) in Pat’s house**



## Testing for generality

- Problem: **Ask a robot to find a mug (type="pottery:Mug") in Pat's house**
- Solution 1:  
`pat:DiningRoom.Table.Mug`
- Solution 2:  
**Type** = pottery:Mug  
**Role** = pat:Table.redMug (in pat:DiningRoom box)



## Testing for generality

- Problem: **Ask a robot to find a mug (type=“pottery:Mug”) in Pat’s house**

- Solution 1:

pat:DiningRoom.Table.Mug

**It works w/ a LabelScanner and a formal Grammar, a Vocabulary, a Parser.**



## Testing for generality

- Problem: **Ask a robot to find a mug (type=“pottery:Mug”) in Pat’s house**

- Solution 1:

pat:DiningRoom.Table.Mug

It works w/ a LabelScanner and a formal Grammar, a Vocabulary, a Parser.

- Solution 2:

Type = pottery:Mug

Role = pat:Table.redMug (in pat:DiningRoom box)

It works with a LabelScanner and a string equality check.



## Testing for generality

- Problem: **Ask a robot to find a mug (type="abc:def") in Pat's house**

- Solution 1:

wre:rt45wh.2wdf5t.prtg4

**It works w/ a LabelScanner and a formal Grammar, a Vocabulary, a Parser.**

- Solution 2:

**Type** = abc:def

**Role** = wre:2wdf5t.qazwsx (in wre:rt45wh box)

**It works with a LabelScanner and a string equality check.**



# Let's finally go back to Astronomy





## Let's compare the two solutions

- Problem: Find the SDSS.g magnitude:

### “path utypes”

```
<GROUP>
```

```
  <FIELDref utype="phot:Catalog.PhotometryPoint.Value" ref="refField1"/>
```

```
  <FIELDref utype="phot:Catalog.PhotometryPoint.Filter" ref="refGroup1"/>
```

```
</GROUP>
```

### “type&role utypes”

```
<GROUP utype="sdss+2mass:Catalog.sdssG">
```

```
  <PARAM utype="Instance.type" value="phot:PhotometryPoint"/>
```

```
  <FIELDref utype="phot:PhotometryPoint.value" ref="refField1"/>
```

```
  <GROUP utype="phot:PhotometryPoint.filter" ref="refGroup1"/>
```

```
</GROUP>
```



**Still too abstract, right?**  
**Let's see what happens in practice**



## Finding mugs, in practice

A Python library can read a VOTable according to the two specs:

```
>> votable = volib.read("sdss_2mass_xmatch.vot")
```



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A Python library can read a VOTable according to the two specs:

```
>> votable = volib.read("sdss_2mass_xmatch.vot")
```

Solution 1 ("path" utypes):

```
>> g_array = list()
```

```
>> for group in votable.get_groups(): // let's assume there are Groups
    filter = group.get_by_ctype("phot:Catalog.PhotometryPoint.Filter")
    if filter.name == "sdssG": // let's assume this is standardized
        for row in votable.get_rows():
            g = PhotometryPoint()
            g.value = row.get_by_ctype("phot:Catalog.PhotometryPoint.Value")
            g.error = row.get_by_ctype("phot:Catalog.PhotometryPoint.Error")
            g_array.append(g)
```



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        for row in votable.get_rows():
            g = PhotometryPoint()
            g.value = row.get_by_ctype("phot:Catalog.PhotometryPoint.Value")
            g.error = row.get_by_ctype("phot:Catalog.PhotometryPoint.Error")
            g_array.append(g)
```

Solution 2 ("role+type" utypes + **VO-DML + mapping spec**):

```
>> g_array = votable.sdss_2mass.catalog.sdss_g
```



## Finding mugs, in practice

Get all photometry points in a file

```
>> votable = volib.read("sdss_2mass_xmatch.vot")
```

Solution 1 ("path" utypes):

You can't, unless you parse utypes (e.g. `phot:Catalog.PhotometryPoint.*`)

Solution 2 ("role+type" utypes + **VO-DML + mapping spec**):


```
>> points = votable.get_objects("phot:PhotometryPoint")
```



# Why VO-DML is the “smart” robot

This utype points to the “sdss\_g” attribute of the “Catalog” type  
Python: `sdss_2mass.catalog.sdss_g`

```
<GROUP utype="sdss+2mass:Catalog.sdssG">  
  <PARAM utype="Instance.type" value="phot:PhotometryPoint"/>  
  <FIELDref utype="phot:PhotometryPoint.value" ref="refField1"/>  
  <GROUP utype="phot:PhotometryPoint.filter" ref="refGroup1"/>  
</GROUP>
```

A blue arrow originates from the text `sdss_g` in the Python path above and points down to the `sdssG` part of the `utype` attribute in the XML code block below.



# Why VO-DML is the “smart” robot

This utype points to the “sdss\_g” attribute of the “Catalog” type  
 Python: `sdss_2mass.catalog.sdss_g`

The `sdss_g` attribute is a  
 PhotometryPoint type

```
<GROUP utype="sdss+2mass:Catalog.sdssG">
  <PARAM utype="Instance.type" value="phot:PhotometryPoint"/>
  <FIELDref utype="phot:PhotometryPoint.value" ref="refField1"/>
  <GROUP utype="phot:PhotometryPoint.filter" ref="refGroup1"/>
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```





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<GROUP utype="sdss+2mass:Catalog.sdssG">
  <PARAM utype="Instance.type" value="phot:PhotometryPoint"/>
  <FIELDref utype="phot:PhotometryPoint.value" ref="refField1"/>
  <GROUP utype="phot:PhotometryPoint.filter" ref="refGroup1"/>
</GROUP>
```

This utype points to the “value” attribute of  
 the “PhotometryPoint” type

Python: `sdss_2mass.catalog.sdss_g.value`



# Why VO-DML is the “smart” robot

This utype points to the “sdss\_g” attribute of the “Catalog” type  
 Python: `sdss_2mass.catalog.sdss_g`

The `sdss_g` attribute is a  
 PhotometryPoint type

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<GROUP utype="sdss+2mass:Catalog.sdssG">
  <PARAM utype="Instance.type" value="phot:PhotometryPoint"/>
  <FIELDref utype="phot:PhotometryPoint.value" ref="refField1"/>
  <GROUP utype="phot:PhotometryPoint.filter" ref="refGroup1"/>
</GROUP>
```

This utype points to the “filter” attribute of  
 the “PhotometryPoint” type  
 Python: `sdss_2mass.catalog.sdss_g.filter`

This utype points to the “value” attribute of  
 the “PhotometryPoint” type  
 Python: `sdss_2mass.catalog.sdss_g.value`



# UTYPEs are mere pointers

This utype points to the “sdss\_g” attribute of the “Catalog” type  
 Python: `sdss_2mass.catalog.sdss_g`

The `sdss_g` attribute is a  
 PhotometryPoint type

```
<GROUP utype="sdss+2mass:er$3qer$^sa">
  <PARAM utype="Instance.type" value="phot:04cg^5$sdr"/>
  <FIELDref utype="phot:vf5$6&88*dsa@" ref="refField1"/>
  <GROUP utype="phot:axdf54rt^!wdrg987" ref="refGroup1"/>
</GROUP>
```

This utype points to the “filter” attribute of  
 the “PhotometryPoint” type  
 Python: `sdss_2mass.catalog.sdss_g.filter`

This utype points to the “value” attribute of  
 the “PhotometryPoint” type  
 Python: `sdss_2mass.catalog.sdss_g.value`



## Meanwhile, in a Spectral Energy Distribution...



# Sanity Check

## • Meanwhile, in a Spectral Energy Distribution...

### Solution 1 (“path” utypes)

```
<FIELD utype=“sed:Sed.PhotometryPoint.Value”/>
```

```
<FIELD utype=“sed:Sed.PhotometryPoint.Filter”/>
```

### Solution 2 (“type&role” utypes)

```
<GROUP utype=“sed:Sed.photometryPoint”>
```

```
  <PARAM utype=“instance.type” value=“phot:PhotometryPoint”/>
```

```
  <FIELDref utype=“phot:PhotometryPoint.value” ref=“refField1”/>
```

```
  <GROUP utype=“phot:PhotometryPoint.filter” ref=“refGroup1”/>
```

```
</GROUP>
```



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Solution 1 (“path” utypes)

```
<FIELD utype="sed:Sed.PhotometryPoint.Value"/>
```

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Solution 2 (“type&role” utypes)

```
<GROUP utype="sed:Sed.photometryPoint">
```

```
<PARAM utype="Instance.type" value="phot:PhotometryPoint"/>
```

```
<FIELDref utype="phot:PhotometryPoint.value" ref="refField1"/>
```

```
<GROUP utype="phot:PhotometryPoint.filter" ref="refGroup1"/>
```

```
</GROUP>
```

Remember the photometry point in a catalog? (i.e. in a different box)



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<FIELD utype="sed:Sed.PhotometryPoint.Value"/>
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```
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```

```
<GROUP utype="phot:PhotometryPoint.filter" ref="refGroup1"/>
```

```
</GROUP>
```

Remember the photometry point in a catalog? (i.e. in a different box)

```
<GROUP utype="sdss+2mass:Catalog.sdssG">
```

```
<PARAM utype="Instance.type" value="phot:PhotometryPoint"/>
```

```
<FIELDref utype="phot:PhotometryPoint.value" ref="refField1"/>
```

```
<GROUP utype="phot:PhotometryPoint.filter" ref="refGroup1"/>
```

```
</GROUP>
```



## Sanity Check

### • Meanwhile, in a Spectral Energy Distribution...

Solution 1 (“path” utypes)

```
<FIELD utype="sed:Sed.PhotometryPoint.Value"/>
<FIELD utype="sed:Sed.PhotometryPoint.Filter"/>
```

Solution 2 (“type&role” utypes)

```
<GROUP utype="sed:Sed.photometryPoint">
  <PARAM utype="Instance.type" value="phot:PhotometryPoint"/>
  <FIELDref utype="phot:PhotometryPoint.value" ref="refField1"/>
  <GROUP utype="phot:PhotometryPoint.filter" ref="refGroup1"/>
</GROUP>
```

Extract all photometry points with the python generic, not ad hoc, library:

“path utypes”

You can’t unless you parse the utypes

“type+role” utypes

```
>> points = votable.get_objects("phot:PhotometryPoint")
```





**“I am concerned about backward compatibility”**



# Plenty of Room

## Mappings not specified allow custom/legacy usage

- FIELDS.
- Standalone PARAMs.
- GROUPs with @utype of undeclared prefix.
- TABLE, RESOURCE

## Transition

- No changes required in current stds, protocols.
- If Data Providers want to upgrade, they can **add** metadata, not change the current metadata.
- Services prototyped against WDs can simply **add** metadata.

## New, complex Data Models can benefit

- Data nCubes and their projections/combinations: TimeSeries, SED, Spectral, Photometry



**“Can we remove the boundaries between  
image, spectrum, SED, cube?”**



## We Must! The new UTYPEs proposal can help

- The needed building blocks are few
- Don't reinvent the wheel:
  - `spec:Segment.Char.SpectralAxis.Accuracy.StatErr`
  - `spec:Segment.Data.SpectralAxis.Accuracy.StatErr`
  - `spec:Segment.Char.FluxAxis.Accuracy.StatErr`
  - `char:SpectralAxis.Accuracy.StatErr`
  - ...on and on and on and on...
  - Why don't we just put a `char:Accuracy.StatErr` in every box it is needed?
- If a Data Cube is described by the ImageDM, what is the Data Model describing a projection of the cube? What about Planetary science?



We Must! The new UTYPES proposal can help

So, we **must** reuse Models consistently!



**“Tools cannot do everything!!!!”**



## That's why we suggest a strict specification

- Right now clients do not know what to expect
- Thousands of UTYPEs and counting (often pointing to same concept)
- Where to look for a unit (ucd, value) string?
  - UTYPE.unit
  - FIELDref unit
  - FIELD unit
- How to refer to other objects?
- The UTYPEs proposal defines the mapping patterns



**“I cannot represent STC using the new  
UTYPEs”**





# STC serialization

```

<GROUP utype="vo-dml:Instance.root">
  <PARAM utype="vo-dml:Instance.type" value="stc:AstroCoords"/>
  <PARAM utype="stc:AstroCoords.coord_system_id" value="UTC-ICRS-TOPO" />
  <GROUP utype="stc:AstroCoords.position2D">
    <PARAM utype="vo-dml:Instance.type" value="stc:AstroCoords.Position2D">
      <GROUP utype="stc:Position2D.value2">
        <PARAM utype="vo-dml:Instance.type" value="stc:Value2D"/>
        <FIELDref utype="stc:Value2.C1" ref="col1"/>
        <FIELDref utype="stc:Value2.C2" ref="col2"/>
      </GROUP>
    </GROUP>
  </GROUP>
</GROUP>

<AstroCoords coord_system_id="UTC-ICRS-TOPO">
  <Position2D unit="deg">
    <Value2 id="Center">
      <C1>148.88821</C1>
      <C2>69.06529</C2>
    </Value2>
  </Position2D>
</AstroCoords>

```



**“Back in 2009 I asked some questions about UTYPEs: I am glad to finally see a consistent answer to most of them, but do you spell it Utype, UTYPE, Utype, or utype?!”**



Thank you!



“Let’s not reinvent the wheel, please”